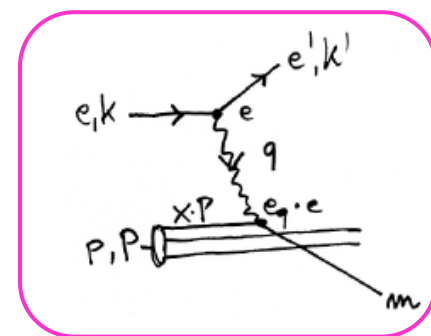
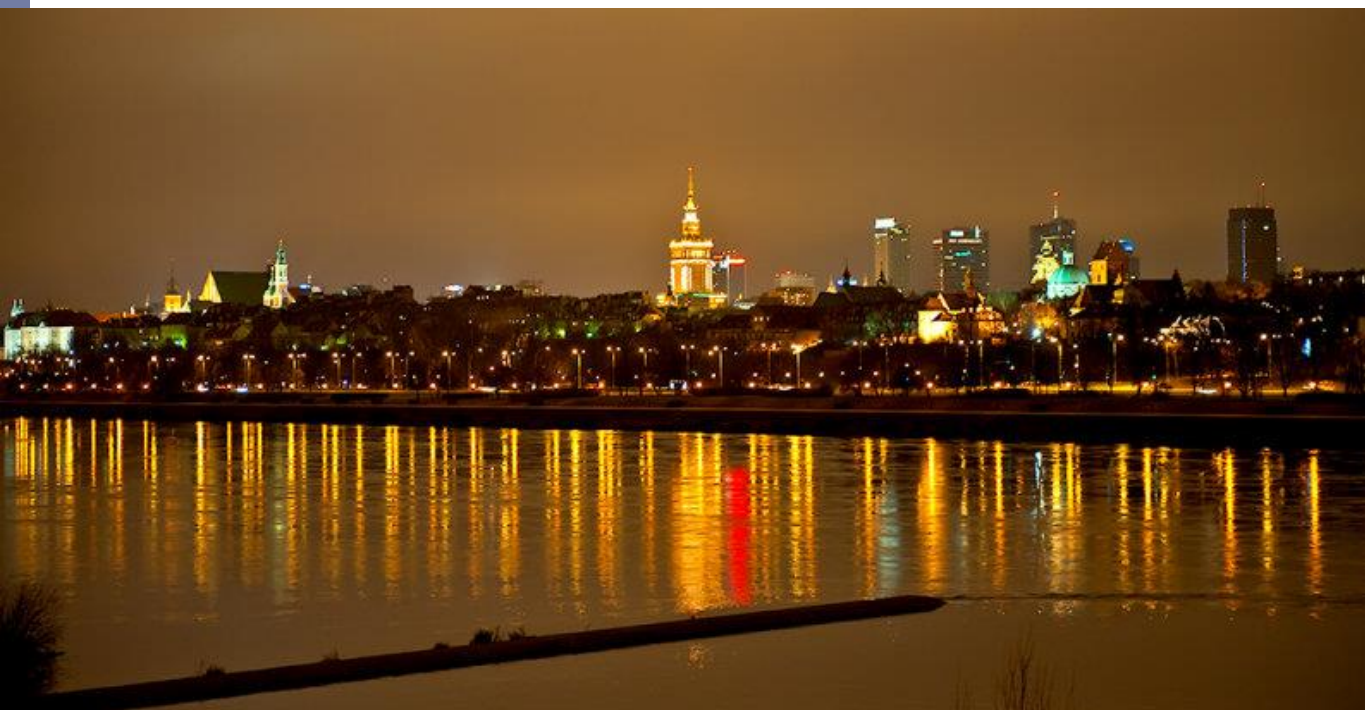


# High Energy ep Scattering: Higgs and FCC

Monica D'Onofrio  
University of Liverpool

*(on behalf of many...)*



DIS 2014, Warsaw  
April 30<sup>th</sup> 2014

# Outline

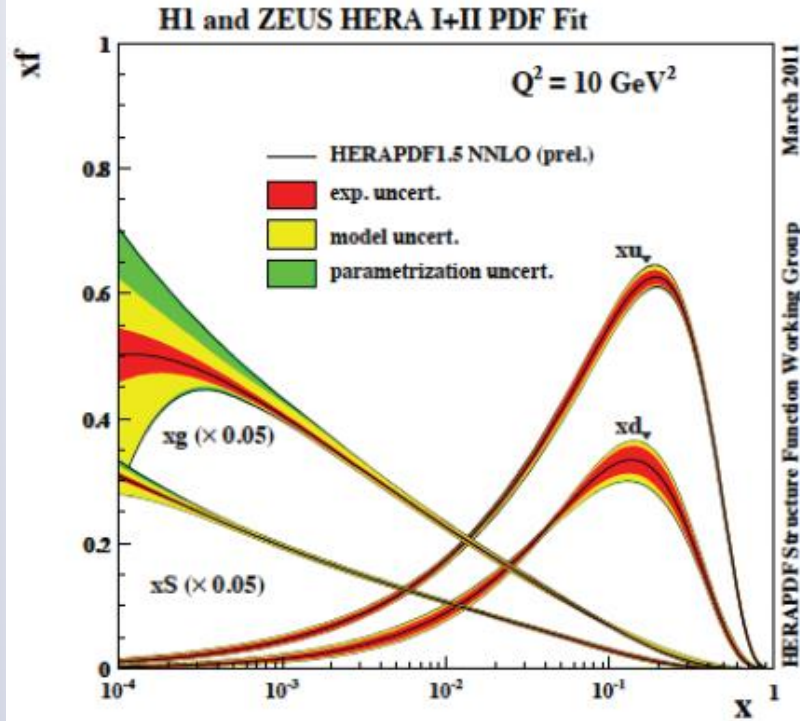
- ▶ The idea of an e-p collider at CERN, the **LHeC**, proposed in 2005, has been developed in the last years.
- ▶ The **FCC-he**: a realistic opportunity for energy frontier DIS  $\rightarrow$  3 order of magnitude higher lumi wrt HERA; huge step in energy ( $Q^2, 1/x$ ).
- ▶ In this talk:
  - ▶ Prospects for Higgs measurements at LHeC and FCC-he
  - ▶ Future Circular Collider (FCC) complex view
  - ▶ Highlights of physics programme (focus on e-p)

# Other contributions

In this Conference, other talks on LHeC and/or FCC-he physics highlights:

- ▶ LHeC accelerator Development
  - ▶ Emilia CRUZ ALANIZ
- ▶ Electroweak and top physics at energy frontier DIS
  - ▶ Christian SCHWANENBERGER
- ▶ Parton distributions in the proton from the LHeC
  - ▶ Voica Ana Maria RADESCU
- ▶ eA collisions at the LHeC and FCC
  - ▶ Guilherme TEIXEIRA DE ALMEIDA MILHANO
- ▶ LHeC detector design and simulation
  - ▶ Paul NEWMAN

# e-p at HERA .. and beyond



- ▶ At HERA, extensive tests of QCD, measurements of  $\alpha_s$  and base for PDF fits in x range relevant for hadron colliders
- ▶ But also:
  - ▶ New limits for leptoquarks, excited electrons and neutrinos, quark substructure and compositeness, RPV SUSY etc.

The LHeC, proposed in 2005, has been developed in the last years:

<http://cern.ch/LHeC>

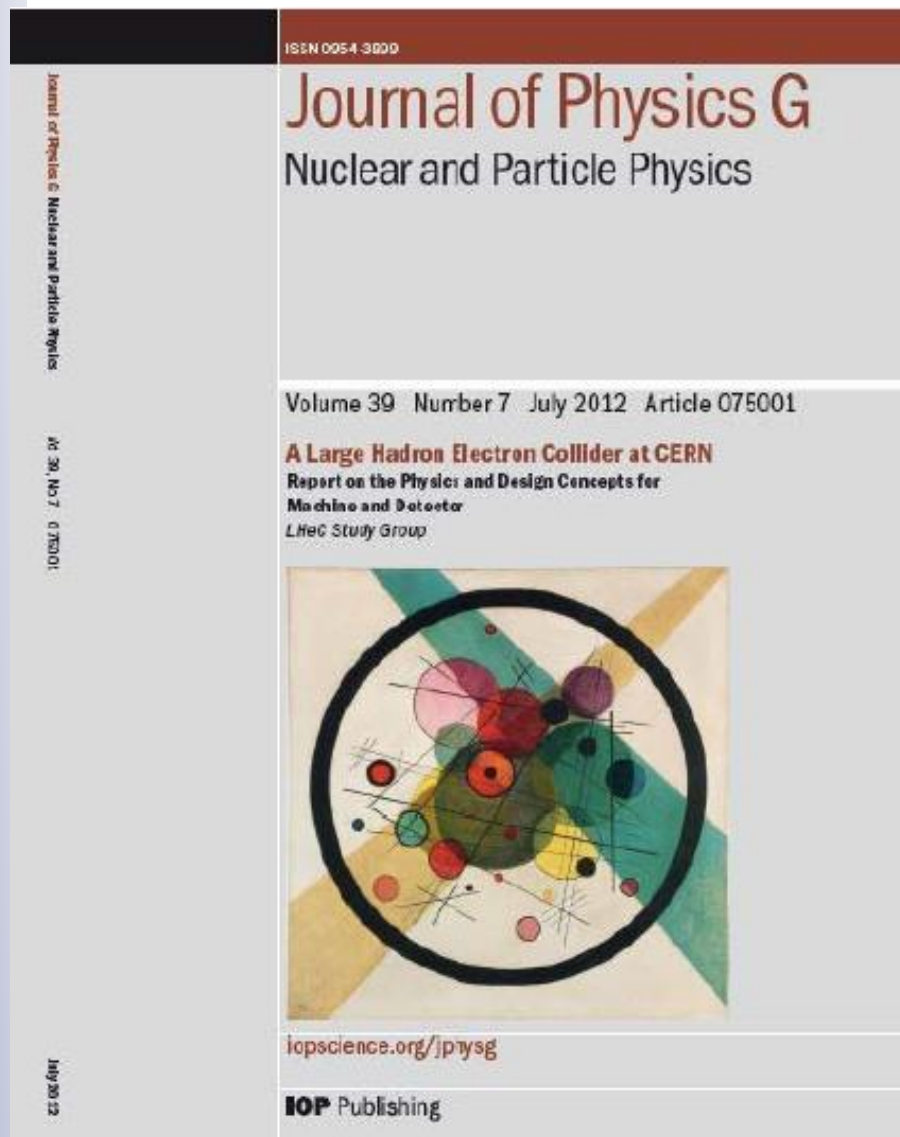
**Tevatron/HERA/LEP → HL-LHC/LHeC/(ILC?)**

(fermiscale)

(Terascale)

(or, the complementarity pattern)

# LHeC: Conceptual Design Report (July 2012) and more



- ▶ 630 pages summarising 5 years of studies commissioned by CERN, ECFA and NuPECC
- ▶ About 200 participants, 69 institutes
- ▶ Further updates
  - ▶ 'A Large Hadron Electron Collider at CERN' arXiv:1211.4831
  - ▶ 'On the relation of the LHeC and the LHC' arXiv:1211.5102
  - ▶ 'The Large Hadron Electron Collider' arXiv:1305.2090
  - ▶ 'Dig Deeper' Nature Physics 9 (2013) 448
- ▶ Regular workshops and presentations in Conferences

# Coordination group for future DIS at CERN

## ► Toward a concrete planning: **International Advisory Committee**

The IAC was invited in 12/13 by the DG with the following

Guido Altarelli (Rome) \*)  
Sergio Bertolucci (CERN)  
Frederick Bordry (CERN)  
Stan Brodsky (SLAC)  
Hesheng Chen (IHEP Beijing)  
Andrew Hutton (Jefferson Lab)  
Young-Kee Kim (Chicago)  
Victor A Matveev (JINR Dubna)  
Shin-Ichi Kurokawa (Tsukuba)  
Leandro Nisati (Rome)  
Leonid Rivkin (Lausanne)  
Herwig Schopper (CERN) - **Chair**  
Jurgen Schukraft (CERN)  
Achille Stocchi (LAL Orsay)  
John Womersley ( )

### **Mandate 2014-2017**

Advice to the LHeC Coordination Group and the CERN directorate by following the development of options of an ep/eA collider at the LHC and at FCC, especially with:

Provision of scientific and technical direction for the physics potential of the ep/eA collider, both at LHC and at FCC, as a function of the machine parameters and of a realistic detector design, as well as for the design and possible approval of an ERL test facility at CERN.

Assistance in building the international case for the accelerator and detector developments as well as guidance to the resource, infrastructure and science policy aspects of the ep/eA collider.

See also Panel discussion at the recent LHeC workshop (Chavannes, 20-21 Jan 2014) H. Schopper slides:

<https://indico.cern.ch/event/278903/contribution/55>

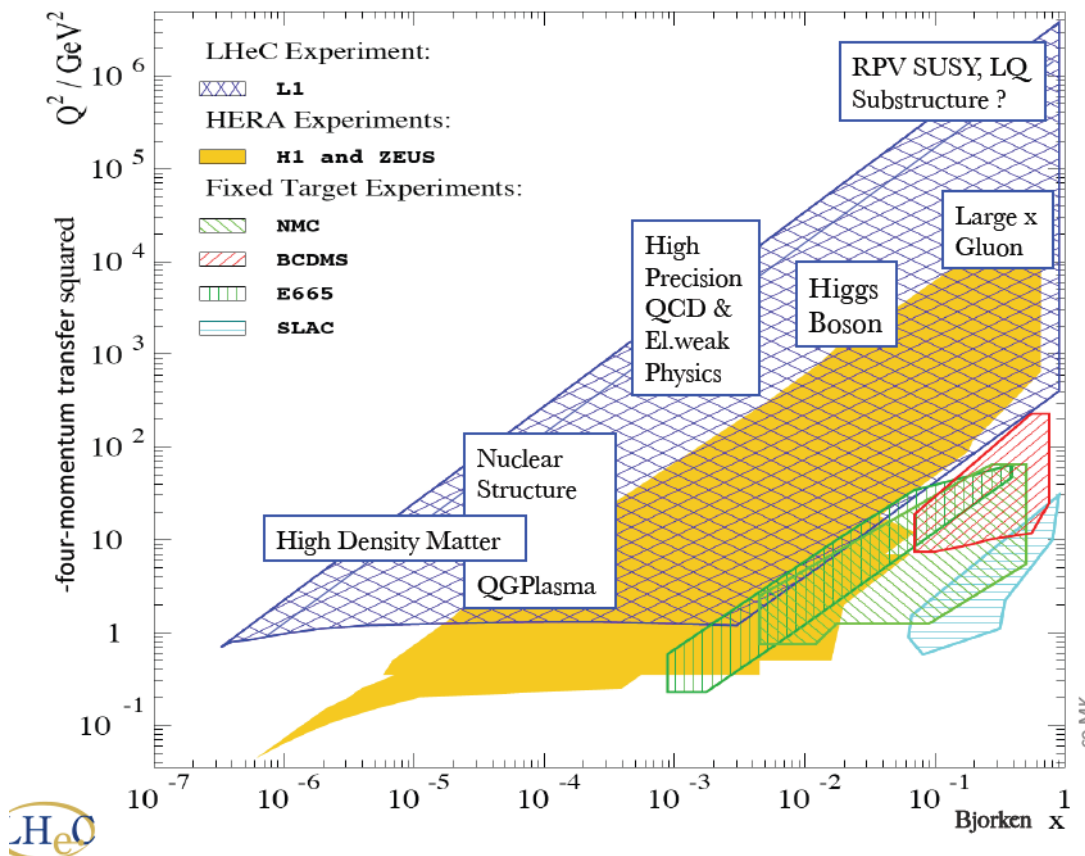
\*) IAC Composition February 2014+  
Oliver Brüning Max Klein ex officio



