

## Scientific Advisory Committee

Guido Altarelli (Rome)  
Sergio Bertolucci (CERN)  
Stan Brodsky (SLAC)  
Allen Caldwell -chair (MPI Munich)  
Swapan Chattopadhyay (Cockcroft)  
John Dainton (Liverpool)  
John Ellis (CERN)  
Jos Engelen (CERN)  
Joel Feltesse (Saclay)  
Lev Lipatov (St.Petersburg)  
Roland Garoby (CERN)  
Roland Horisberger (PSI)  
Young-Kee Kim (Fermilab)  
Aharon Levy (Tel Aviv)  
Karlheinz Meier (Heidelberg, ECFA)  
Richard Milner (Bates)  
Joachim Mnich (DESY)  
Steven Myers, (CERN)  
Guenter Rosner (Glasgow, NuPECC)  
Alexander Skrinsky (Novosibirsk)  
Anthony Thomas (Jlab)  
Steven Vigdor (BNL)  
Frank Wilczek (MIT)  
Ferdinand Willeke (BNL)

## Steering Committee

Oliver Bruening (CERN)  
John Dainton (Cockcroft)  
Albert DeRoek (CERN)  
Stefano Forte (Milano)  
Max Klein - chair (Liverpool)  
Paul Newman (Birmingham)  
Emmanuelle Perez (CERN)  
Wesley Smith (Wisconsin)  
Bernd Surrow (MIT)  
Katsu Tokushuku (KEK)  
Urs Wiedemann (CERN)

# The Large Hadron Electron Collider Project

Max Klein, University of Liverpool

Future of DIS. Panel. Madrid 30.4.2009 -DIS09

2005: LHeC: \* DIS, Madison  
2006:  $10^{33} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ : 2006 JINST **1** 10001  
2007 CERN Council and [r]ECFA  
2008 Divonne I, NuPECC, ICFA, ECFA  
2009 Divonne II (1.-3.9.), ECFA 11/09

→ 2010: Conceptual Design Report

<http://www.lhec.org.uk>

LEP\*LHC (1990), Thera (2001), QCD explorer (2003)

Tentative, preliminary, often incomplete results based on many people's work.  
cf DIS07,08, EPAC08 and for DIS09 see premeeting and summary talks of  
B.Holzer, A.Stasto, U.Klein, O.Behnke, A.Polini, and J.Rojo

## Working Group Convenors

### Accelerator Design [RR and LR]

Oliver Bruening (CERN),  
John Dainton (CI/Liverpool)

### Interaction Region and Fwd/Bwd

Bernhard Holzer (DESY),  
Uwe Schneekloth (DESY),  
Pierre van Mechelen (Antwerpen)

### Detector Design

Peter Kostka (DESY),  
Rainer Wallny (UCLA),  
Alessandro Polini (Bologna)

### New Physics at Large Scales

Emmanuelle Perez (CERN),  
Georg Weiglein (Durham)

### Precision QCD and Electroweak

Olaf Behnke (DESY),  
Paolo Gambino (Torino),  
Thomas Gehrmann (Zuerich)  
Claire Gwenlan (Oxford)

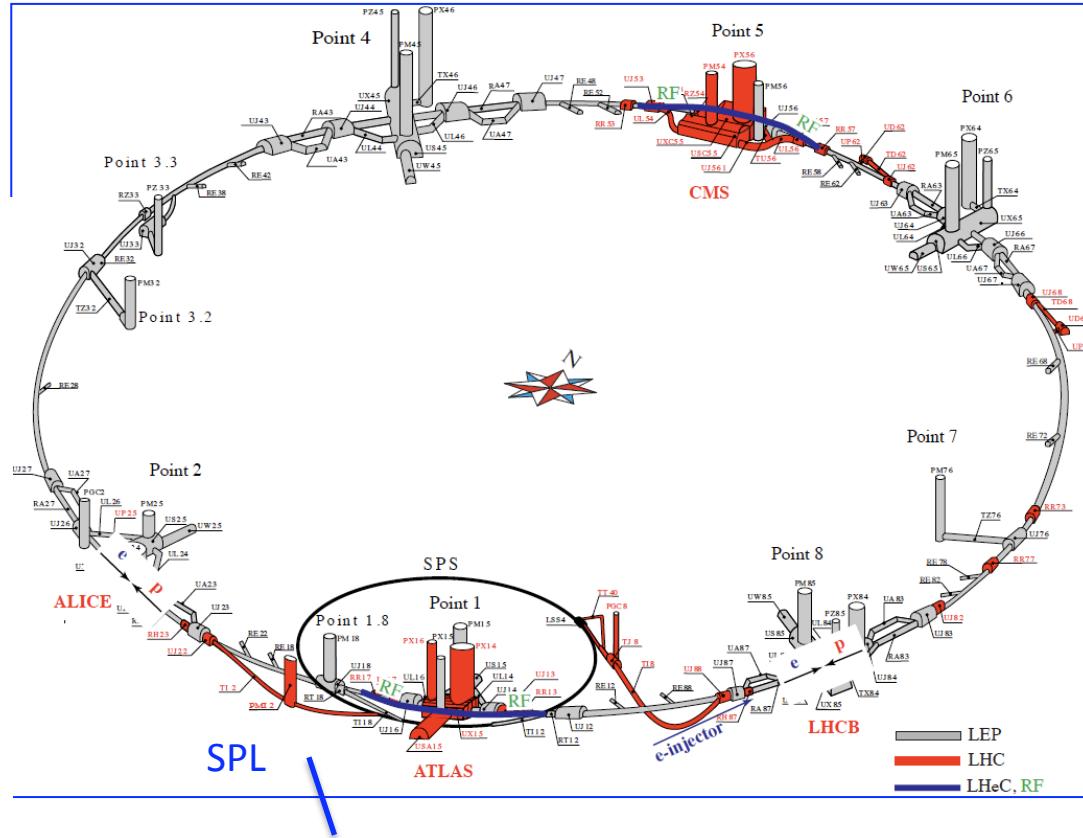
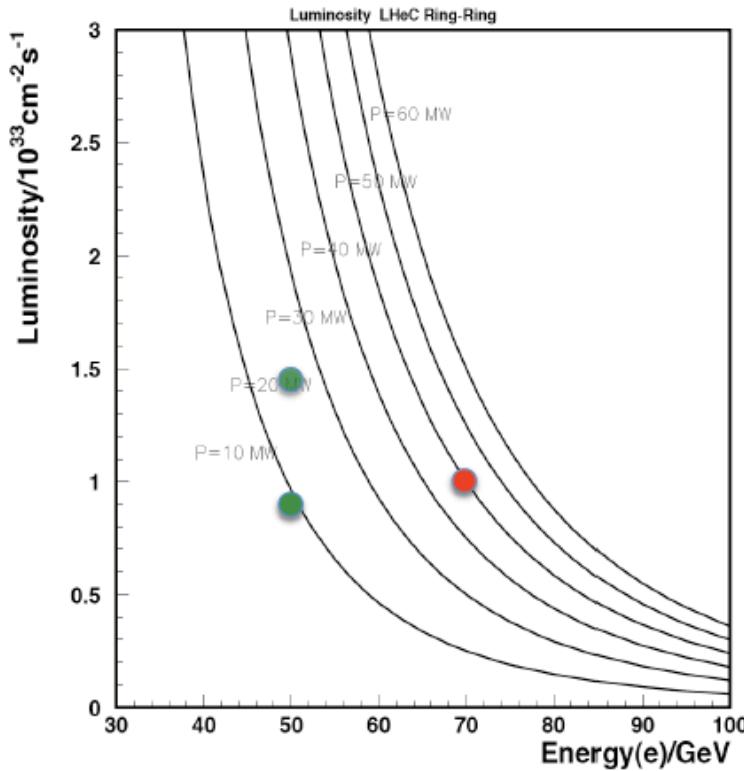
### Physics at High Parton Densities

