

Outline

■ Relativistic Kinematics

- ▶ (4-momentum)² invariance, invariant mass
- ▶ Hypothesis testing, production thresholds
- ▶ Cross-sections, flux and luminosity, accelerators
- ▶ Particle lifetime, decay length, width

■ Classification of particles

- ▶ Fermions and bosons
- ▶ Leptons, hadrons, quarks
- ▶ Mesons, baryons

■ Quark Model

- ▶ Meson and baryon multiplets
- ▶ Isospin, strangeness, c, b, t quarks

■ Particle Interactions

- ▶ Colour charge, QCD, gluons, fragmentation, running couplings
- ▶ Strong and weak decays, conservation rules
- ▶ Virtual particles and range of forces
- ▶ Parity, charge conjugation, CP
- ▶ Weak decays of quarks
- ▶ Charmonium and upsilon systems

■ Electroweak Interactions

- ▶ Charged and neutral currents
- ▶ W, Z, LEP experiments
- ▶ Higgs and the future

■ LHC Experiments

■ Future - introduction to accelerator physics

Today

- [Lecture 19 \(4 slides/page\)](#) Electroweak interaction
 -

Previous
lecture

- [Lecture 18 \(4 slides/page\)](#) - Parity violation in weak interaction, helicity
 - Williams, pp. 305-310; see also Lecture 17 textbook references.
 - Halzen and Martin. p. 254
 - C.S. Wu, E. Ambler, R.W. Hayward, D.D. Hoppes, R.P. Hudson, "Experimental Test of Parity Conservation in Beta Decay", [Phys. Rev. 105, 1413 \(1957\)](#).

Helicity for massive fermions

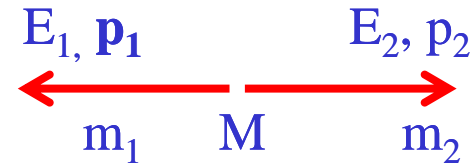
- W couples preferentially to LH fermions (RH anti-fermions)

$$\frac{W - RH \text{ fermion}}{W - LH \text{ fermion}} = \left(\frac{m_{\text{fermion}}}{E_{\text{fermion}}} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{\gamma_{\text{fermion}}^2}$$

- "Wrong" helicity states strongly suppressed
- Suppression greater for lighter fermions (of a given energy)
- Example: charged pion decay

Calculation of helicity suppression

- π^+ decays to particles 1, 2



- $E_1 + E_2 = M$

- $|p_1| = |p_2|$

- Use $E^2 = p^2 + m^2$, solve for E_1 , find

▶ $E_1 = (M^2 + m_1^2 - m_2^2) / 2M$

- Consider particle 1 as either μ^+ or e^+ , particle 2 as ν_μ, ν_e

- Masses (MeV/c^2) : $\pi^+ = 139.6, \mu^+ = 105.7, e^+ = 0.511$

Particle 1	Energy (MeV)	Lorentz γ
μ	109.8	1.039
e	69.8	139.6

- Relative suppression = $(\gamma_\mu / \gamma_e)^2 = 18000$ (expt. $\sim 10^{-4}$, prediction agrees with experiment when phase space factors are included).

Weak Interaction

- Universal: acts on **all** quarks and **all** leptons
- Characterised by **long lifetimes** and **small cross-sections**
- At low energies, WI overwhelmed by SI and EM
 - ▶ Can be observed when SI and EM forbidden, or by very precise measurements
- Often involve neutrinos, e.g. $n \rightarrow pe^- \bar{\nu}_e$
- Charged current WI change quark flavour
 - ▶ Observed **change in hadron flavour** $D^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^+$
 $(c\bar{d}) \rightarrow (s\bar{d})(u\bar{d})$
- Can **violate parity** and **charge conjugation invariance**
 - ▶ At much lower level, also violates T and the combined symmetry of CP