# The LHeC

- Unique opportunity to take lepton-hadron physics to the TeV centre-of-mass scale at high luminosity

LHeC:  $E_e = 60$  GeV,  $\sqrt{s} = 1.3$  TeV



Designed to exploit intense **hadron beams** in high luminosity phase of LHC running from mid 2020s:

→ Use 7 TeV protons

→ Add an **electron beam** to the LHC

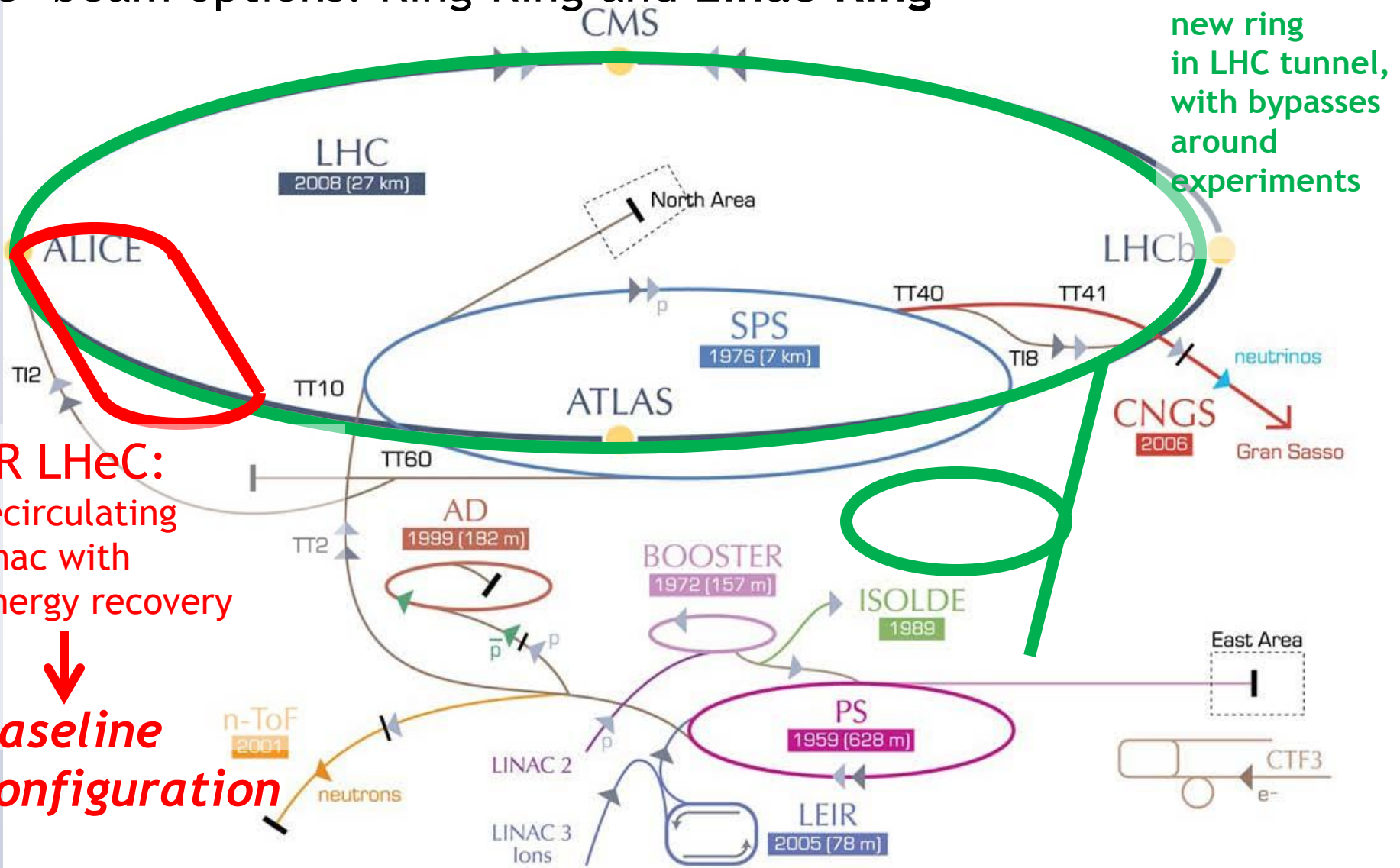
# The LHeC 'facility'

$e^\pm$  beam options: Ring-Ring and Linac-Ring

**RR LHeC:**  
new ring  
in LHC tunnel,  
with bypasses  
around  
experiments

**LR LHeC:**  
recirculating  
linac with  
energy recovery

↓  
**baseline  
configuration**





# The LHeC baseline parameters

Luminosity [ $10^{33}\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ ]	1-10**
Detector acceptance [deg]	1
Polarization [%]	90
IP beam sizes [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]	7
Crossing angle [mrad]	0
e- $L^*$ [m]	30
Proton $L^*$ [m]	15
e- $\beta_{x,y}^*$ [m]	0.12
Proton $\beta_{x,y}^*$ [m]	0.1
Synchrotron power [kW]	10

$e^-p$  and  $e^+p$  collisions (possibly with similar luminosity)

→ 60 GeV (ele), 7 TeV proton

$e^-/e^+$  polarization

Operations  
simultaneous with  
HL-LHC  $pp$  physics

- ▶ ep Lumi:  $10^{33}$  ( $10^{34}$ )\*\*  $\text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$  (\*\*: according to recent studies)
- ▶ 10-100  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  per year
- ▶ 100  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  - 1  $\text{ab}^{-1}$  total
- ▶ eD and eA collisions integral part of the programme
  - ▶ e-nucleon Lumi estimates →  $10^{31}$  ( $10^{32}$ )  $\text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$  for eD (ePb)

# LHeC Physics

- ▶ Rich physics program for e-q physics at TeV energies:
  - ▶ Precision QCD,EWK physics
  - ▶ **Higgs measurements** and searches for BSM
  - ▶ Complimentarities to LHC physics program and boosting its precision (eg PDF at high  $x$ )

arXiv:1211.4831+5102

QCD Discoveries	$\alpha_s < 0.12$ , $q_{sea} \neq \bar{q}$ , instanton, odderon, low $x$ : (n0) saturation, $\bar{u} \neq \bar{d}$
Higgs	$WW$ and $ZZ$ production, $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ , $H \rightarrow 4l$ , CP eigenstate
Substructure	electromagnetic quark radius, $e^*$ , $\nu^*$ , $W?$ , $Z?$ , top?, $H?$
New and BSM Physics	leptoquarks, RPV SUSY, Higgs CP, contact interactions, GUT through $\alpha_s$
Top Quark	top PDF, $xt = x\bar{t}?$ , single top in DIS, anomalous top
Relations to LHC	SUSY, high $x$ partons and high mass SUSY, Higgs, LQs, QCD, precision PDFs
Gluon Distribution	saturation, $x \approx 1$ , $J/\psi$ , $\Upsilon$ , Pomeron, local spots?, $F_L$ , $F_2^c$
Precision DIS	$\delta\alpha_s \simeq 0.1\%$ , $\delta M_c \simeq 3\text{ MeV}$ , $v_{u,d}$ , $a_{u,d}$ to 2 – 3 %, $\sin^2 \Theta(\mu)$ , $F_L$ , $F_2^b$
Parton Structure	Proton, Deuteron, Neutron, Ions, Photon
Quark Distributions	valence $10^{-4} \lesssim x \lesssim 1$ , light sea, $d/u$ , $s = \bar{s}?$ , charm, beauty, top
QCD	$N^3\text{LO}$ , factorisation, resummation, emission, AdS/CFT, BFKL evolution
Deuteron	singlet evolution, light sea, hidden colour, neutron, diffraction-shadowing
Heavy Ions	initial QGP, nPDFs, hadronisation inside media, black limit, saturation
Modified Partons	PDFs “independent” of fits, unintegrated, generalised, photonic, diffractive
HERA continuation	$F_L$ , $xF_3$ , $F_2^{\gamma Z}$ , high $x$ partons, $\alpha_s$ , nuclear structure, ..

Table 3: Schematic overview on key physics topics for investigation with the LHeC.

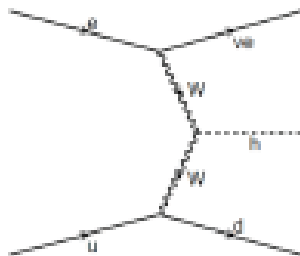
# Higgs measurements at LHeC

**CC**

LO SM Higgs Production

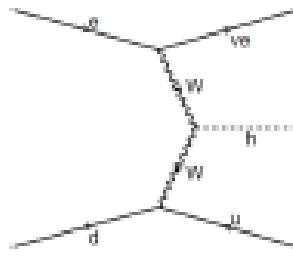
e-p (swap charges for e+p)

$e^- u^- \rightarrow \nu_e h d^-$



around 80-80%

$e^- d^- \rightarrow \nu_e h u^-$



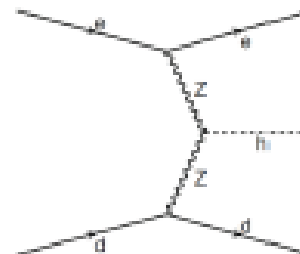
around 10-20%

**NC**

LO SM Higgs Production

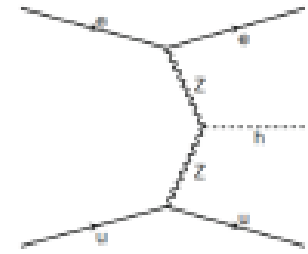
e-p (swap charges for e+p)

$e^- d^- \rightarrow e^- h d^-$



around 1/3

$e^- u^- \rightarrow e^- h u^-$



around 1/3

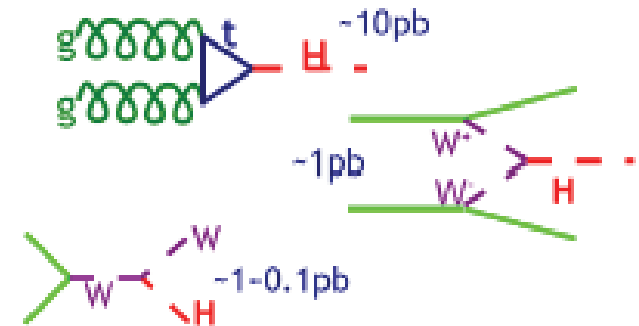
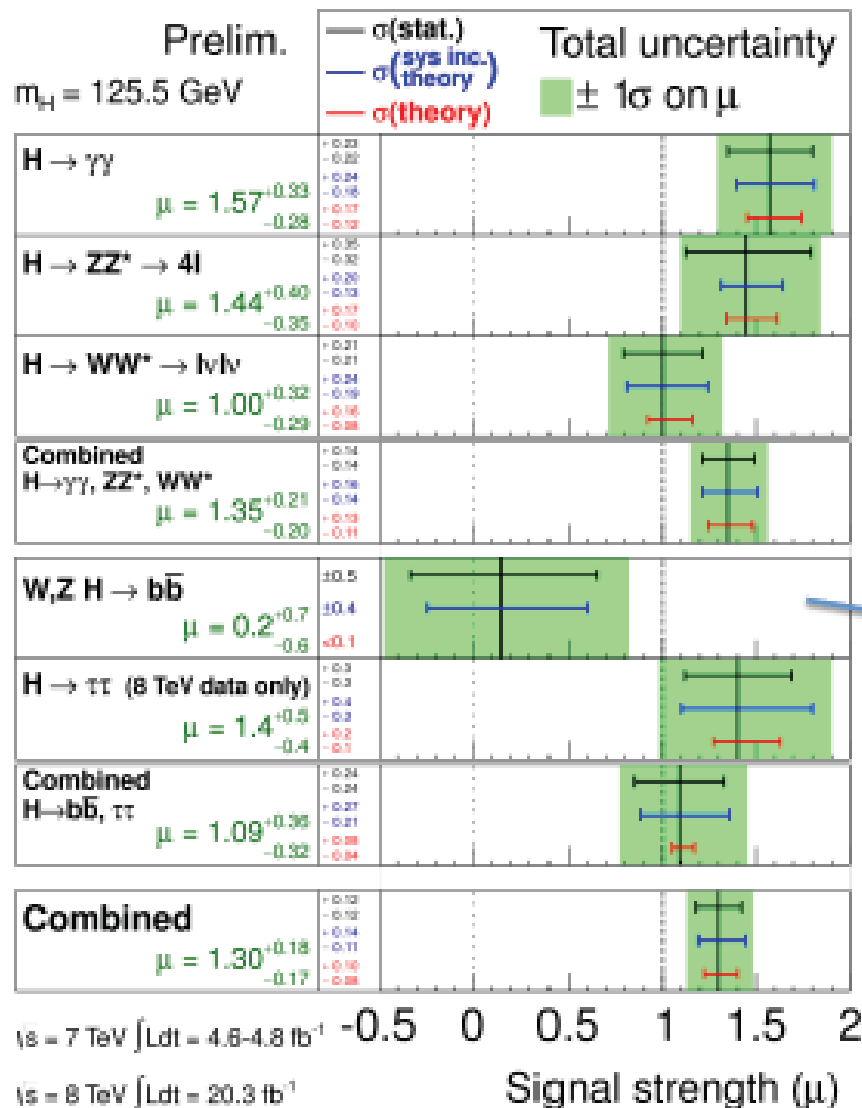
***200 fb for CC, 25 fb for NC (polarized e beam)***

- ***Less than LHC BUT less difficult***
- ***Comparable to ILC***

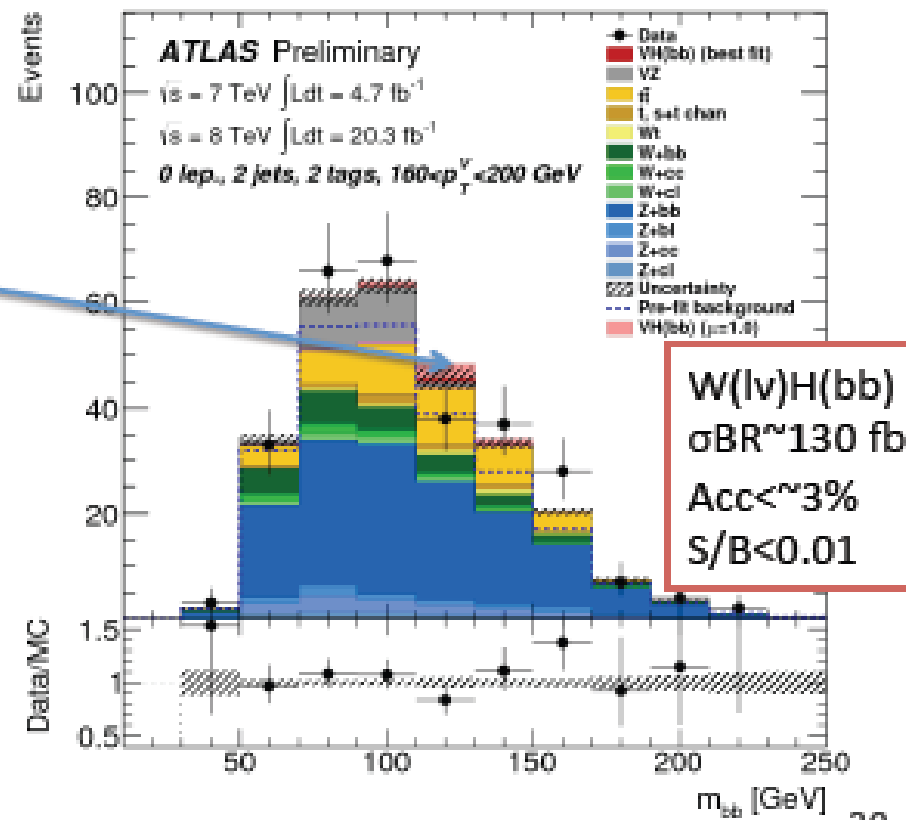
***In other words, GREAT POTENTIAL!***

# Status of the art on Higgs: ATLAS example

ATLAS-CONF-2014-009



ATLAS-CONF-2013-079

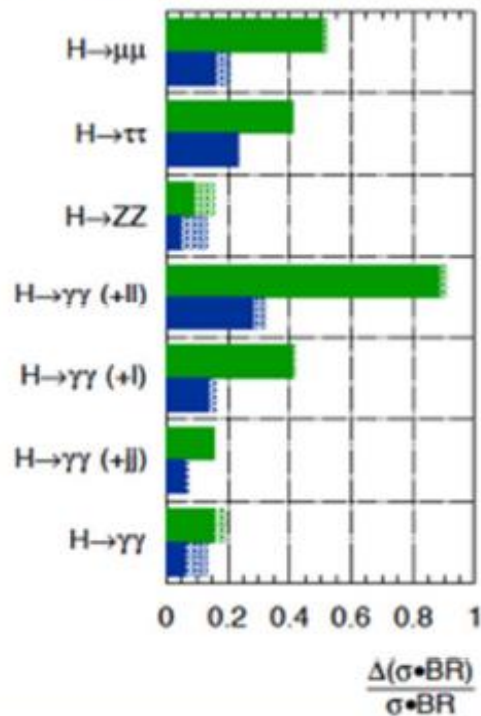


# Higgs in $pp$ HL-LHC and PDF uncertainties

- Studies for High Luminosity LHC shows that PDF uncertainties will be a limiting factor for several channels at the HL-LHC
- With LHeC:** huge improvements in PDFs and precision in  $\alpha_s \rightarrow$  full exploitation of LHC data for Higgs physics