Nestor Armesto (CERN),  
Brian Cole (Columbia),  
Paul Newman (Birmingham),  
Anna Stasto (MSU)

# Ring – Ring Design tentative

$$L = \frac{N_p \gamma}{4\pi e \epsilon_{pn}} \cdot \frac{I_e}{\sqrt{\beta_{px} \beta_{py}}} = 8.310^{32} \cdot \frac{I_e}{50mA} \frac{m}{\sqrt{\beta_{px} \beta_{pn}}} cm^{-2}s^{-1}$$

$$I_e = 0.35mA \cdot \frac{P}{MW} \cdot \left( \frac{100GeV}{E_e} \right)^4$$

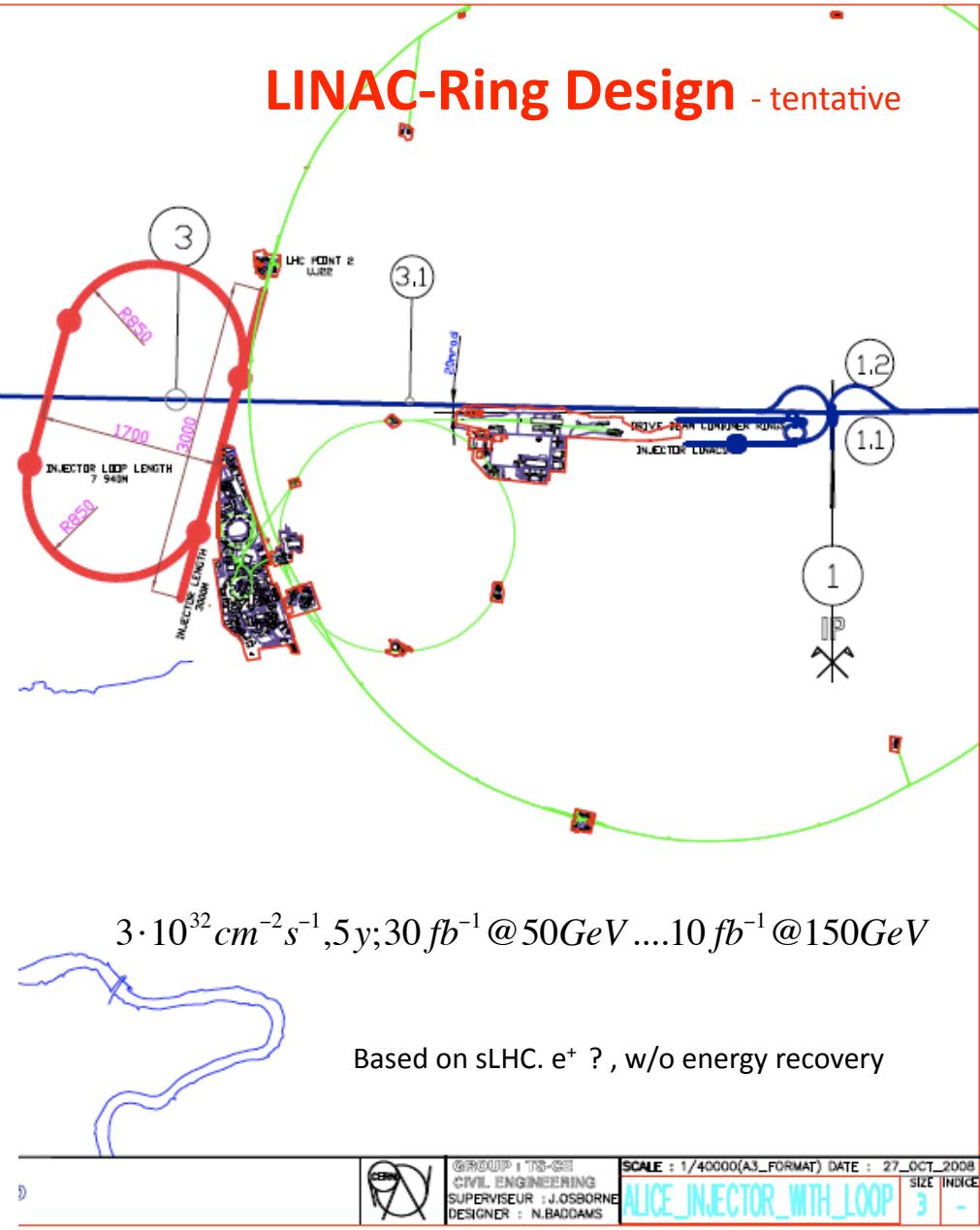
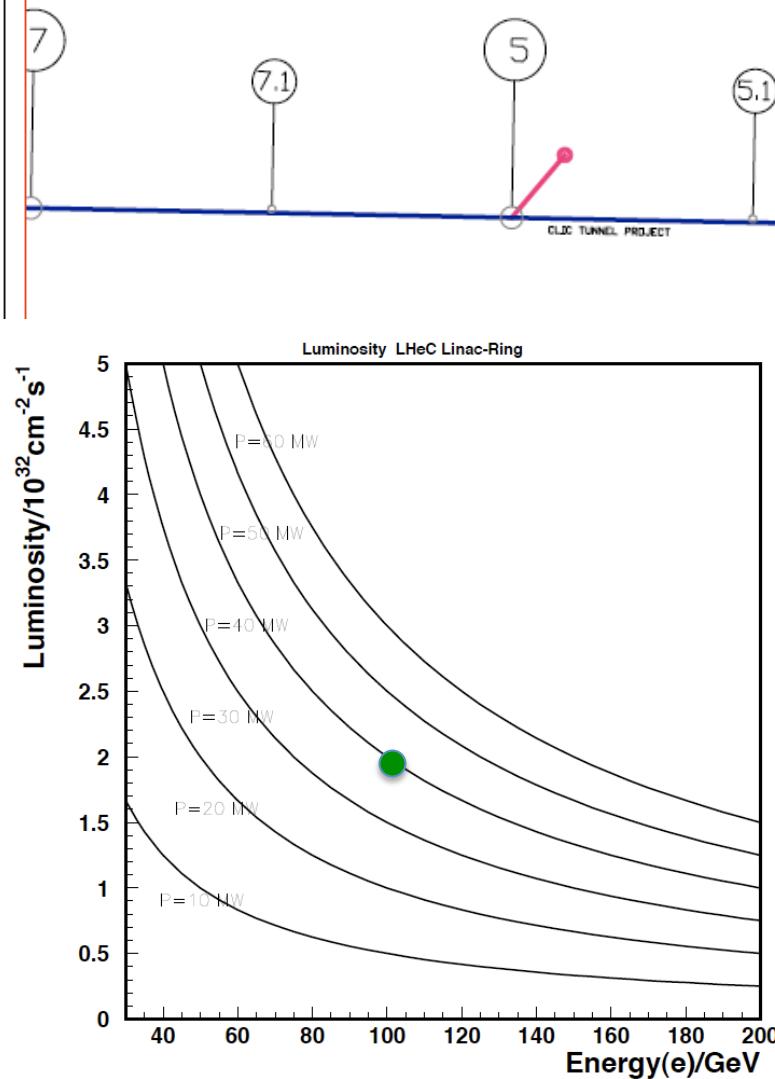


$2 \cdot 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}, 5 \text{ years} : 100 \text{ fb}^{-1} \dots 50 \dots 80 \text{ GeV}$

