

Parton Distribution Functions determination and Heavy Flavour production at the LHeC

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PDF fits, a brief Overview

| | MSTW08 | CTEQ6.6/CT10 | NNPDF2.1/2.3 | HERAPDF1.0/1.5 | ABKM09/ABM11 | GJR08/JR09 |
|------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------|------------|
| PDF order | LO, NLO, NNLO | LO, NLO, NNLO | LO, NLO, NNLO | NLO, NNLO | NLO, NNLO | NLO, NNLO |
| HERA DIS | ✔ (old) | ✔ (old/new) | ✔ (new) | ✓ (new/newest) | ✔ (new) | ✔ (new) |
| Fixed target DIS | ~ | v | v | - | ~ | v |
| Fixed target DY | ~ | ✓ | v | - | ~ | v |
| Tevatron W, Z | v | v | some | - | some | some |
| Tevatron jets | ✓ | v | v | - | ~ | v |
| LHC | - | - | -/W, Z, jets | - | - | - |
| HF Scheme | RTGMVF | SACOT GMVFN | FONLL GMVFN | RT GMVFN | BMSN FFNS | FFNS |
| Alphas (NLO) | 0.120 | 0.118(f) | 0.119 | 0.1176(f) | 0.1179 | 0.1145 |
| Alphas (NNLO) | 0.1171 | 0.118(f) | 0.1174 | 0.1176(f) | 0.1135 | 0.1124 |







PDF fits - The LHC data charge



Z+b production 0

sensitive to b-quark

ABKM09 NNPDF2

 MSTW08 CT10 (NLC

-0.8 < |v| < 1.2

CT10

wrt





The LHeC project



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http://cern.ch/lhec



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Present LHeC Study group and CDR authors

About 200 Experimentalists and Theorists from 76 Institutes

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The LHeC project

- The LHeC kinematics represents a substantial extension to the coverage of the data which are used today in PDF fits $rep \rightarrow v_{a} X$
- e' Increase in the precision of PDF in regions which are now
 γ/Z extrapolation regions

• Unique opportunity to study the = $-(k \sum_{k=1}^{k} k)$ = $-(k \sum_$







LHeC simulated dataset

• Scenario B

- Integrated Luminosity: e[±]p=50 fb⁻¹
- $E_p = 7$ TeV, $E_e = 50$ GeV, Pol = ± 0.4
- Kinematic coverage: $2 < Q^2 < 5 \cdot 10^5 \text{ GeV}^2$; $2 \cdot 10^{-6} < x < 0.8$

Uncertainties

- Full simulation of Neutral and Charged current measurements
- Including Statistical, Uncorrelated and Correlated Systematic uncertaities
- Based on H1 best values
- Typical uncertainties
 - Stat.: from ~0.1% (low Q², NC) to ~10% (CC, x = 0.7)
 - Uncorr. Syst.: 0.7 %
 - Corr. Syst.: typically 1-3% (up to 9% for high-x CC)

| source of uncertainty | error on the source or cross section | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| scattered electron energy scale $\Delta E'_e/E'_e$ | 0.1 % | | |
| scattered electron polar angle | 0.1 mrad | | |
| hadronic energy scale $\Delta E_h/E_h$ | 0.5 % | | |
| calorimeter noise (only $y < 0.01$) | 1-3 % | | |
| radiative corrections | 0.5% | | |
| photoproduction background (only $y > 0.5$) | 1 % | | |
| global efficiency error | 0.7 % | | |





PDF determination setup

• Data

- Hera I combined dataset
- BCDMS fixed target proton/duteron DIS
- ATLAS W asymmetry data (adjusted uncertainties: stat/unc. syst: 0.5%, total:1%)
- LHeC simulated data Scenario B ($e^{\pm}p$ NC/CC red. cross sections, pol = \pm 0.4)

• Theory setup

- HERAPDF1.0 settings
- NLO DGLAP, Thorne-Roberts scheme for HQ treatment
- Fitted PDFs
 - $u_v, d_v, g, U = u+c, D = d+b$
 - f
- One small-x exp. for sea and one valence
- Valence and Momentum sum rules imposed

$$egin{array}{rll} xg(x)&=&A_g x^{B_g}(1-x)^{C_g}(1+D_g x)\,,\ xu_v(x)&=&A_{u_v} x^{B_{u_v}}(1-x)^{C_{u_v}}(1+E_{u_v} x^2)\,,\ xd_v(x)&=&A_{d_v} x^{B_{d_v}}(1-x)^{C_{d_v}}\,,\ xar{U}(x)&=&A_{ar{U}} x^{B_{ar{U}}}(1-x)^{C_{ar{U}}}\,,\ xar{D}(x)&=&A_{ar{D}} x^{B_{ar{D}}}(1-x)^{C_{ar{D}}}\,. \end{array}$$





PDF constraints from LHeC - valence sector

- Knowledge of **PDFs** at arge-x currently limited by
 - Luminosity barrier
 - Challenging systematics
 - Nuclear/higher twist effects
- LHeC data could help reduce the uncertainties on large-x valence distributions to
 - 2% for u_v at x=0.8
 - 4% for d_v at x=0.8
- Crucial to study the d/u ratio at large-x