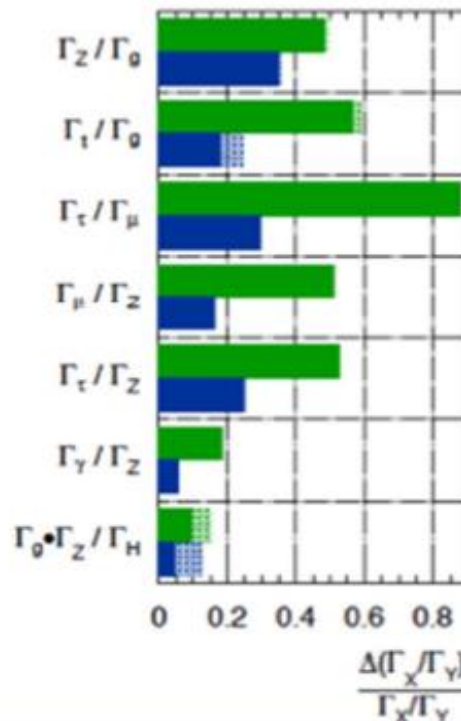
ATLAS Preliminary (Simulation)

$\sqrt{s} = 14$  TeV:  $\int L dt = 300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ;  $\int L dt = 3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

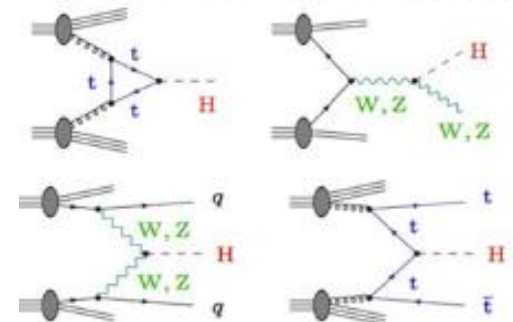


ATLAS Preliminary (Simulation)

$\sqrt{s} = 14$  TeV:  $\int L dt = 300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ;  $\int L dt = 3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



Processes at hadron colliders ( $p\bar{p}/pp$ ):

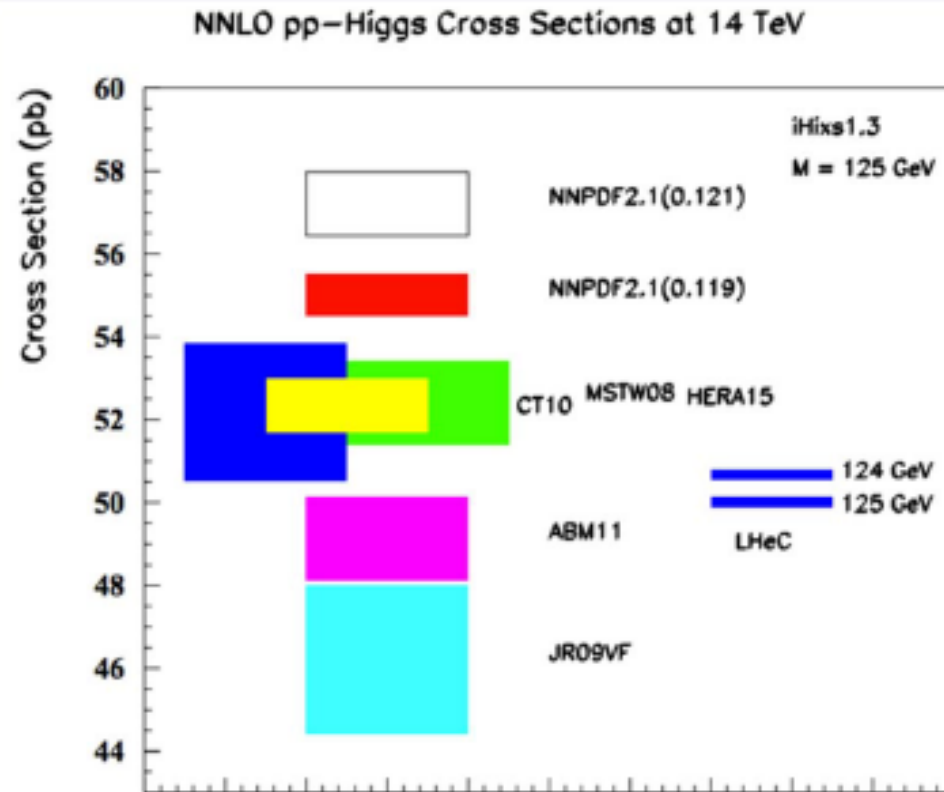


Dashed regions:  
scale & PDF  
contributions

- Similar conclusion and relations expected for FCC-he  $\leftrightarrow$  FCC-hh

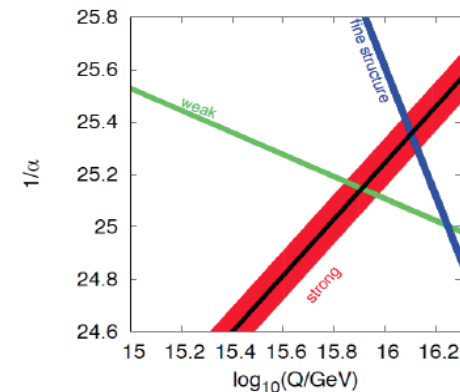
# Higgs in $pp$ HL-LHC and PDF uncertainties

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- With LHeC:** huge improvements in PDFs and precision in  $\alpha_s \rightarrow$  full exploitation of LHC data for Higgs physics



$\alpha_s$  = underlying parameter relevant for unc. (0.005  $\rightarrow$  10%)  
@ LHeC: measure to permille accuracy (0.0002)

**$\rightarrow$  precision from LHeC can add a very significant constraint on the Higgs mass *but also:***

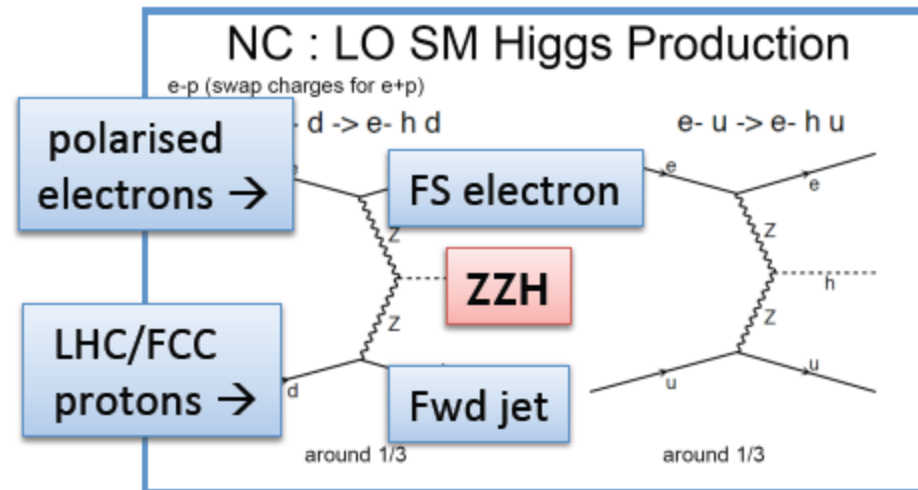
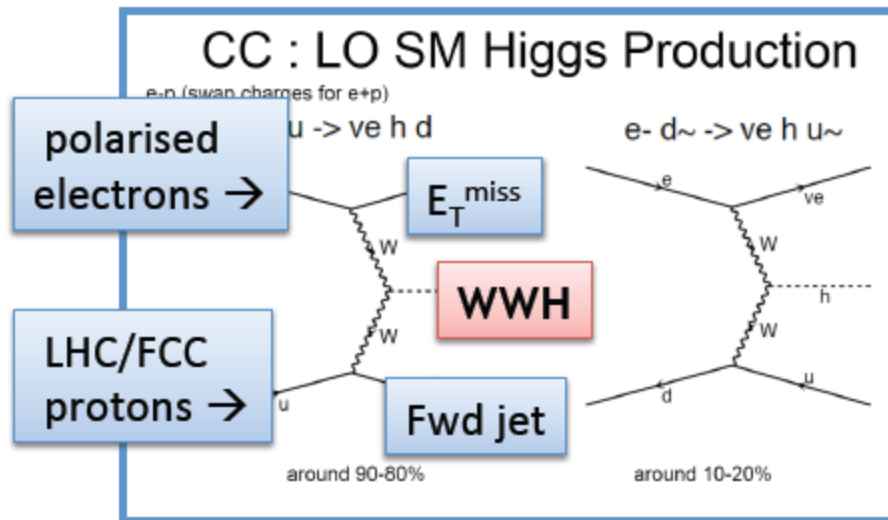


*Study unification of couplings*

- Similar conclusion and relations expected for FCC-he  $\leftrightarrow$  FCC-hh



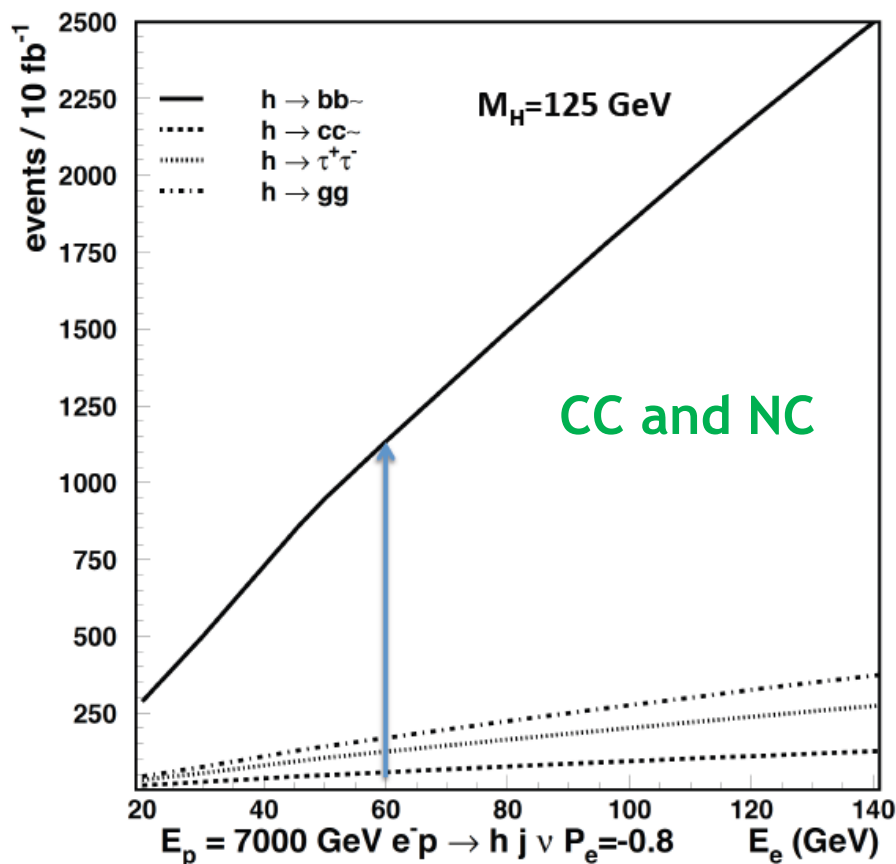
# Study of Higgs production at e-p



In ep, direction of FS quark is well defined.  
 Angles defined w.r.t. proton beam.

- ▶ **WWH and ZZH vertices** can be probed uniquely and simultaneously
- ▶ Energy Recovery Linac: high electron polarization, 80-90%  $\rightarrow$  lead to twice the CC rates!
- ▶ NLO QCD corrections in DIS small wrt to pp
- ▶ **For Higgs:** shape distortions of kinematic distributions up to 20% due to NLO QCD
- ▶ QED corrections: up to 5% [i.e.: arXiv:1001.3789]

# Higgs Production rate at LHeC



**$M_h = 125$  GeV**  
polarised lepton beam

$E_e = 60$  GeV :  $\sqrt{s} = 1.3$  TeV

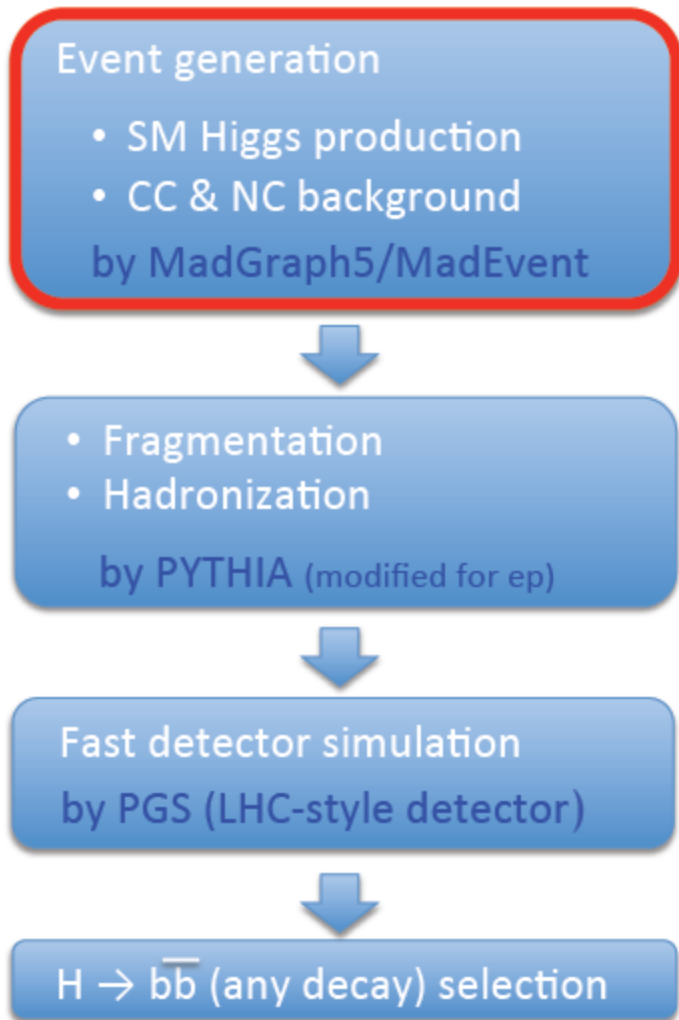
	CC $e^-p$	CC $e^+p$	NC $ep$	CC $hh$
cross section [fb]	109	58	20	0.01
polarised cross section [fb] $P = -80\%$	<b>196</b>	N.A.	25	0.02

Total event rate for 10 fb<sup>-1</sup>

= 1 month of high luminosity running using 60 GeV LINAC

**1100 events  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  ; 140 events  $H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ ; 60 events  $H \rightarrow c\bar{c}$**

# Analysis framework



- Calculate cross section with tree-level Feynman diagrams using pT of scattered quark as scale (CDR:  $\hat{s}$ ) for ep processes like single t, Z, W, H

→ Standard HERA tools can NOT to be used !