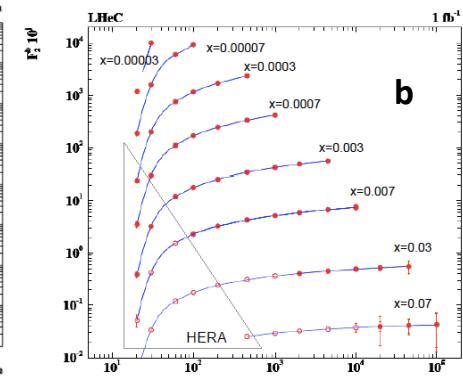
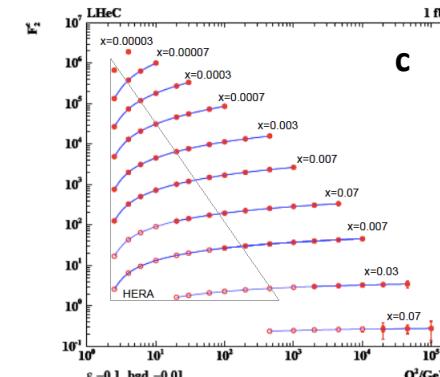
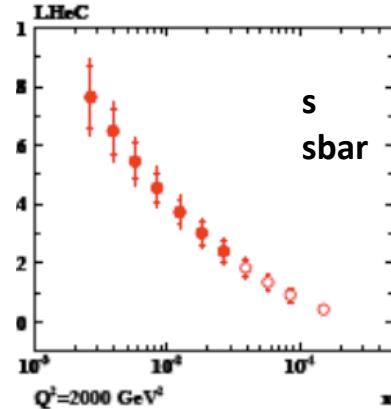
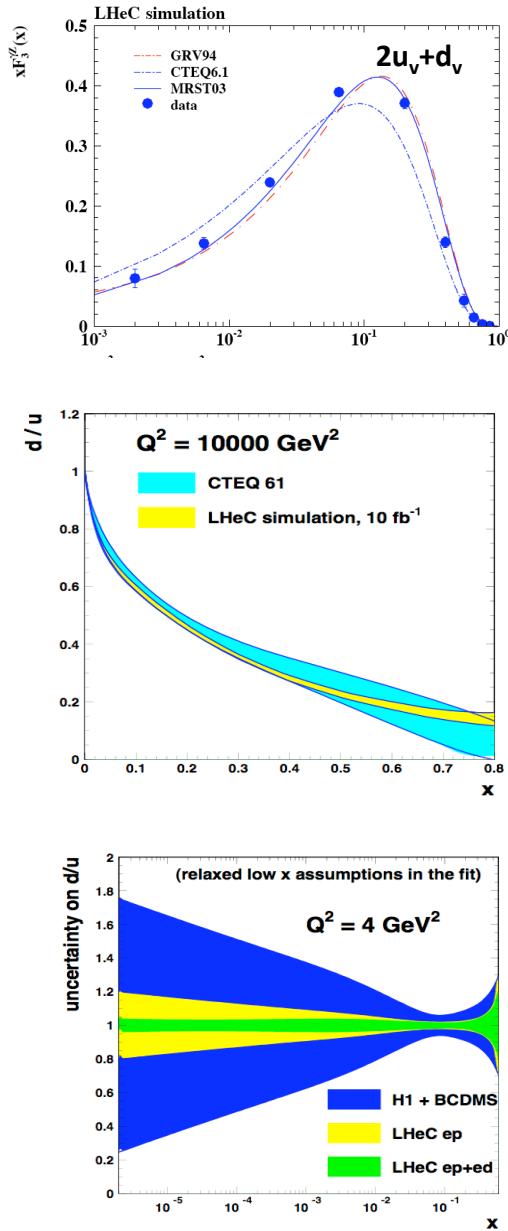
F.Willeke, 70GeV \* 7TeV, 50MW [JINST 2006]  
B.Holzer, A.Kling et al, Divonne08, ECFA08

Subject to LHC, power, tuneshifts etc. – 100 times HERA luminosity

$$L = \frac{N_p \gamma}{4\pi e \epsilon_{pn} \beta^*} \cdot \frac{P}{E_e} = 5 \cdot 10^{32} \cdot \frac{P/MW}{E_e/GeV} cm^{-2}s^{-1}$$



# 1. Unfolding Proton Structure – DIS, complete for the first time

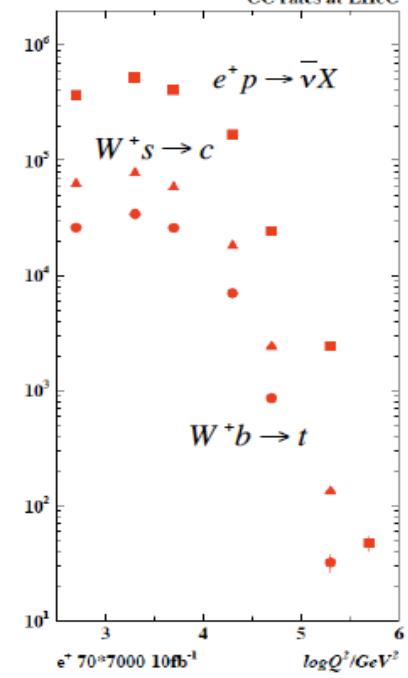
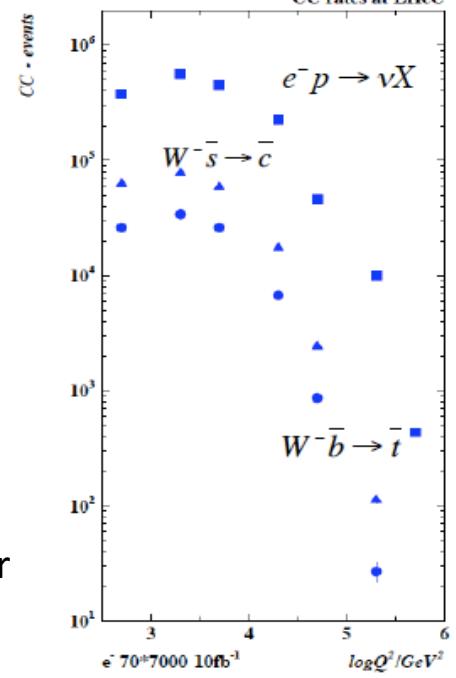