PDF constraints from LH_C - small-x gluon

- Sensitivity of HERA data stops at x~5.10⁻⁴
- Uncertainties on small-x gluon driven by the parametrization
- LHeC data extend down to x~10⁻⁶, allowing for detailed studies of possible deviation from DGLAP evolution and evidence for BFKL resummation or saturation effects
- LHeC sensitivity to small-x gluon improved by use of F_L data (not considered in the present study)





FOF constraints from LHeC - large-x gluon

- Large-x gluon uncertainty in PDF fits quite large, mostly due to limited statistics (constrained by inclusive jet data)
- Related by evolution to large-x sea quarks (DGLAP evolution of valence distribution decouples)
- LHeC can disentangle the sea from the valence at large-x through measurements of CC reduced cross sections, F₂, F₂^{yZ}, xF₃
- Crucial for searches of high-mass resonances in BSM scenarios (gluino pair production)





Releasing standard assumptions - u=d at small-x

• Due to lack of constraining data standard PDF fits assume d=u at small-x

DESY

- HERA data do not constrain flavour separation at small-x, uncertainties grow substantially when theoretical assumptions are released
- LHeC data provide enough experimental constraints to keep uncertainties on small-x light flavour under control







Releasing standard assumptions - d/u ratio

Constrained decomposition:



Unconstrained sea decomposition:







Releasing standard assumptions - Ultimate fit

- Combined fit to HERA, LHC and LHeC data has the potential to deliver a PDF set with very small, reliable, uncertainties even when releasing most of the standard assumptions (u=d at small-x, free strange parametrization)
- Only onigh-energy, proton data: no higher-twist or nuclear corrections







Strangeness at the LHeC

- Strange is one of the least constrained PDFs in global fits (NuTeV, CCFR)
- Recent ATLAS measurement hints to "unsuppressed" strange with respect to non-strange sea
- Further constraints from LHC (W+c, DY)
- LHeC allows for precision measurements of s and s distributions in CC e[±]p with tagged charm
- Independent measurements of s and s (W⁺s → c and W⁻s → c̄)





Heavy Quark production - Overview

- Access to all quark flavours with high statistics
- Study heavy quark densities in the proton
- Intrinsic charm component
- Measurement of electroweak parameters (CKM matrix elem.)
- Better understanding of Heavy Flavours treatment in PDF fits





Heavy Quark production - Ocerview

- LO charm & bottom production in DIS through boson-gluon-fusion (BGF)
- Direct probe of the gluon distribution
- Predictions from different PDF sets differ because of treatment of Heavy Flavour contributions in fits
 - Fixed Flavour Number Scheme (FFN)
 - Zero-Mass Variable Flavour Number Scheme (ZM-VFNS)
 - General-Mass Variable Flavour Number Scheme (**GM-VFNS**)







Heavy Quark production - Charm

- F₂^{cc} simulation obtained with RAPGAP & CTEQ5L
- To be compared to the **combined** H1-ZEUS measurement (5-10% uncertainty)
- Hugely enlarged phase space accessible at the LHeC
- Substantially **improved tagging** efficiency, much **larger luminosity**





Heavy Quark production - Charm mass

 High precision determination of the charm mass from inclusive and F2^{cc} data

| Data input | Experimental uncertainty on m_c [MeV] |
|-------------------------|---|
| HERA: NC+CC | 100 |
| HERA: NC+CC+ F_2^{cc} | 60 |
| LHeC: NC+CC | 25 |
| LHeC: NC+CC+ F_2^{cc} | 3 |

- LHeC inclusive data alone have the potential to reduce the uncertainty on m_c determination from HERA data by a factor of 4
- \bullet Combination with $F_2{}^{cc}$ allows to aim for ultimate precision of $3\ MeV$
- Similar precision achievable in measurements involving b quarks





Heavy Quark production - Intrinsic charm

- Present data do not exclude a sizable (~1-5%) intrinsic charm component of the proton
- Possibly relevant for Higgs production in some BSM scenarios
- Precise measurement in the large-x region require very good forward tagging acceptance (possible in a reduced E_p run)
- Reliable determination of intrinsic charm is challenging but possible







Heavy Quark production - Beauty

- F₂^{bb} simulation obtained with RAPGAP & CTEQ5L
- To be compared to the combined H1 measurement (20-50% unc.)
- Hugely enlarged phase space accessible at the LHeC
- Precision measurement possible thanks to improved tagging
- Potentially important for Higgs production in the MSSM [JHEP0601:069, 2006]





Heavy Quark production - Top

- First opportunity to study top quark in DIS (negligible cross-section at HERA)
- CC: Wb → t production (cross section: O(10 pb))



- NC: tt pair production
- Details of top physics at the LHeC still under investigation







Conclusions & Outlook

- LHeC is the ideal machine to resolve the (unpolarized) flavour content of the proton
- It can provide a powerful handle on light flavour quark and antiquark separation, both in the valence and the sea sector
- Can help us constraining the **gluon** distribution both at **small-** and **large-x**
- Will significantly extend the HERA kinematic coverage for production of charm and bottom quarks
- Will allow us for the **first** time to **study top quark** production **in DIS**
- It is a challenging but realistic project and a natural extension to the LHC