- **NEW:** full update for Madgraph5 v2.1 (CDR: MG4)
- **Higgs mass 125 GeV as default since MG5 v2.1** (CDR: 120 GeV)
- MG5 and Pythia fully interfaced to most modern LHAPDF → test of LHeC PDFs
- Fragmentation & hadronisation uses ep-customised Pythia.

**Any other model (UFO) can be easily tested**  
→ **non-SM higgs, SUSY etc.**

**Valid for ep only.**

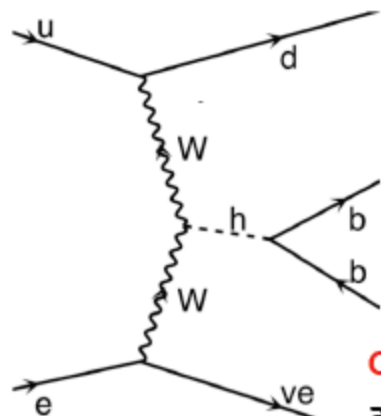
*Courtesy of U.Klein*

# Example from CDR: Generated samples

Graphs by MadGraph

Signal

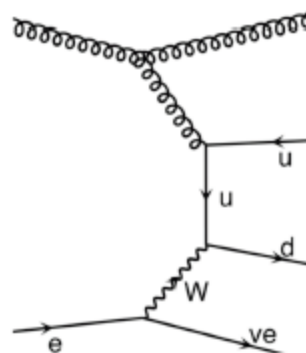
CC:  $H \rightarrow \bar{b}b$  (BR  $\sim 0.7$  at  $M_H=120\text{GeV}$ )



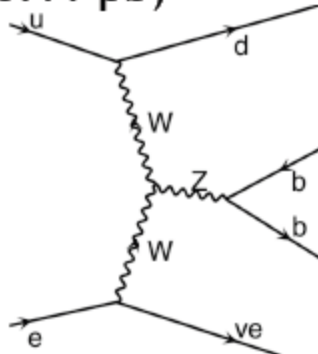
$\sigma \sim 0.16 \text{ pb}$   
at  $\sqrt{s}=2.05\text{TeV}$

Background (examples)

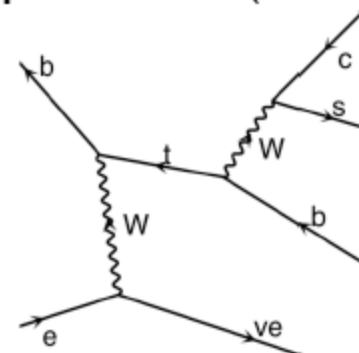
CC: 3 jets ( $\sim 57 \text{ pb}$ )



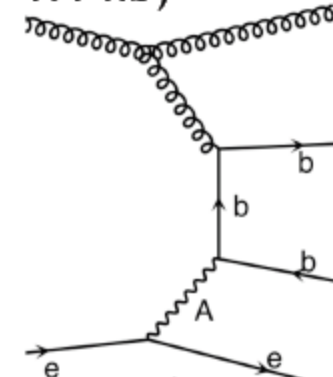
CC: Z production ( $\sim 0.11 \text{ pb}$ )



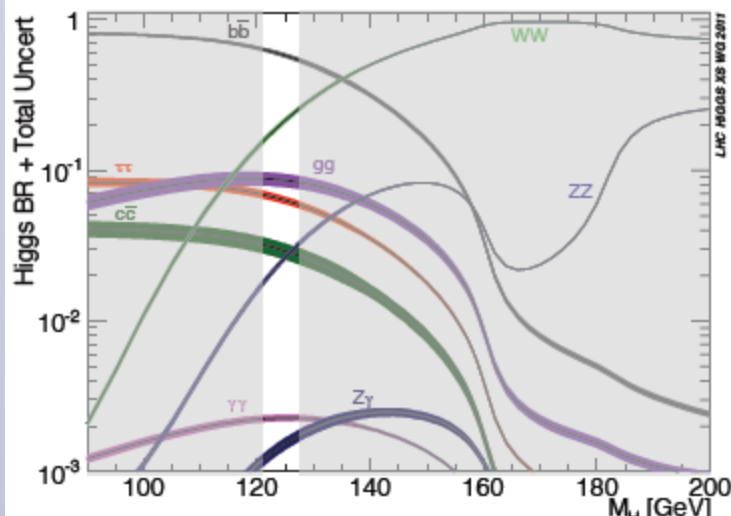
CC: single top production ( $\sim 4.1 \text{ pb}$ )



NC: b pair production ( $\sim 1.1 \text{ nb}$ )



NOTE: Background sample cross sections are after pre-selection in generator and for  $E_e=150 \text{ GeV}$



# $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ @ LHeC: CDR studies ( $m_H=120$ GeV)

## NC DIS rejection:

- ▶ Exclude electron-tagged e
- ▶  $E_{T, \text{Miss}} > 20$  GeV,  $N_{\text{jet}}(p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}) \geq 3$
- ▶  $E_{T, \text{total}} > 100$  GeV
- ▶  $y_{JB} > 0.9$ ,  $Q^2_{JB} > 400 \text{ GeV}^2$

## B-tagging:

- ▶ Assume flat efficiency  $\approx 60\%$  (10% c-tag, 1% mistag rate)
- ▶  $N_{b\text{-jet}} \geq 2$  (20 GeV threshold)

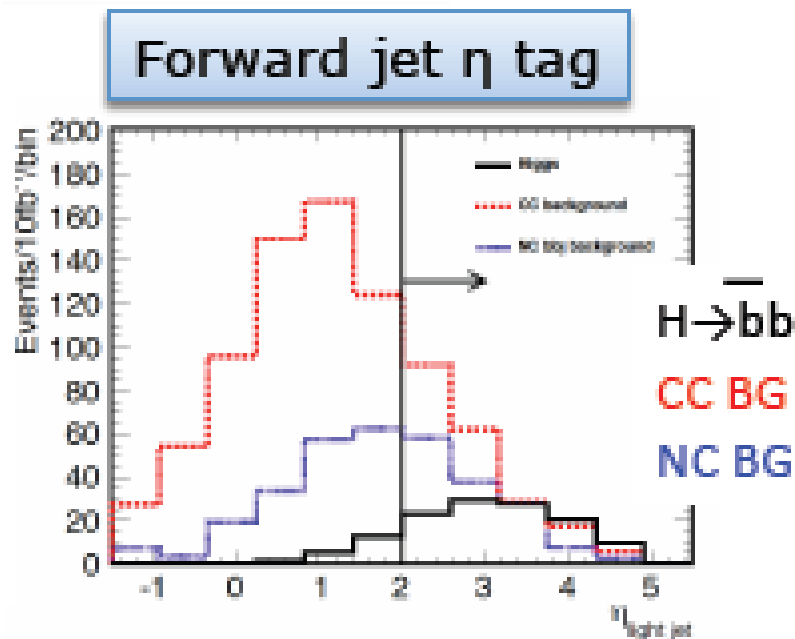
## $90 < M(\text{higgs}) < 120$ GeV

## Single top rejection (>40% of total remaining background):

- ▶  $M_{jj, \text{top}} > 250$  GeV
- ▶  $M_{jj, W} > 130$  GeV

## Forward jet tagging

- $\eta_{\text{jet}} > 2$  (lowest eta jet, anti-btagged)



For  $10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ , unpolarized beam and  $E_e=150$  GeV, reach  $S/\sqrt{B} \sim \mathcal{O}(10)$

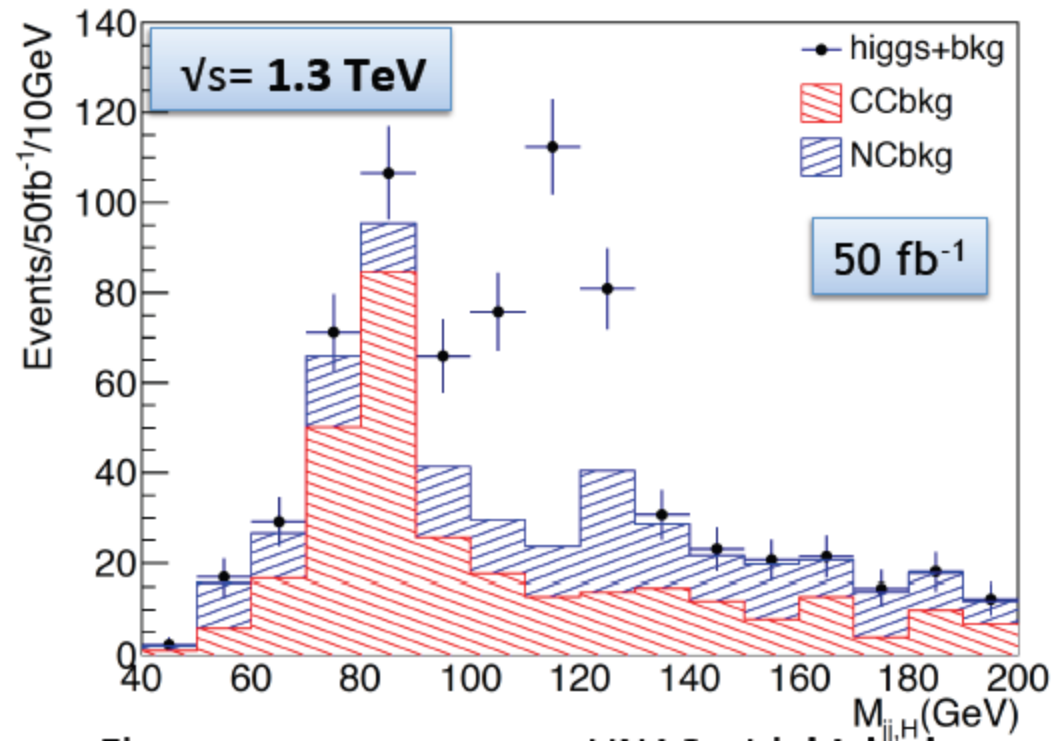
# $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ @ LHeC: most recent results

- ▶ Use similar approach, cut and count analysis:

- ▶ Very clear signal!

Masahiro Tanaka, BSc thesis,  
Tokyo Tech 2014

$M_H$ selection [100-130 GeV]	$E_e = 60$ GeV (50 fb <sup>-1</sup> , P=0)
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ signal	175
S/N	1.9
S/ $\sqrt{N}$	18.1



- ▶ LINAC with high  $e$  polarization of about 90%  $\rightarrow$  around 10K Higgs!
  - ▶ Allow  $Hbb$  coupling measurements with 1% statistical precision (1 ab<sup>-1</sup>)
  - ▶  $H \rightarrow c\bar{c}$  channel also under study
    - ▶ Low but still ‘taggable’ charm-jets  $\rightarrow$  Clean environment wrt  $pp$

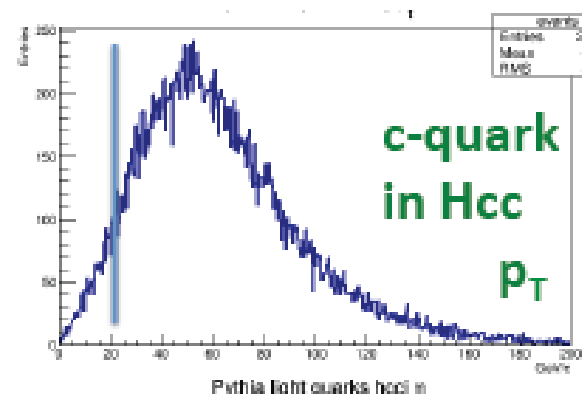
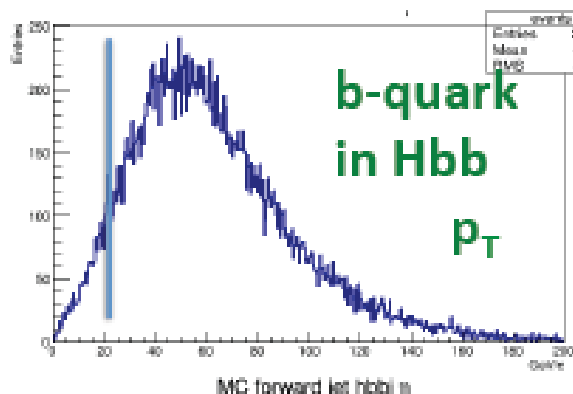


# H → b $\bar{b}$ and c $\bar{c}$ kinematic

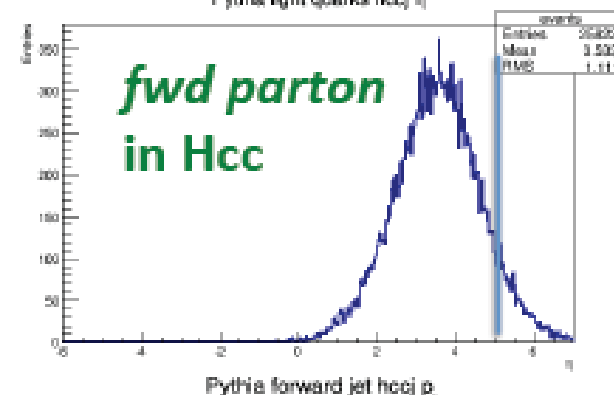
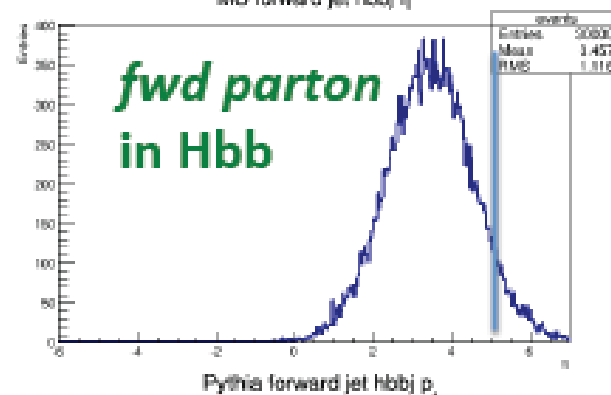
U.Klein

$\sqrt{s} = 1.3 \text{ TeV}$

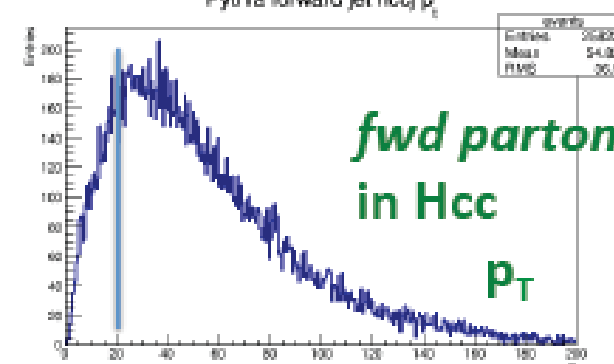
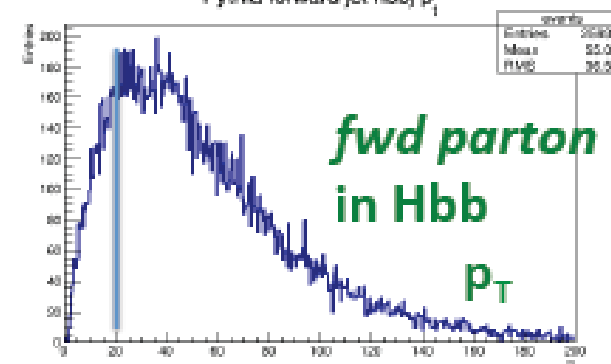
pythia-level  
 $p_T$



pythia-level  
 $\eta(\text{fwd parton})$



pythia-level  
 $p_T(\text{fwd parton})$



# Higgs → tau tau

- ▶ Feasibility studies on going
- ▶ Reasonable cross sections (expect 10% of  $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ )
- ▶ Promising channels:
  - ▶  $\mu^+ \text{ tau\_had}$
  - ▶  $\mu^- \text{ tau\_had}$
  - ▶  $\text{tau\_had tau\_had}$
  - ▶  $e^+ \mu$
- ▶ The main background will come from di-tau production:

## SubProcesses and Feynman diagrams

Directory	# Diagrams	# Subprocesses	FEYNMAN DIAGRAMS	SUBPROCESS
P0_lq_vltaptamq	10	2	<a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">postscript</a>	$e^- u \rightarrow \nu_e t a^+ t a^- d, e^- c \rightarrow \nu_e t a^+ t a^- s$
	10	2	<a href="#">html</a> <a href="#">postscript</a>	$e^- d \rightarrow \nu_e t a^+ t a^- u, e^- s \rightarrow \nu_e t a^+ t a^- c$

40 diagrams (20 independent).