+

parton dynamics  
photon structure  
neutron structure

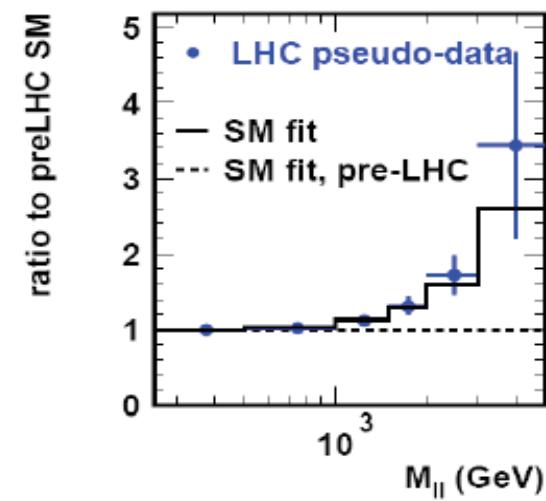
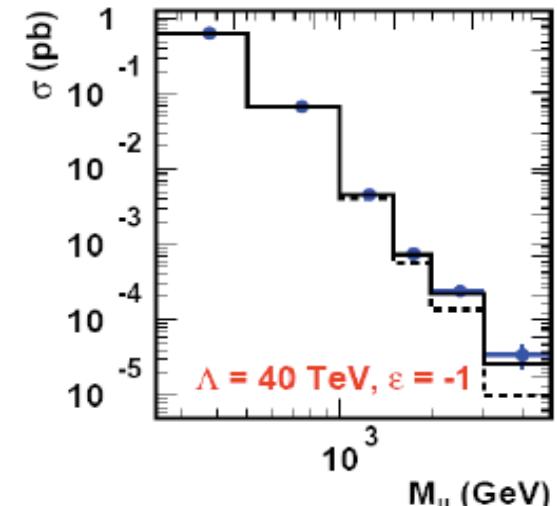
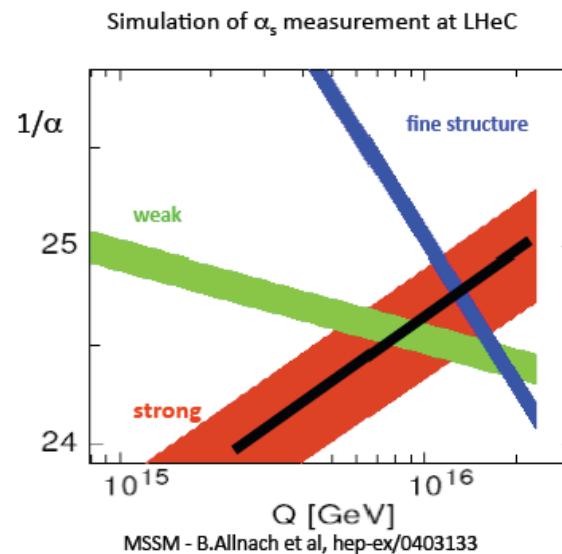
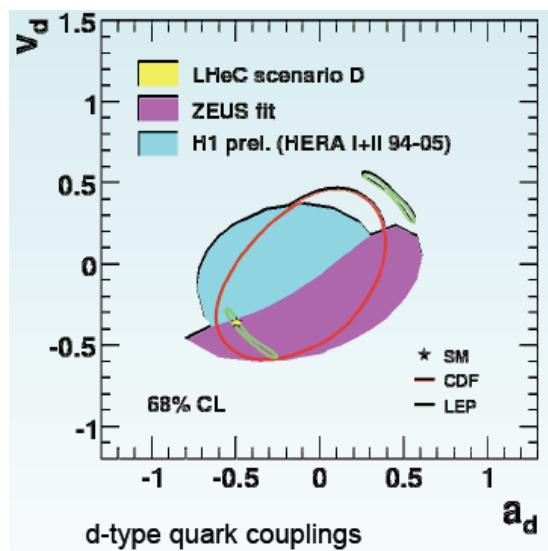
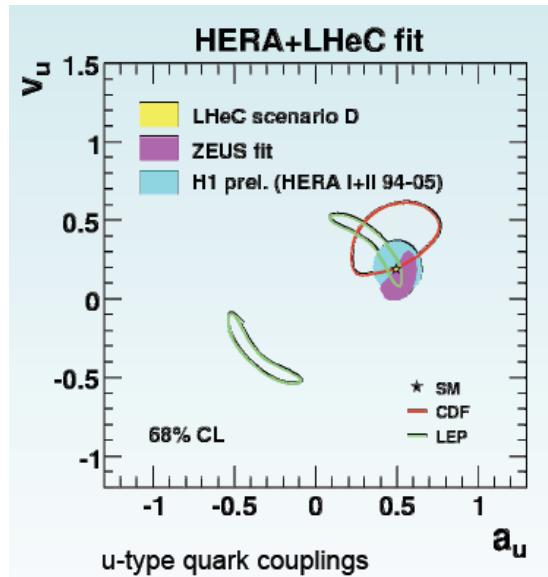
..

Instantons  
Odderons  
Multiquark exotica  
Intrinsic heavy flavour



Single t,  $t\bar{t}$  factory  $O(10)\text{pb}$

## 2. Exploration of High (“swerch”) Scales – High Precision in ep



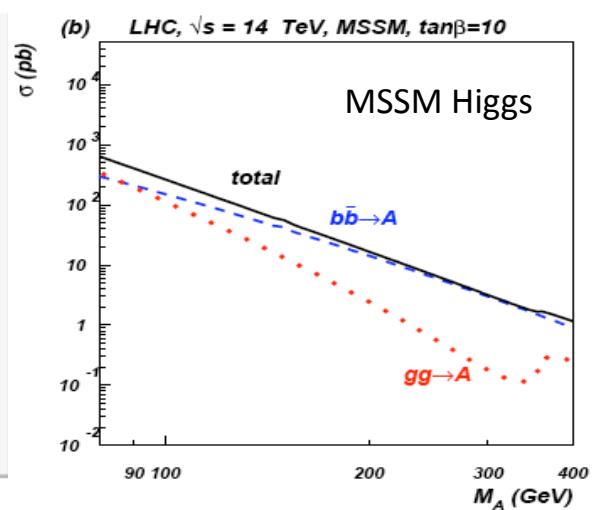
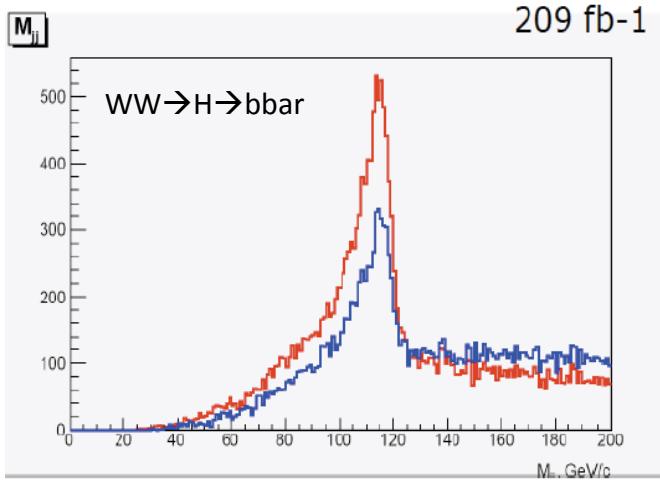
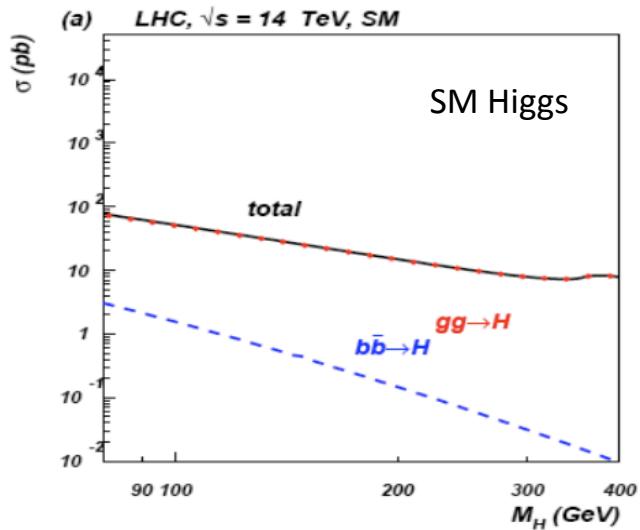
GUT/SUSY unification?  
effective couplings?  
resolving CI type  
observations at the LHC

... access to much higher  
scales with precision DIS  
challenge to  $N^k\text{LO}$  QCD

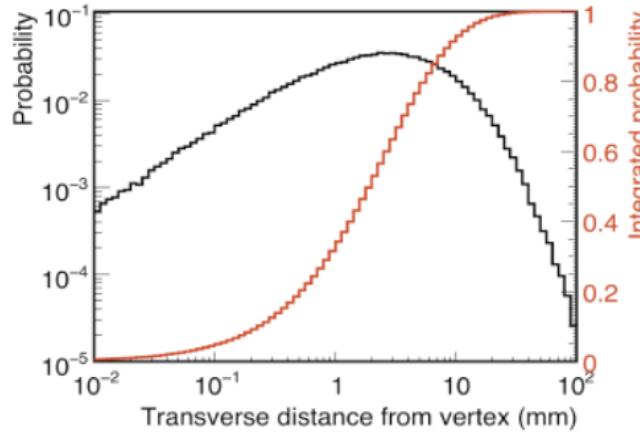
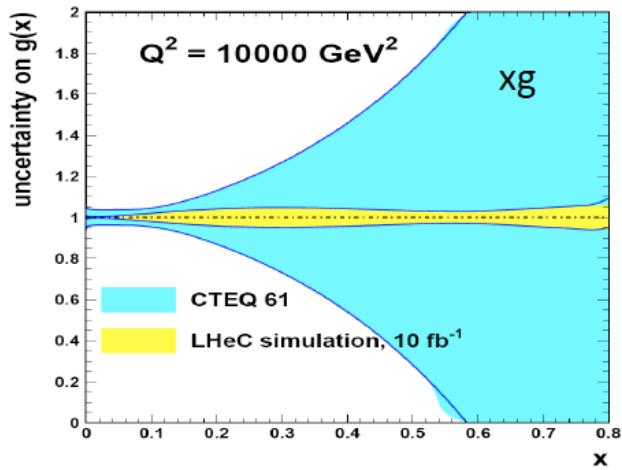
M.Klein LHeC Future Panel 30.4.2009

LHeC freezes the pdfs to allow new physics to be revealed. HERA+BCDMS reshuffle the sea... ED similar study

### 3. Complementing the LHC – Higgs and gluon (for example)



Bgd study ongoing, B tagging promising



clean(er) environment

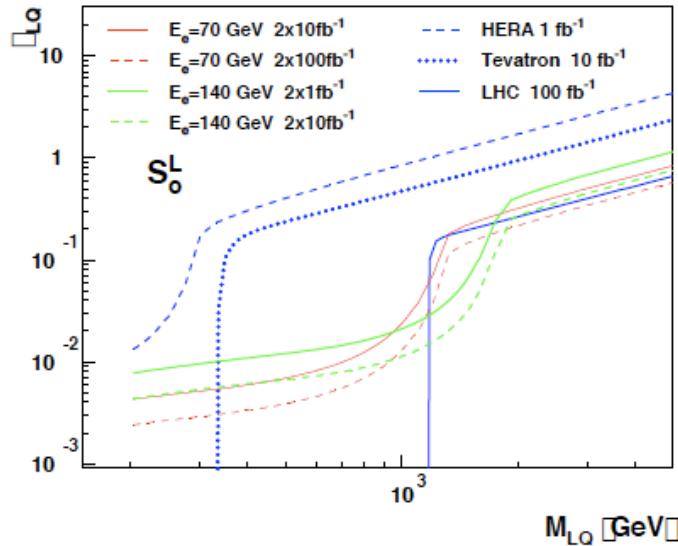
huge range in  $Q^2$   
access to large  $x$ ,  
high mass region

B tagging mandatory.

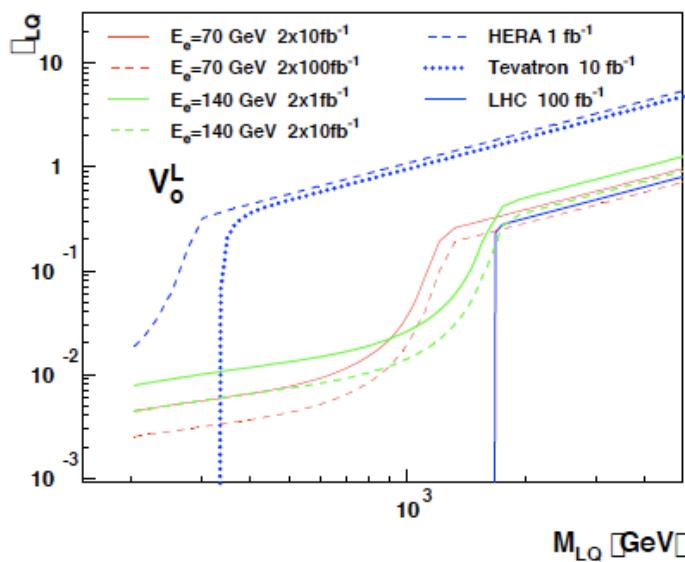
confirmed at DIS09 within  
factor 2 for error treatment

M.Klein LHeC Future Panel 30.4.2009

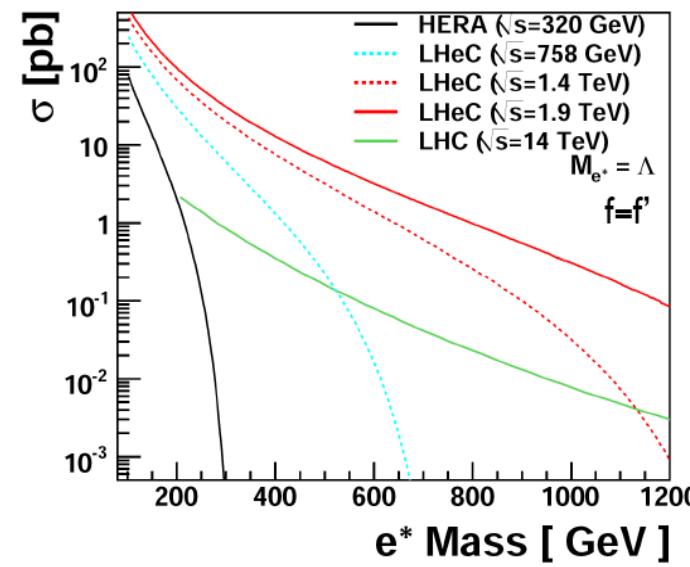
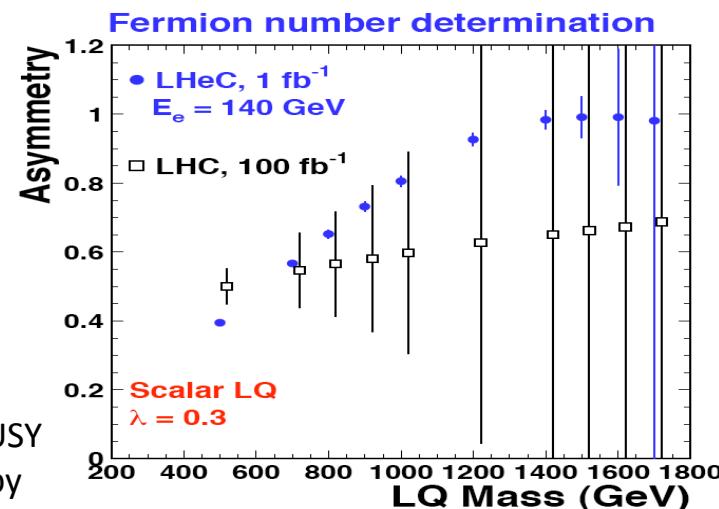
## 4. New Physics in the eq Sector – unique eq as compared to qq