Reducible thanks to  
Hard cuts that can  
be applied on tau  
 $p_T$  and di-tau mass

- ▶ Next step is to look into the prospects of fakes, although if these channels are possible at the LHC → also possible at the LHeC!

# CP properties of the Higgs

- At the LHeC: unique access to HWW  $\rightarrow$  searches for BSM exploring CP properties of HVV, since CP-even and CP-odd states would be differently modified by new physics

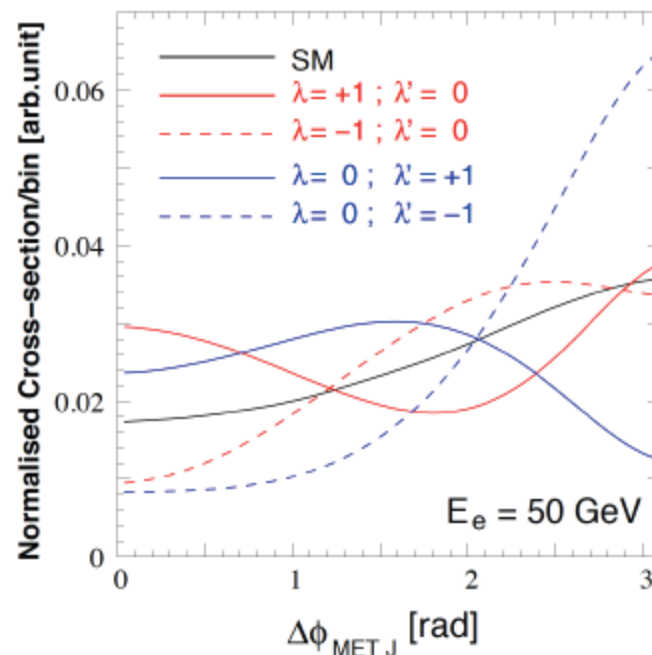
$$\Gamma_{(SM)}^{\mu\nu}(p, q) = g M_W g^{\mu\nu}$$

$\rightarrow$

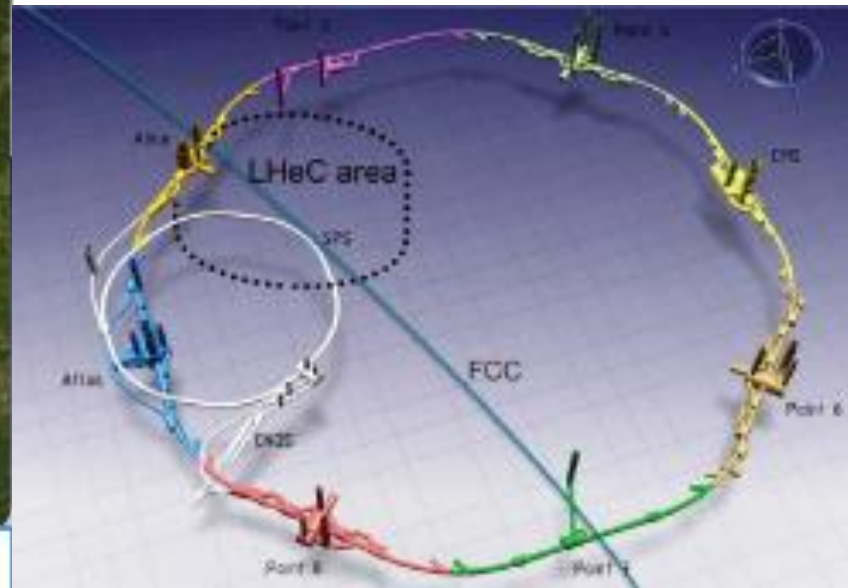
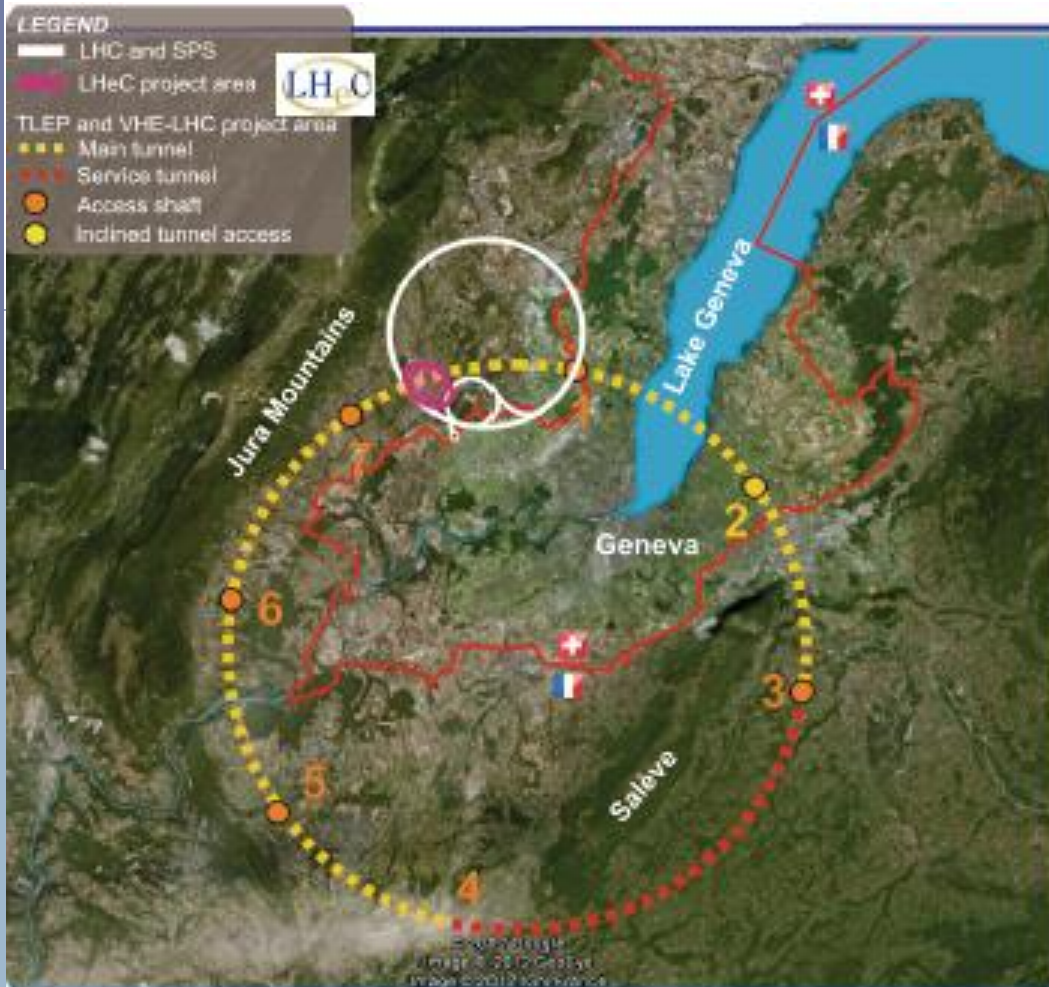
$$\Gamma_{\mu\nu}^{(BSM)}(p, q) = \frac{-g}{M_W} [\lambda (p \cdot q g_{\mu\nu} - p_\nu q_\mu) + i \lambda' \epsilon_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} p^\rho q^\sigma]$$

- Analysis of LHC data indicate consistency with the SM 0+ hypothesis. However, we need to understand if there is a mixture of physics beyond the SM, even within the 0+ hypothesis.

Study shape changes in DIS  
normalised CC Higgs  $\rightarrow$   $b\bar{b}$   
x-sect VS  $\Delta\phi$ (MET-forward jet)



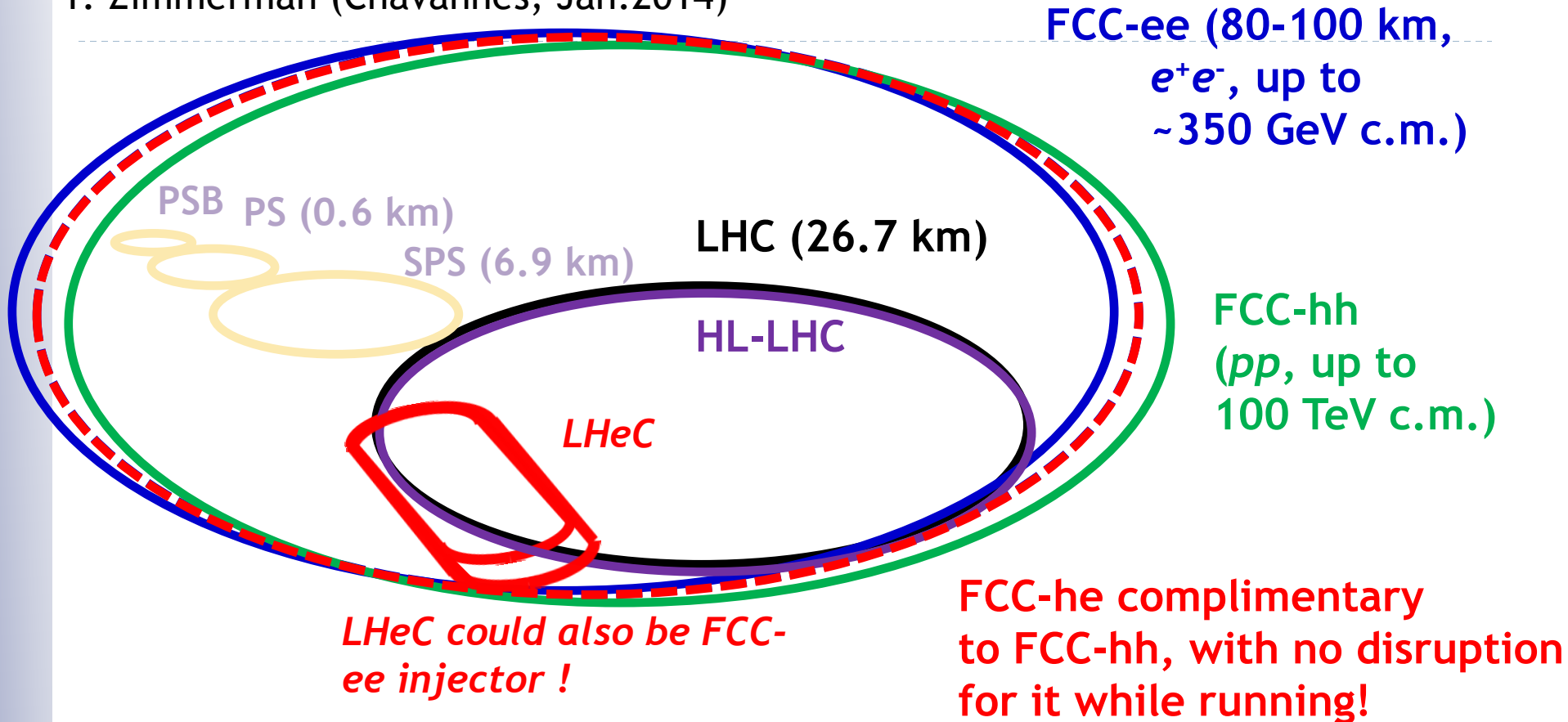
# Beyond the LHeC: the FCC-he



\*) "Civil Engineering Feasibility Studies for Future Ring Colliders at CERN", Contributed by O.Brüning, M.Klein, S.Myers, J.Osborne, L.Rossi, C.Waaijer, F.Zimmerman to IPAC13 Shanghai

# Possible view of FCC complex

F. Zimmerman (Chavannes, Jan.2014)

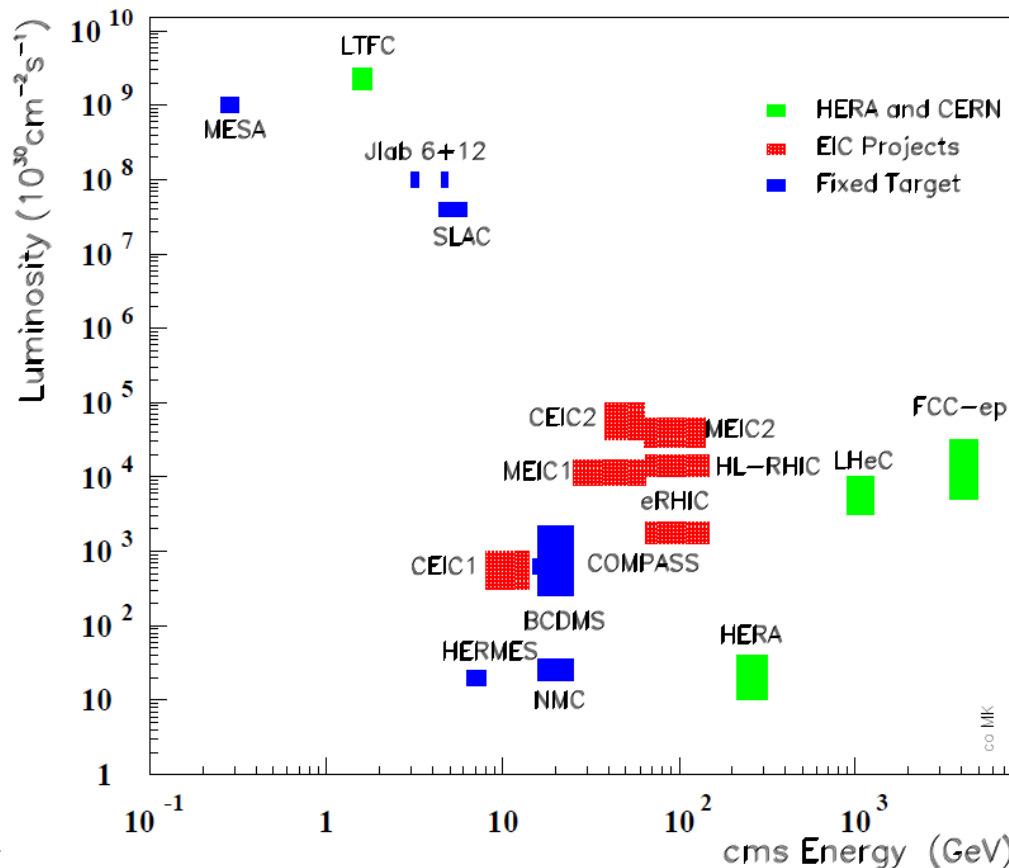


LHeC/FCC-he:  $e^\pm$  (60-175 GeV) -  $p$  (7 and/or 50 TeV) collisions  
 $\geq 50$  years  $e^+e^-$ ,  $pp$ ,  $e^\pm p/A$  physics at highest energies!

# From the LHeC to the FCC-he

Tevatron/HERA/LEP → HL-LHC/LHeC/(ILC?) → FLHC/FHeC/FLC  
(fermiscale) (Terascale) (Multi-Terascale)

Lepton-Proton Scattering Facilities



## Lepton-Proton Scattering Facilities

Realistic opportunity  
for energy frontier DIS  
→ 3-4 order of  
magnitude higher lumi  
wrt HERA; huge step in  
energy ( $Q^2, 1/x$ )



# FCC-he preliminary parameters

---

**$e^-$  energy = 60, 120 GeV up to 175 GeV**  
( $e^+$  option open)

Energy recovery is 60 GeV  
Ring-Ring might go up to 175 GeV

**$p$  energy = 50 TeV**

**CM energy [TeV] = 3.5 (60 GeV  $e$ ), 4.9 (120 GeV  $e$ )**

**IP spot size determined by  $p$**

# DIS: from HERA to FCC-he

**High  $Q^2$**

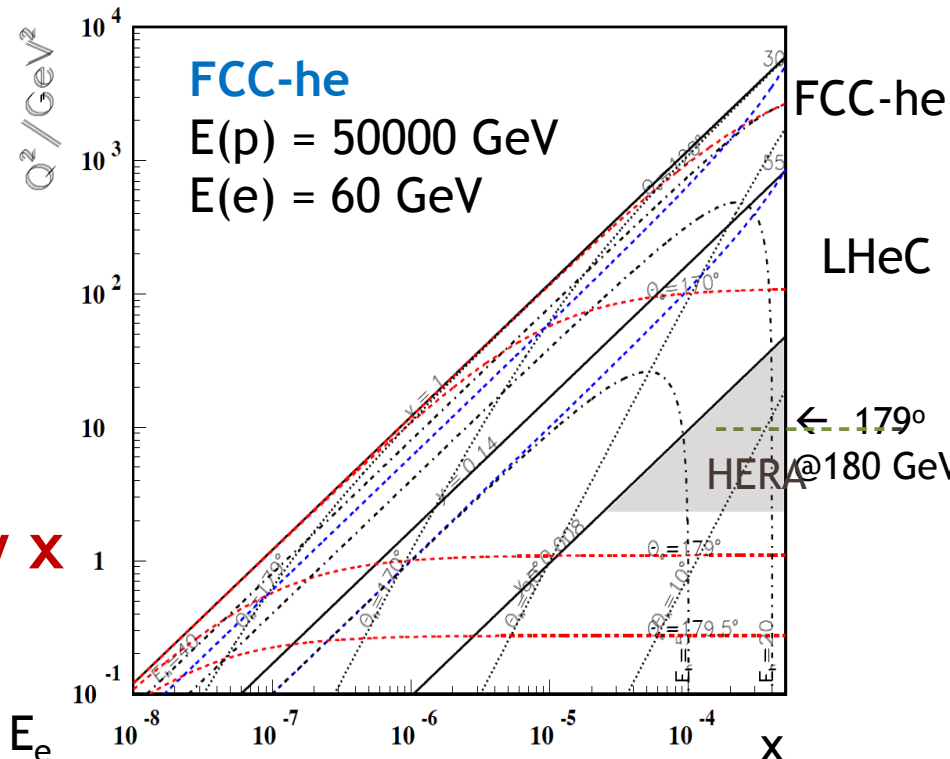
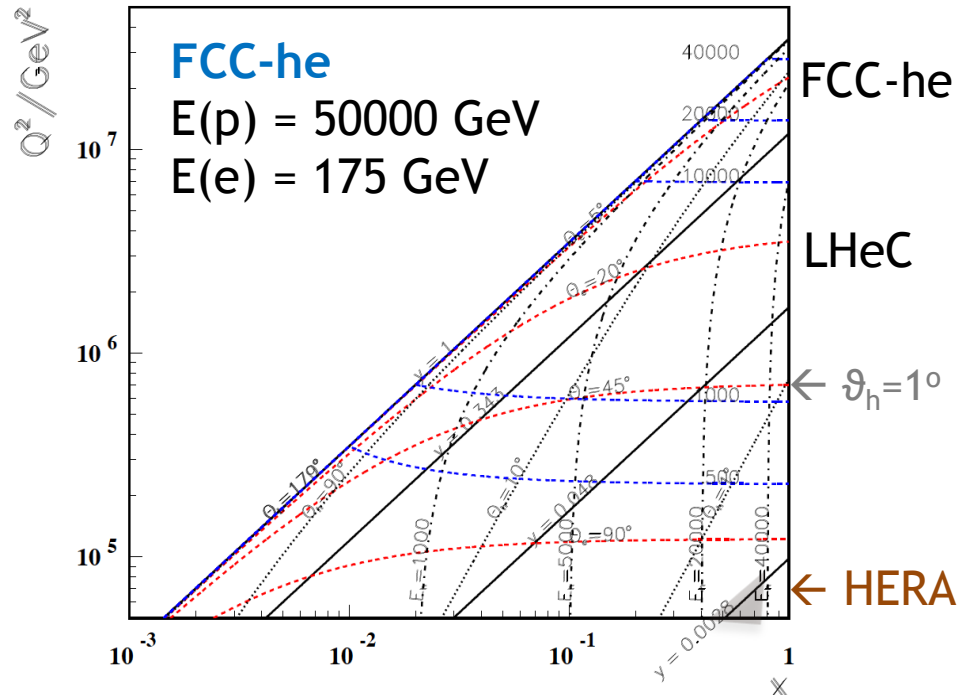
Rutherford backscattering  
of dozens of TeV e- energy

**Low  $x$ :**

$Q^2_{\min} \sim E_e^2 \rightarrow$  keep 60 GeV electrons

**Large  $x$ :**

need very fwd tracking  
(@ 1 degree)



**Low  $x$**

.. very low  $x$   
requires not  
the maximum of  $E_e$

## ▶ LHeC requirements:

- ▶ High acceptance silicon tracking system
- ▶ Liquid Argon Electromagnetic Calorimeter
- ▶ Iron-Scintillator Hadronic Calorimeter
- ▶ Forward-Backward asymmetry in energy deposited hence in calorimeters geometry and technology: Si/W, Si/Cu

## ▶ Detectors design:

- ▶ 14m x 9m (e.g.: CMS 21m x 15m; ATLAS 45m x 25m)
- ▶  $e/\gamma$  taggers ZDC, proton spectrometer integral to design from outset system providing tagging
  - ▶ At -62 m(e), 100m( $\gamma$ ,LR), -22.4m( $\gamma$ ,RR), +100m(n), +420m(p)

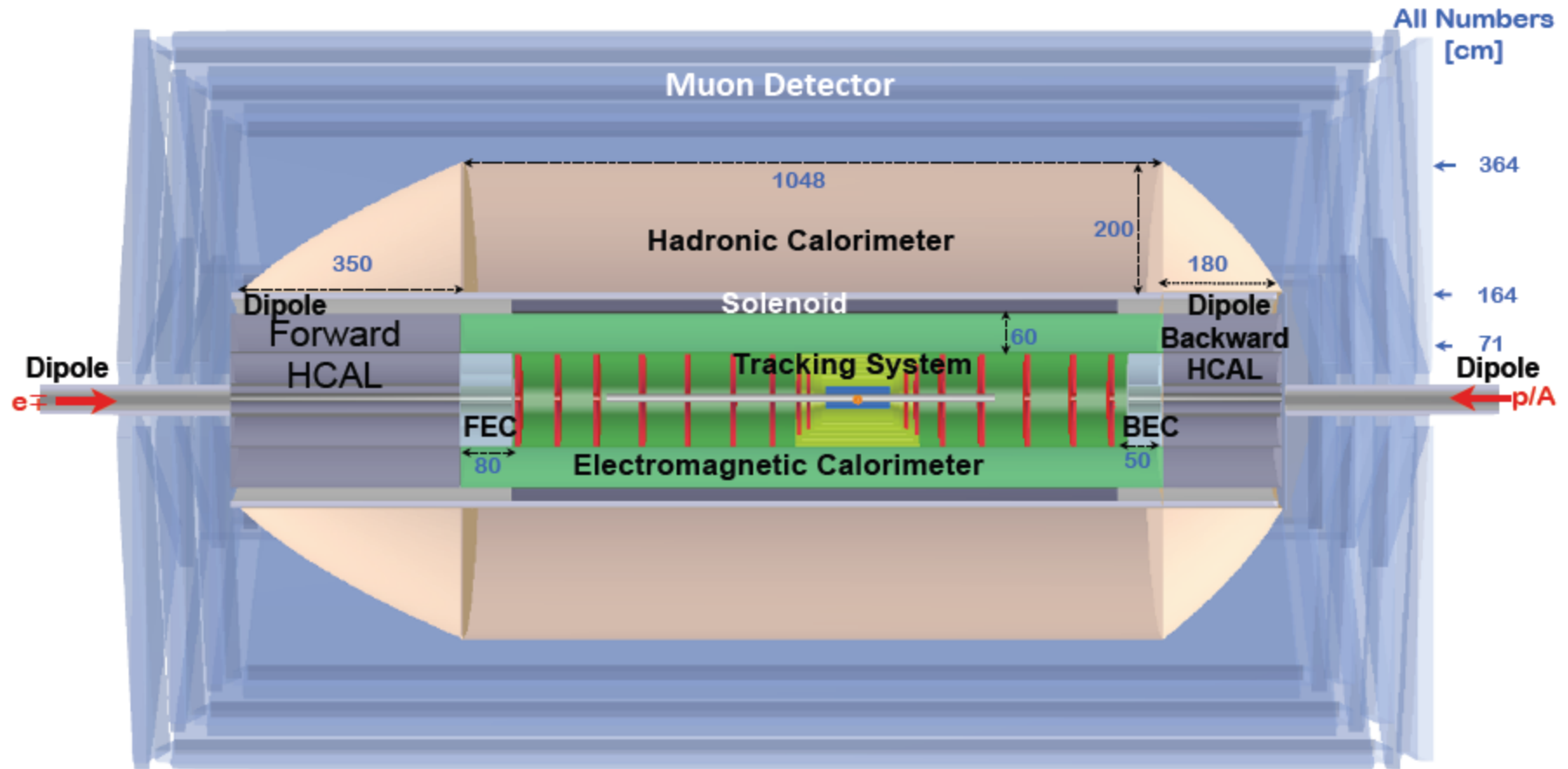
## ▶ Magnets:

- ▶ Solenoid (3.5 T) + dual dipole 0.3 T
- ▶ Might be embedded into EMC Lar Cryogenic System
  - ▶ Performance and impact of dead material in EMC-HAC sections under studies

**FCC-he detector requirements very similar!**

# FCC-he detector layout

- ▶ Longer than LHeC in p direction (x 2 for calorimeters to contain showers)
- ▶ Same or slightly longer in electron direction (about 1.3 for 120 GeV)



Alessandro Pollini and Peter Kostka

<https://indico.cern.ch/event/282344/session/15/contribution/100/material/slides/0.pdf>

# Physics Highlights

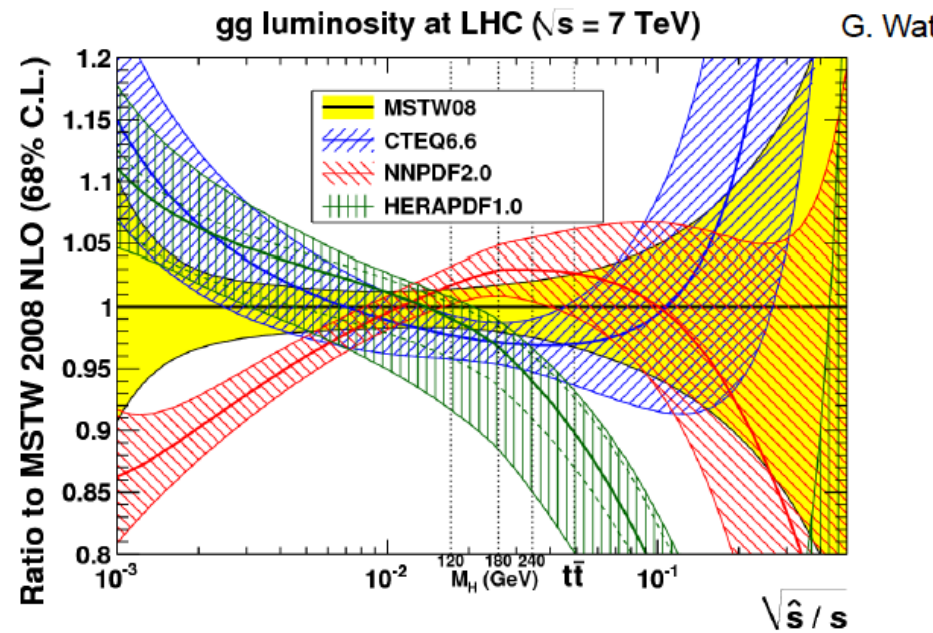
- PDF fits, measurements of  $\alpha_s$  and impact on higgs/BSM
- Higgs measurements ( $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  or  $c\bar{c}$ , HHH couplings)
- New Physics (CI, LQ, RPV SUSY)
- EWK measurements ( $\sin^2\theta_W$ )

# PDF fits @ 100 TeV

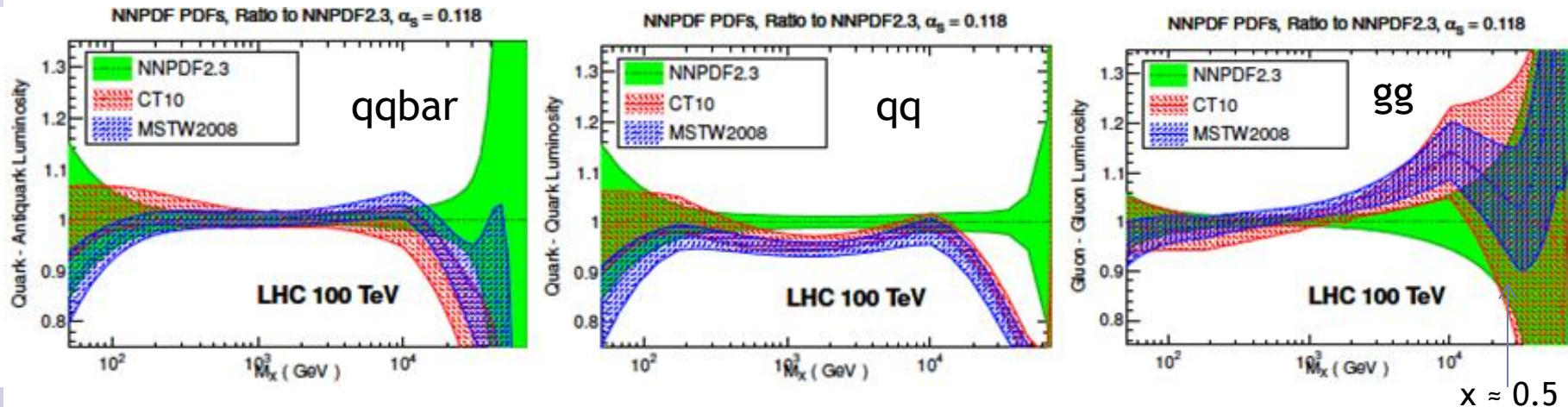
## ► Current status →

Need to know the PDFs much better than now at low and high  $x$

- E.g.: for QCD development, q-g dynamics, Higgs measurements and searches



The LHC will provide further constraints, but a new level of precision in determination of PDFs can only be achieved with the e-p