?LQ, RPV SUSY  
Spectroscopy



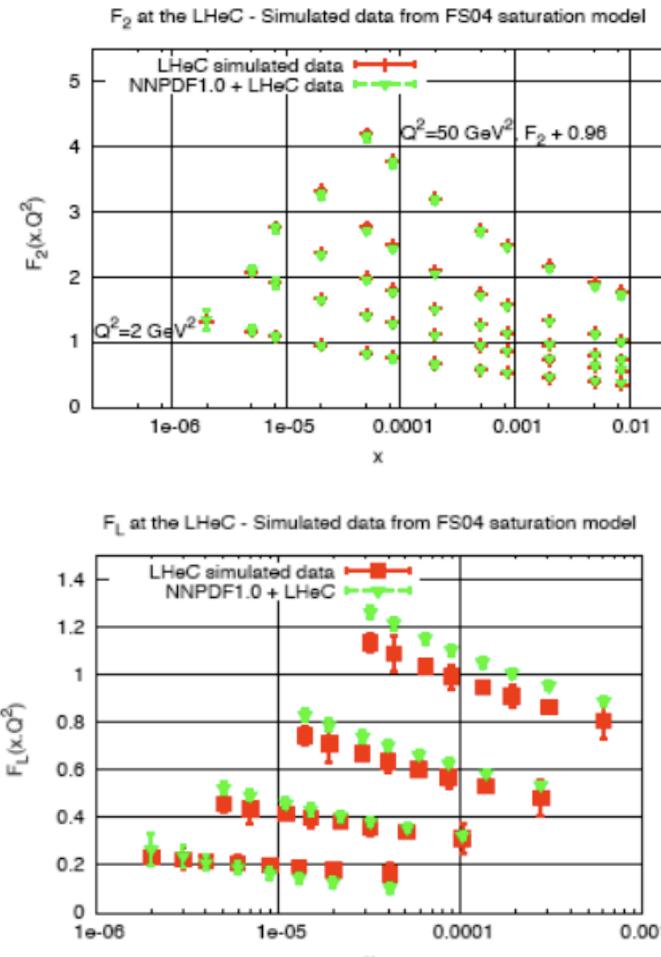
?Excited fermions



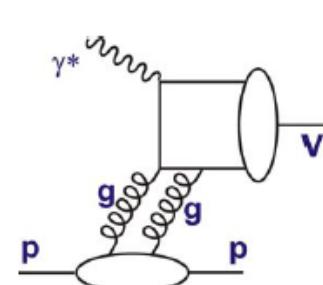
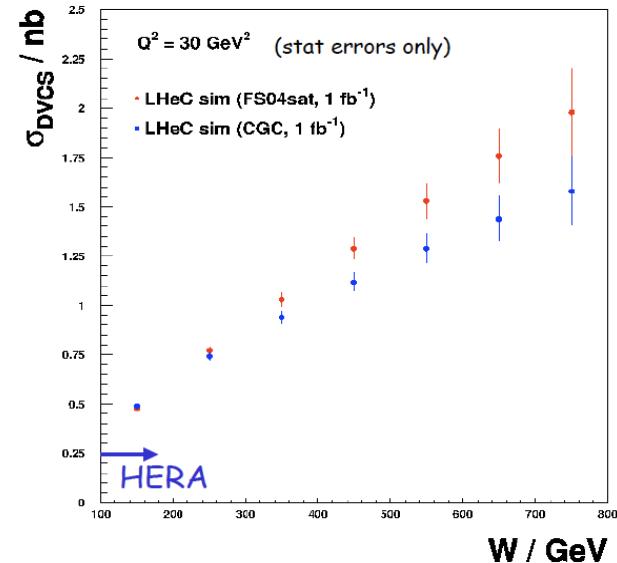
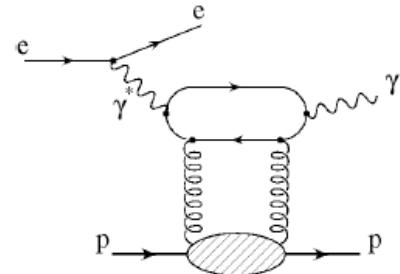
SUSY studies to come

M.Klein LHeC Future Panel 30.4.2009

## 5. Parton Saturation – low $x$ beyond the unitarity limit in DIS ep

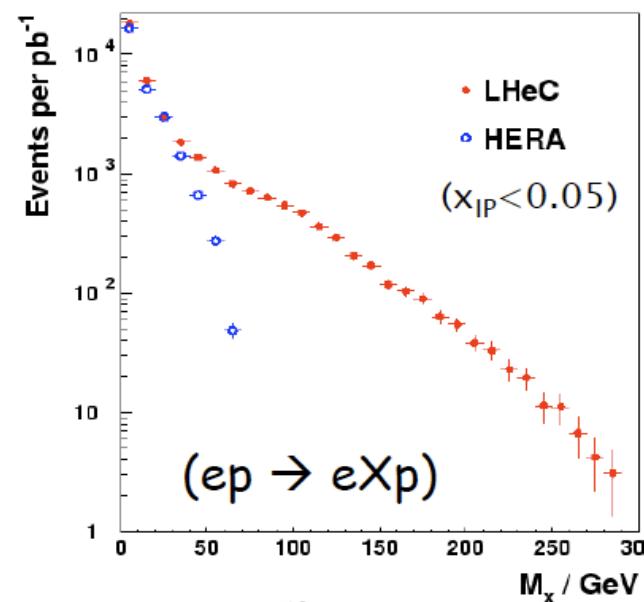


Saturation from precision  $F_2$  and  $F_L$



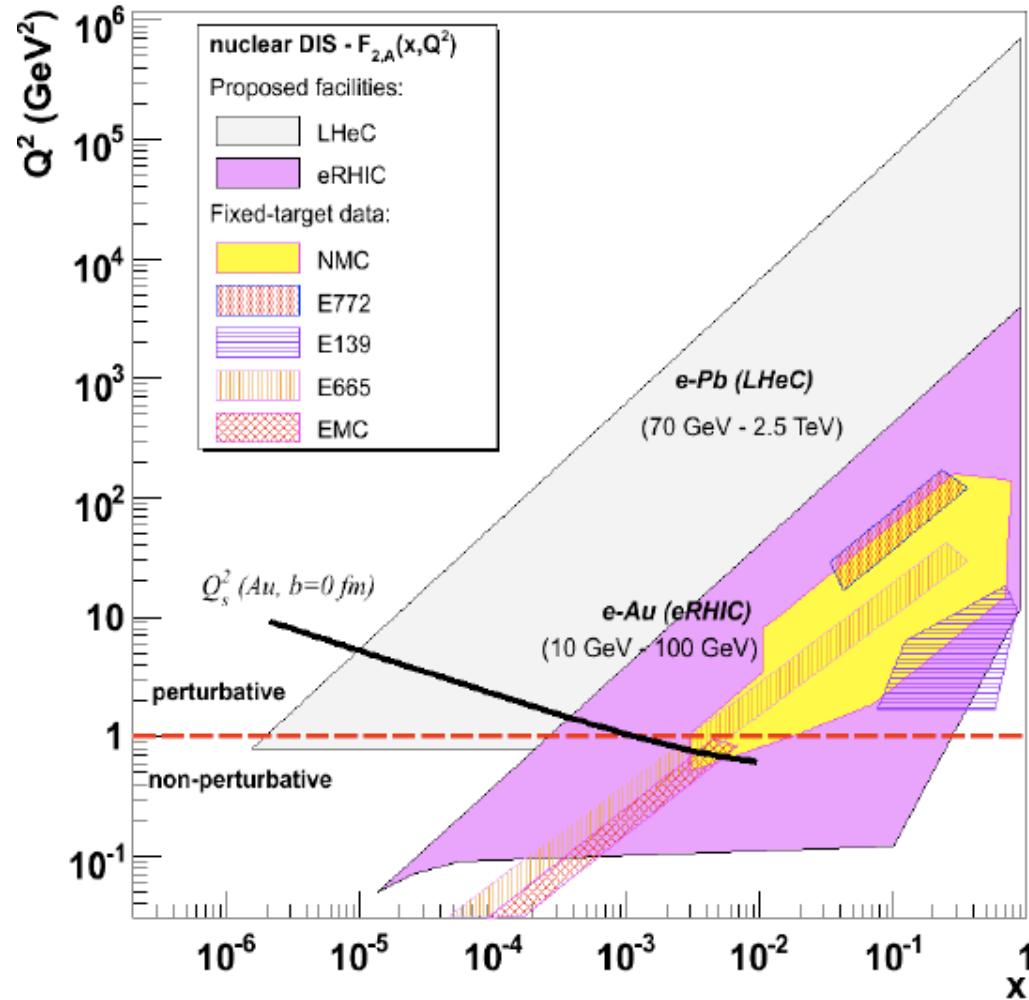
Diffractive  
B,W,Z,H?

Forward jets, VMs..