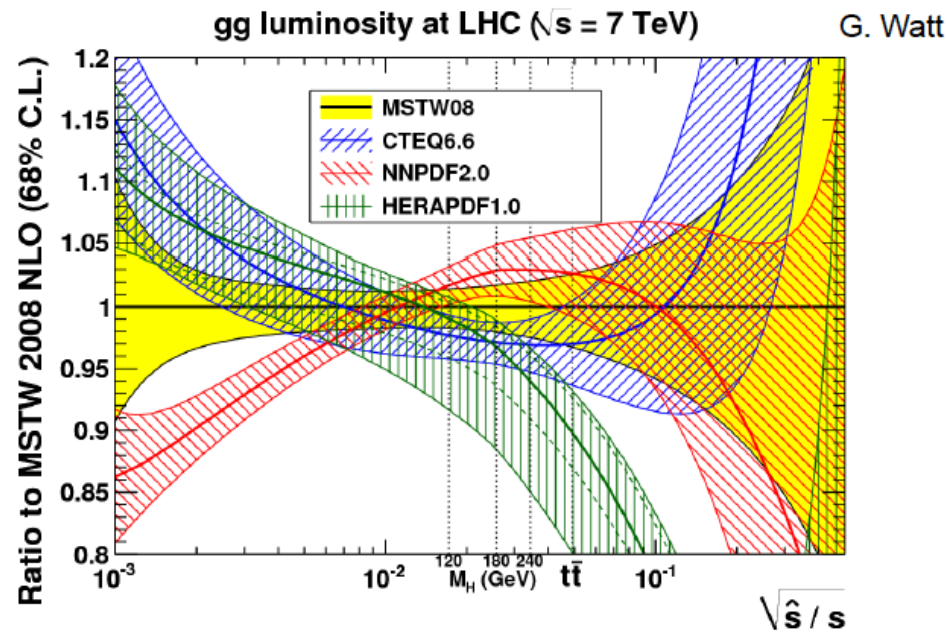


# PDF fits

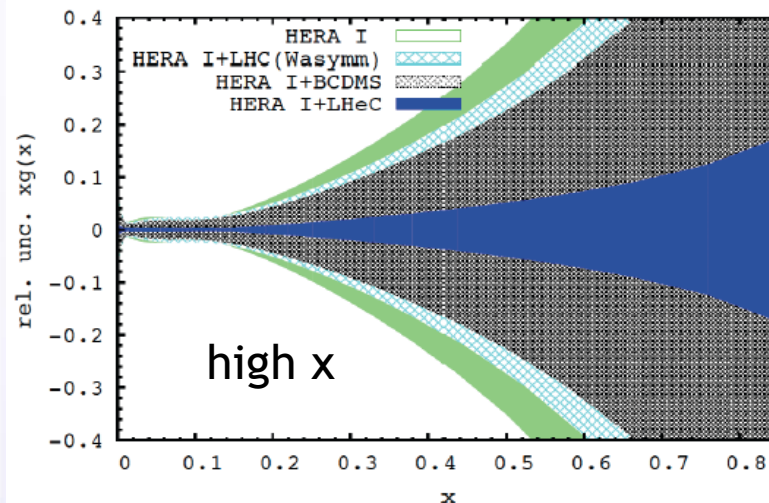
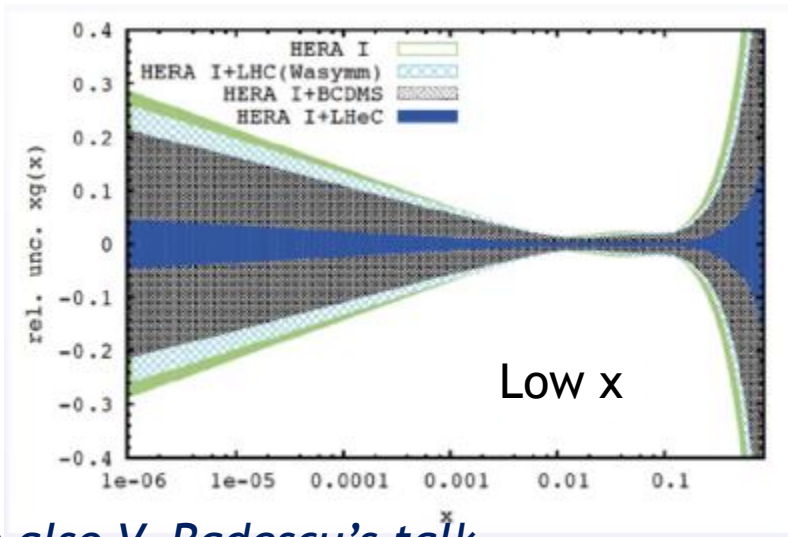
## ► Current status →

Need to know the PDFs much better than now at low and high  $x$

- E.g.: for QCD development, q-g dynamics, Higgs measurements and searches



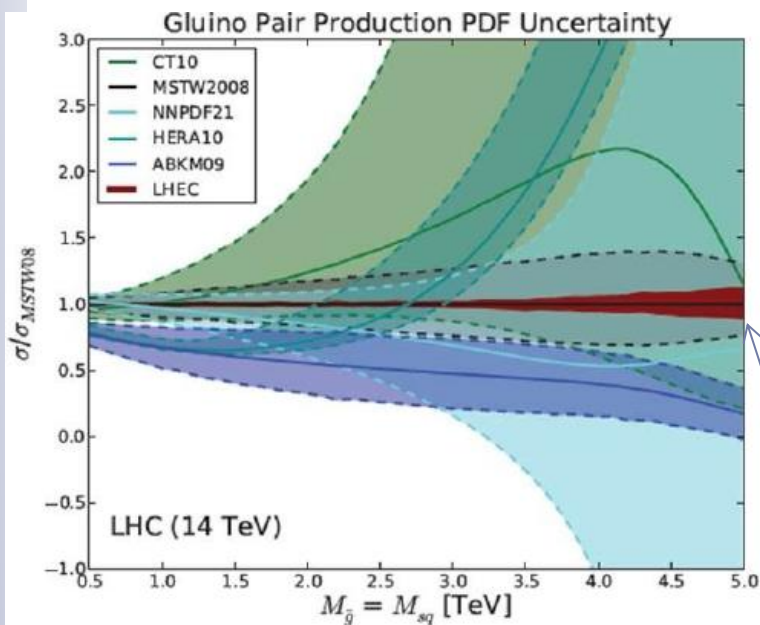
Example gluon PDF at the LHeC (blue band):  $< 5\%$  at  $x=10^{-6}$  and  $x=0.5$



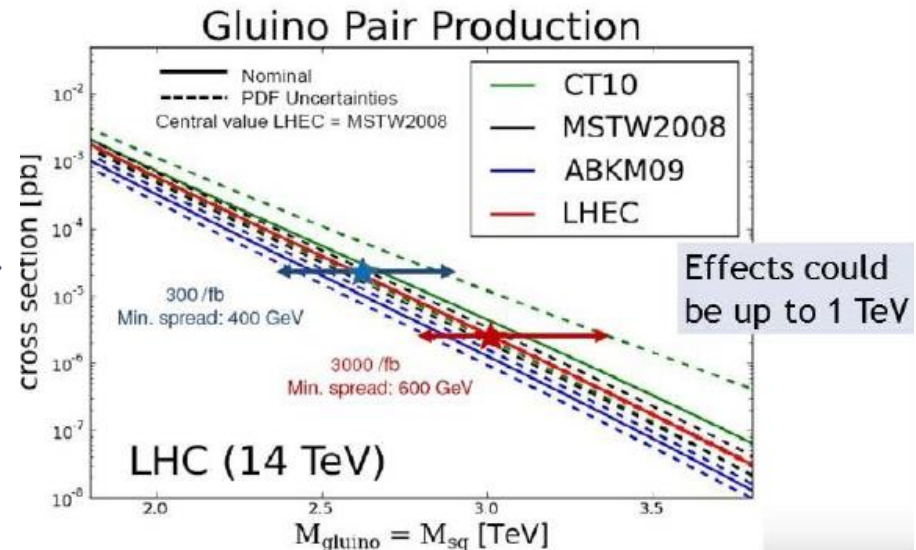
See also V. Radescu's talk

# Impact of high-x PDF on HL-LHC/FCC-hh

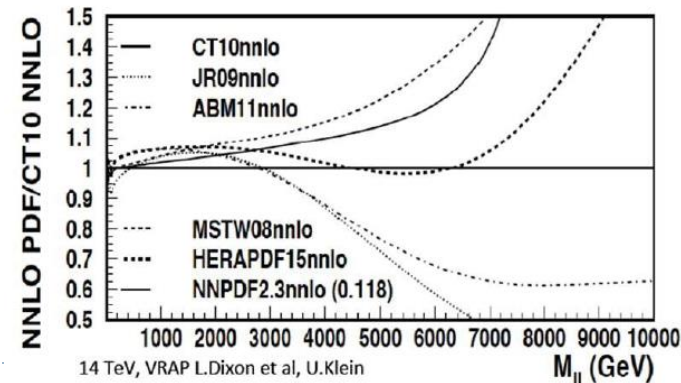
- Searches near HL-LHC / FCC-hh kinematic boundary may ultimately be limited by knowledge of PDFs (especially gluon at  $x \rightarrow 1$ )
- Example: gluino production at HL LHC  $\rightarrow$  Dependency on discovery potential and exclusion limits at 300 and 3000 /fb for 14 TeV c.o.m.



**LHeC prospects**

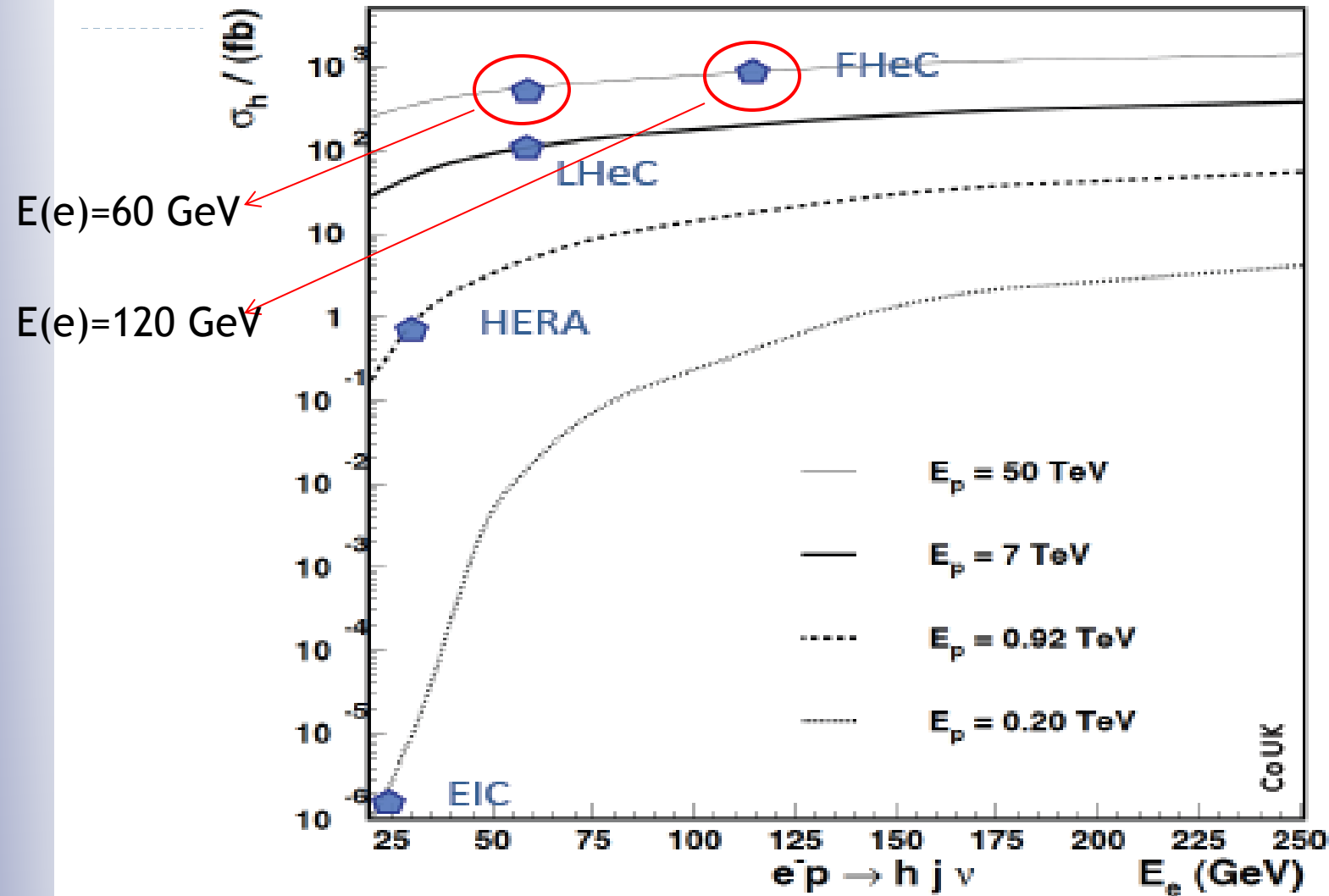


Similar conclusions for other non-resonant BSM signals involving high  $x$  partons (e.g. contact interactions signal in Drell Yan)



14 TeV, VRAP L.Dixon et al, U.Klein

# Higgs production rate: LHeC $\rightarrow$ FCC-he



- Charged current ep: cross section much larger than  $e^+e^-$

# Higgs production rate: LHeC $\rightarrow$ FCC-he (II)


Higgs in $e^-p$		CC - LHeC	NC - LHeC	CC - FHeC
Polarisation		-0.8	-0.8	-0.8
Luminosity [ $\text{ab}^{-1}$ ]		1	1	5
Cross Section [fb]		196	25	850
Decay	BrFraction	$N_{CC}^H$	$N_{NC}^H$	$N_{CC}^H$
$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	0.577	113 100	13 900	2 450 000
$H \rightarrow c\bar{c}$	0.029	5 700	700	123 000
$H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	0.063	12 350	1 600	270 000
$H \rightarrow \mu\mu$	0.00022	50	5	1 000
$H \rightarrow 4l$	0.00013	30	3	550
$H \rightarrow 2l2\nu$	0.0106	2 080	250	45 000
$H \rightarrow gg$	0.086	16 850	2 050	365 000
$H \rightarrow WW$	0.215	42 100	5 150	915 000
$H \rightarrow ZZ$	0.0264	5 200	600	110 000
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	0.00228	450	60	10 000
$H \rightarrow Z\gamma$	0.00154	300	40	6 500

# Higgs production rate: LHeC $\rightarrow$ FCC-he (III)

**$M_h=125$  GeV**  
polarised lepton beam

$E_e=60$  GeV :  $\sqrt{s}=1.3$  TeV

$E_e=60$  GeV :  $\sqrt{s}=3.5$  TeV

	CC e <sup>-</sup> p	CC e <sup>+</sup> p	NC ep	CC hh	CC e <sup>-</sup> p	CC e <sup>+</sup> p	NC ep	CC hh
cross section [fb]	109	58	20	0.01	566	380	127	0.24
polarised cross section [fb] P=-80%	<b>196</b>	N.A.	25	0.02	<b>1019</b>	N.A.	<b>229</b>	<b>0.43</b> 

7 TeV LHC protons

and

50 TeV FCC protons

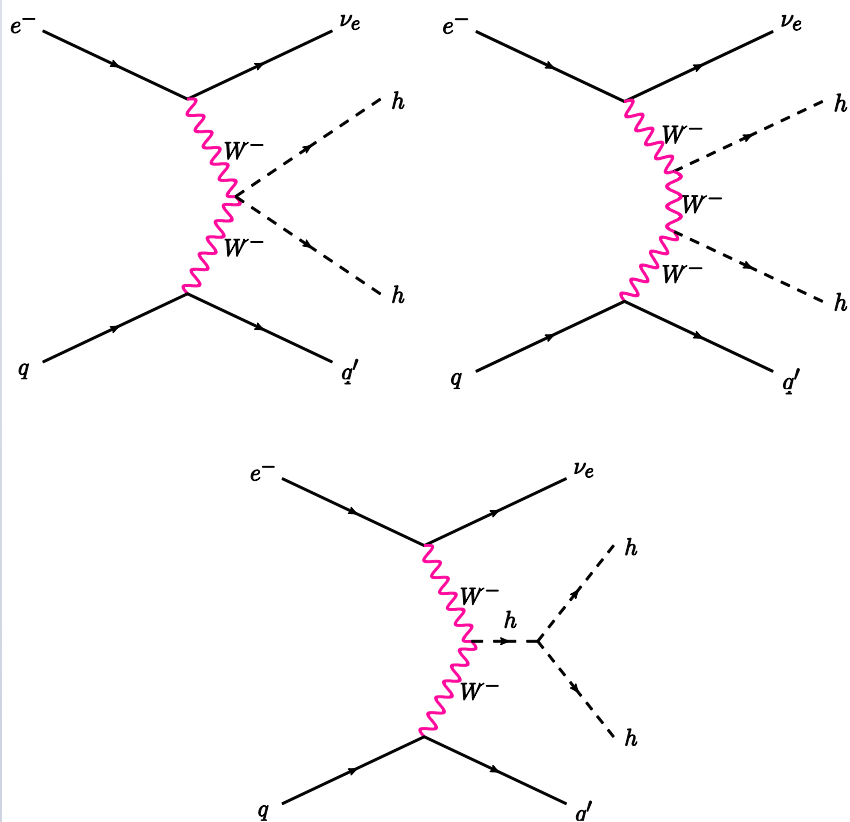
electrons from a 60 GeV energy recovery LINAC

Extremely high precision measurements of Hbb

Can also explore  $H \rightarrow HH$  !!