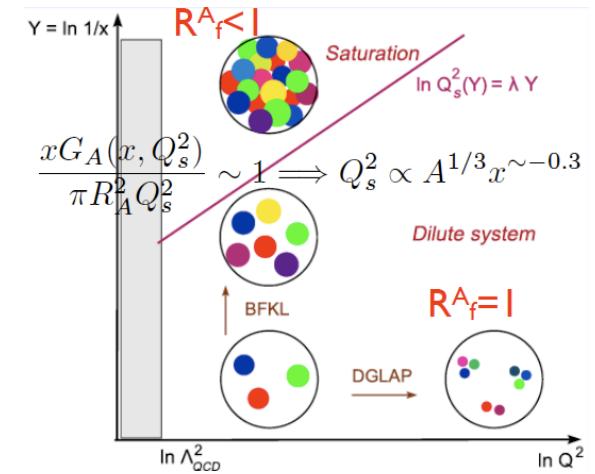


## 6. Partonic Structure of Nuclei – a new phase of matter

DdE, arXiv:0706.4182



M.Klein LHeC Future Panel 30.4.2009



Nuclear parton distributions

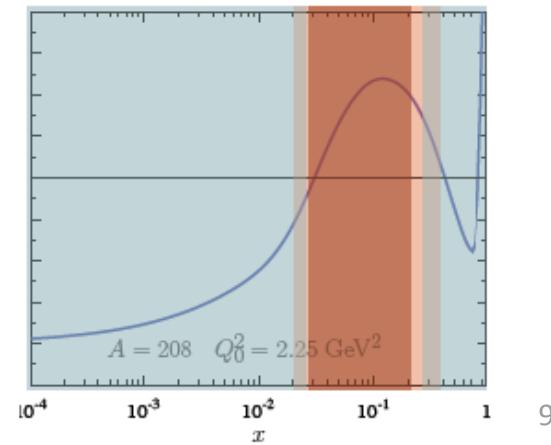
$$xg \sim A^{1/3}$$

black disc limit ( $F_2 \sim \ln(1/x)$ )

50% diffraction..

A must to understand AA

Gluon “a desaster” (NA)



## THE UNCONFINED QUARKS AND GLUONS

Abdus Salam

International Centre for Theoretical Physics,  
Trieste, Italy and Imperial College, London,  
England

### 1. Introduction

Leptons and hadrons share equally three of the basic forces of nature: electromagnetic, weak and gravitational. The only force which is supposed to distinguish between them is strong. Could it be that leptons share with hadrons this force also, and that there is just one form of matter, not two?

Tbilissi 76

## Surprises and Theory

Things may evolve differently than we think, but one can rely on the ingenuity of our theory colleagues to deal with the unexpected.

**Design a maximum energy, high luminosity, affordable collider**

$E^+ \rightarrow e^+ g$

S.Adler, arXiv:hep-th/9610104

In summary, we suggest that the production and decay of the excess HERA events, interpreted as leptogluons, could be accounted for in our model when augmented by either the assumption that the  $Z_6$  condensate that breaks  $SU(4)$  to color  $SU(3)$  contains a small component that further breaks color  $SU(3)$  to glow  $SO(3)$ , or by the assumption that color symmetry remains exact but that color neutralization is incomplete in hard processes.

# Conceptual Design Report

## Large Hadron Electron Collider (LHeC) at CERN

DRAFT - February 2009

### 1. Introduction

### 2. Particle Physics and Deep Inelastic Lepton-Nucleon Scattering

1. DIS from 1 to 100 GeV
2. Status of the Exploration of Nucleon Structure
3. Tera Scale Physics

### 3. The Physics Programme of the LHeC

1. New Physics at Large Scales
2. Precision QCD and Electroweak Physics
3. Physics at High Parton Densities

### 4. Design Considerations

1. Acceptance and Kinematics
2. A Series of Measurements
3. Compatibility with the LHC
4. Proton, Deuteron and Ion Beams

### 5. A Ring-Ring Collider Concept

1. Injector
2. Lepton Ring
3. Synchrotron Radiation
4. Interaction Region
5. Installation
6. Infrastructure and Cost

### 6. A Linac-Ring Collider Concept

1. Electron and Positron Sources, Polarisation
2. Linac
3. Interaction Region
4. Beam Dump
5. Infrastructure and Cost

### 7. A Detector for the LHeC

1. Dimensions and General Requirements
2. Coil
3. Calorimeters
4. Tracking
5. Options for the Inner Detector Region
6. Detector Simulation and Performance

### 8. Summary

1. Physics Highlights
2. Parameters
3. Concluding Remarks

### Appendix

1. Tasks for a TDR
2. Building and Operating the LHeC

## Organisation

# Accelerator Design

## Concepts

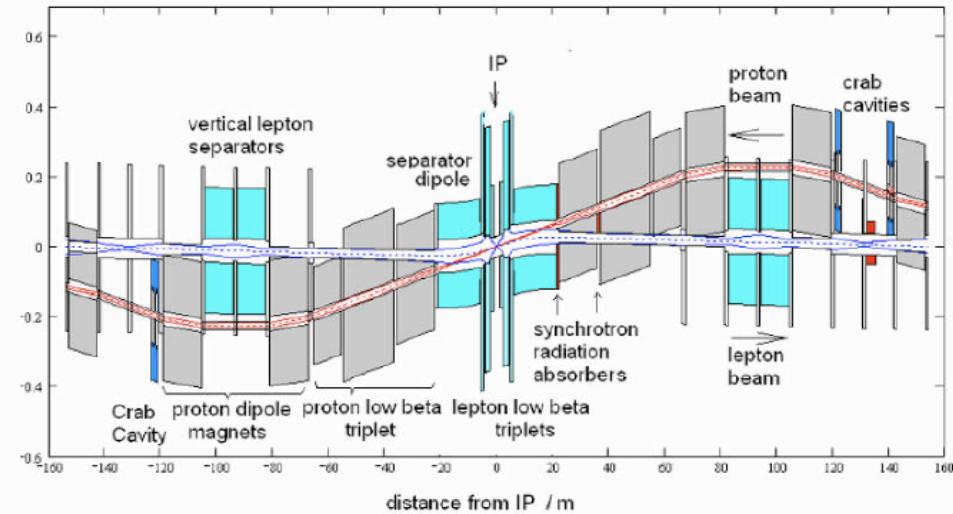
### RING-RING

1. Lattice Design
2. Rf
3. Injector
4. Injection areas and beam dumps
5. Beam-beam effects
6. Impedance
7. Vacuum
8. Integration and machine protections
9. Magnet Design
10. Powering

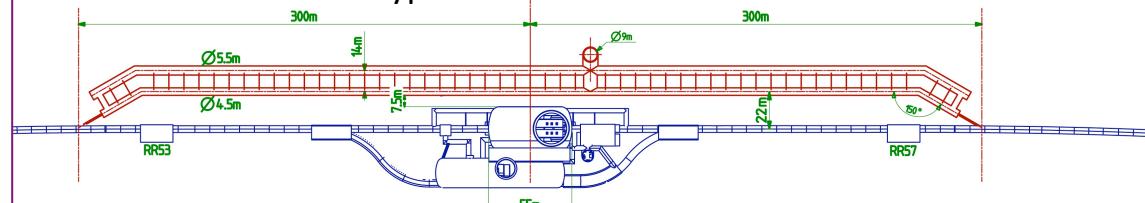
### LINAC RING

1. Baseline e+p
2. Rf
3. Source
4. Lattice and Impedance
5. Beam-beam effects
6. Vacuum
7. Integration and machine protections
8. IR
9. Magnet Design
10. Powering

IR for simultaneous pp and ep operation



Bypass around ATLAS+CMS



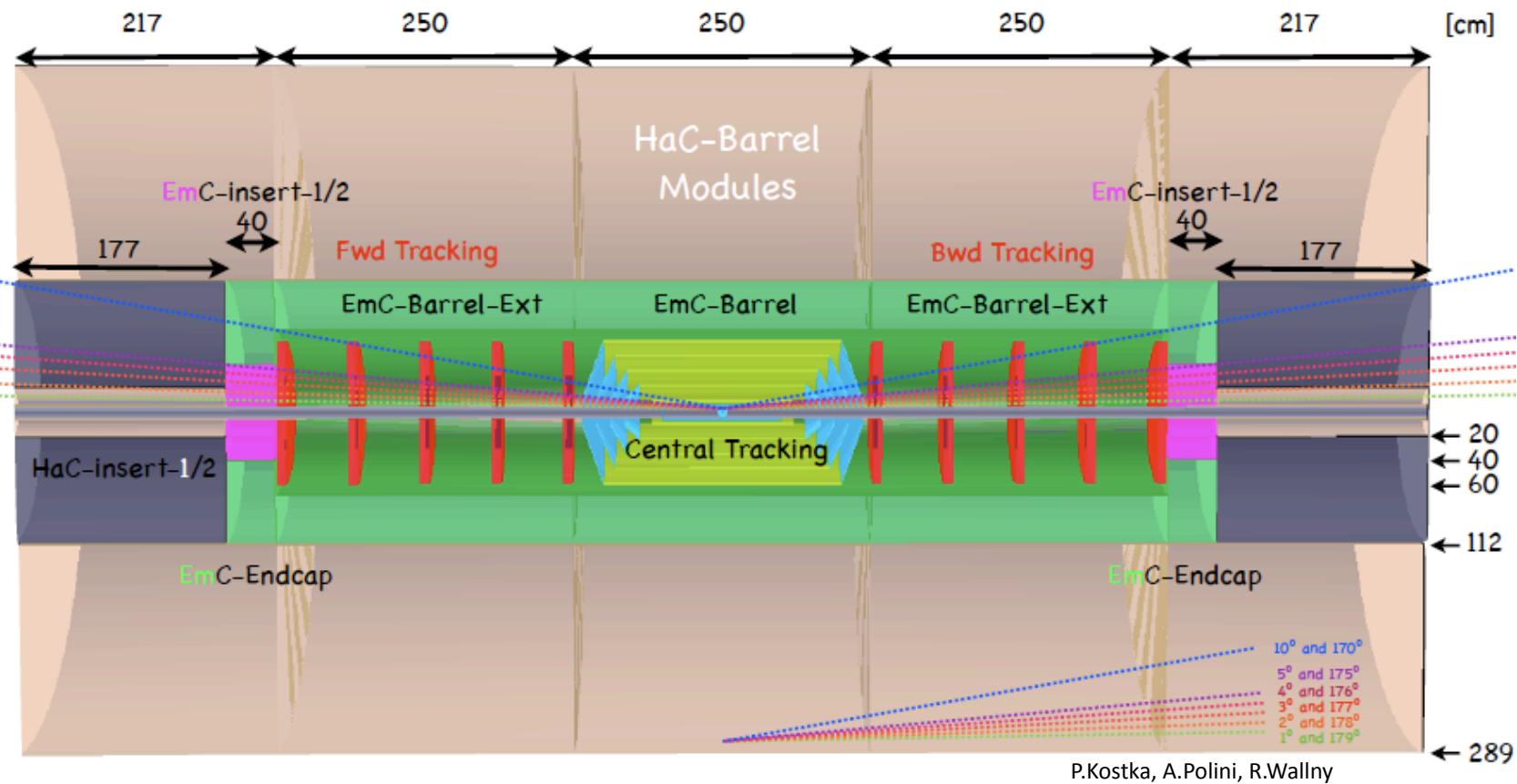
Contact persons for workpackages [BE-ABP, RF, BT, VAC, PO]

O.Bruening, B.Holzer, E.Chiapola, H.Burkhardt, B.Goddard, W.Herr, F.Zimmermann  
M.Jimmenez, KH.Mess, D.Tomasini, F.Bordry, G.Hofstatter, L.Rinolfi, D.Schulte.

Collaboration: Novosibirsk, EPFL Lausanne + [tbd]: SLAC, CI, DESY, BNL, Cornell

# L1 Low Q<sup>2</sup> SetUp

(to be optimised)



Tentative design: full coverage, high precision, no material...

- modular for installation (CMS), dimensions determined by beam pipe-IR-synchr. rad. : to be simulated
- focusing magnets nearer to IR for high Q<sup>2</sup>, high luminosity (instrumented?)
- variation of beam energies to access low Q<sup>2</sup> and large x at “medium” Q<sup>2</sup> ~ 20000 GeV<sup>2</sup>
- contacts to ILC (4<sup>th</sup> concept: coil? ALIROOT) and ATLAS/CMS detector developments

# Deep Inelastic Scattering

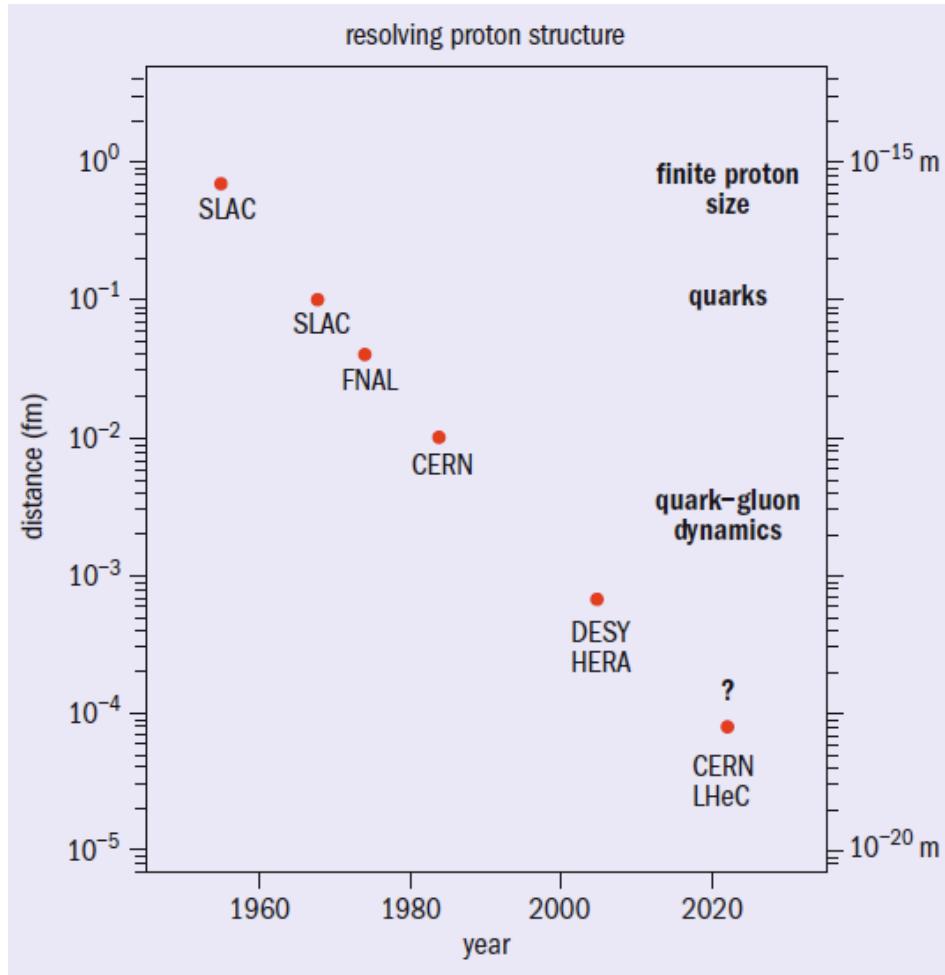


Fig. 1. Distance scales resolved in successive lepton–hadron scattering experiments since the 1950s, and some of the new physics revealed.

SLAC 69: 2m LINAC: a “bold extrapolation of existing technology” to “collect data which may be of future use...”

Many thanks to very many gifted and enthusiastic colleagues in thy, exp and acc, to ECFA, CERN and NuPECC.

50 000 times  $Q^2$  possibly with 5 times the accelerator length..

In one year we hope to know how to build the ep/eA collider complement of the LHC, and we will start to look into the TeV scale physics with pp. The CDR should help shaping our future.