# Double higgs production @ 50 TeV

- ▶ Electron-proton collisions offer the advantage of reduced QCD backgrounds and negligible pile-up with the possibility of using the 4b final state ( $\sigma \times \text{BR}(\text{HH} \rightarrow 4b) = 0.08 \text{ fb}$ ).



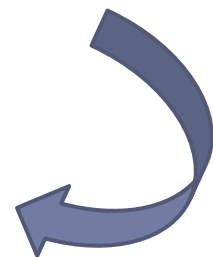
Processes	$E_e$ (GeV)	$\sigma(\text{fb})$	$\sigma_{eff}(\text{fb})$
$e^- p \rightarrow \nu_e h h j, h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	60	0.04	0.01
	120	0.10	0.024
	150	0.14	0.034

$$p_{T_{j,b}} > 20 \text{ GeV},$$

$$\cancel{E}_T > 25 \text{ GeV},$$

$$|\eta_j| < 5, \Delta R = 0.4.$$

Cross-sections for CC  $\text{HH} \rightarrow 4b$   
(branching ratios included)  
for unpolarized electron beam





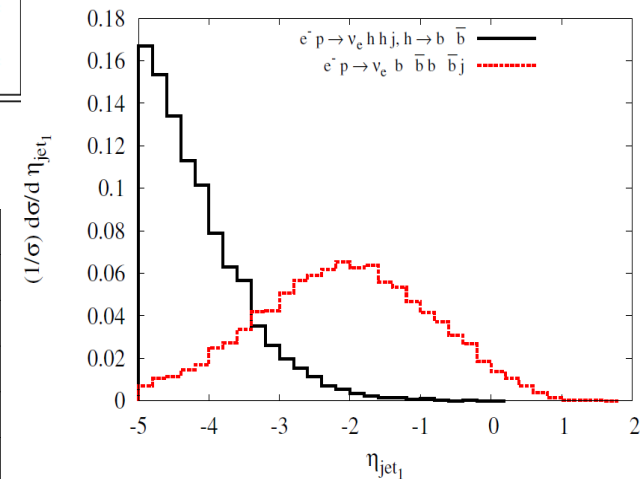
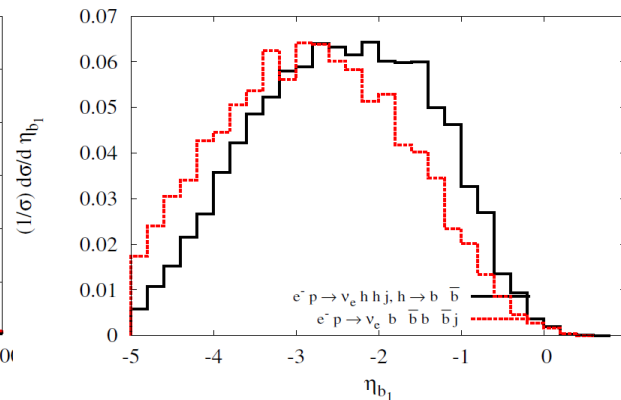
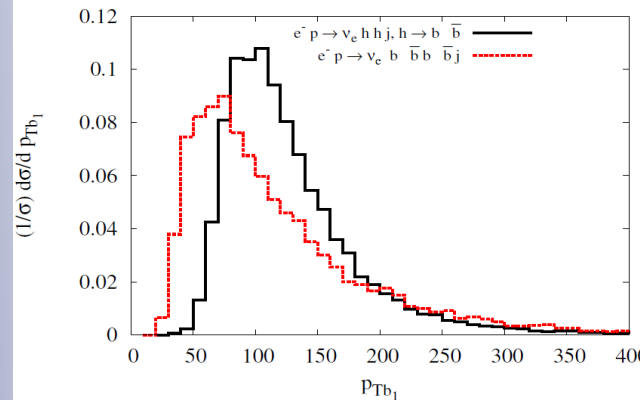
# First feasibility studies

- Cross-sections for CC backgrounds in fb for  $E_e=60, 120, 150$  GeV

Processes	$E_e = 60$ GeV		$E_e = 120$ GeV		$E_e = 150$ GeV	
	$\sigma(\text{fb})$	$\sigma_{eff}(\text{fb})$	$\sigma(\text{fb})$	$\sigma_{eff}(\text{fb})$	$\sigma(\text{fb})$	$\sigma_{eff}(\text{fb})$
$e^- p \rightarrow \nu_e b \bar{b} b \bar{b} j$	0.086	0.022	0.14	0.036	0.15	0.038
$e^- p \rightarrow \nu_e b \bar{b} c \bar{c} j$	0.12	$1.7 \times 10^{-5}$	0.36	$1.8 \times 10^{-3}$	0.44	$2.2 \times 10^{-3}$
$e^- p \rightarrow \nu_e c \bar{c} c \bar{c} j$	0.20	$1.0 \times 10^{-6}$	0.24	$3.4 \times 10^{-5}$	0.31	$4.3 \times 10^{-5}$
$e^- p \rightarrow \nu_e b \bar{b} j j j j$	26.1	$3.9 \times 10^{-3}$	54.2	0.008	67.5	0.01
$e^- p \rightarrow \nu_e c \bar{c} j j j j$	29.6	$9.5 \times 10^{-5}$	66.9	$2.0 \times 10^{-4}$	85.4	$2.7 \times 10^{-4}$
$e^- p \rightarrow \nu_e j j j j j j$	823.6	$4.1 \times 10^{-5}$	1986	$9.9 \times 10^{-5}$	2586	$1.3 \times 10^{-4}$

Results assume 70% b-tagging efficiency, 0.1 (0.01) fake rates for c (light) jets

Plots for  $E_e=60$  GeV (very similar for 120,150 GeV)



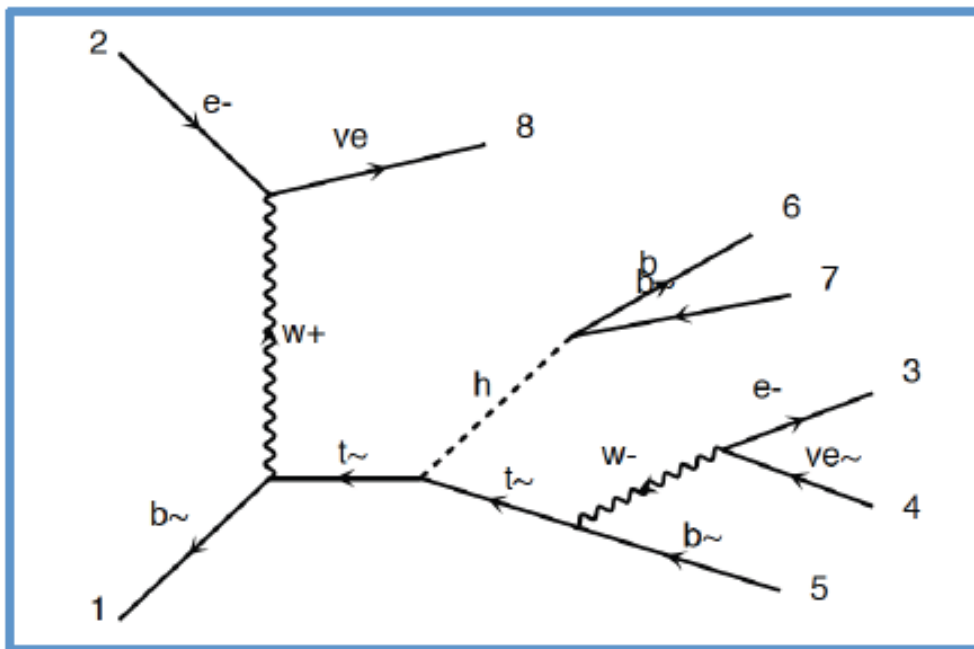
Despite large beam energy imbalance, b-jets are relatively central

Scattered quark is more forward in signal  $\rightarrow$  good discriminant!



# Httbar

- ▶ Can also explore Httbar: 3bjets + W in final state!
  - ▶ Total cross section: 0.7 fb
  - ▶ Fiducial cross section: 0.2 fb, considering:
    - ▶  $p_T(b), p_T(j) > 20$  GeV
    - ▶  $DR(j,b) > 0.4$
    - ▶  $\text{Eta}_{\text{jet}} < 5$
    - ▶  $\text{Eta}_{\text{bjet}} < 3$



# NP in inclusive DIS at high $Q^2$

- ▶ At these small scales new phenomena not directly detectable may become observable as deviations from the SM predictions.
- ▶ A convenient tool: **effective four-fermion contact interaction**

$$\text{4-fermion interaction} \Rightarrow M_{\epsilon q \rightarrow \epsilon q} \sim \Lambda^{-2}$$



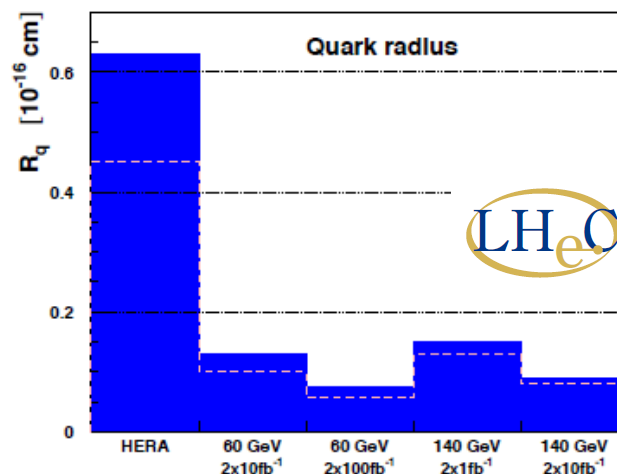
$\Lambda$  : Compositeness scale

Observed as modification of the  $Q^2$  dependence  $\rightarrow$  all information in  $d\sigma/dQ^2$   
Also parametrized as form factors

- ▶ **Radius** for composite fermions:
  - ▶ Proportional to scale

$$f(Q^2) = 1 - \frac{1}{6} \langle r^2 \rangle Q^2,$$

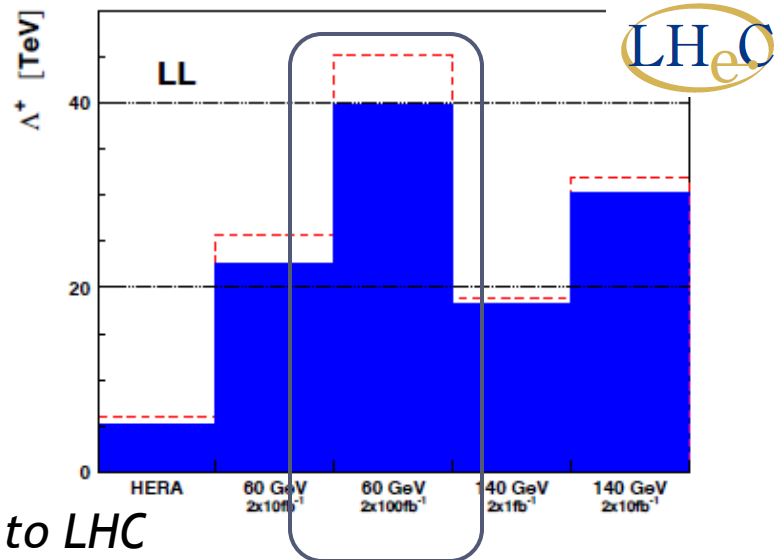
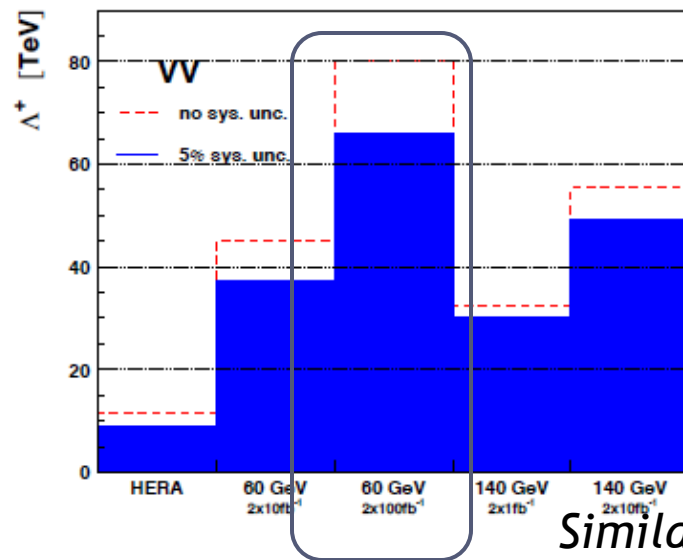
$$\frac{d\sigma}{dQ^2} = \frac{d\sigma^{SM}}{dQ^2} f_e^2(Q^2) f_q^2(Q^2)$$



- ▶ reach well below  $10^{-19}(10^{-20})$  m (LHeC/FHeC)
- ▶ **Complimentary to LHC/FCC-hh (not directly probing EWK Radius)**

# Contact interactions (eeqq)

- ▶ New currents or heavy bosons may produce indirect effect via new particle exchange interfering with  $\gamma/Z$  fields.
- ▶ Reach for  $\Lambda$  (CI eeqq): 40-65 TeV with  $100 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of data depending on the model



Similar to LHC

qqqq contact interaction:  $\chi(m)$   $L=4.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ , 7 TeV [ATLAS-CONF-2012-038] 7.8 TeV  $\Delta$

qqll CI: ee &  $\mu\mu$ ,  $m_{ll}$   $L=4.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ , 7 TeV [1211.1150] 13.9 TeV  $\Delta$  (constructive int.)

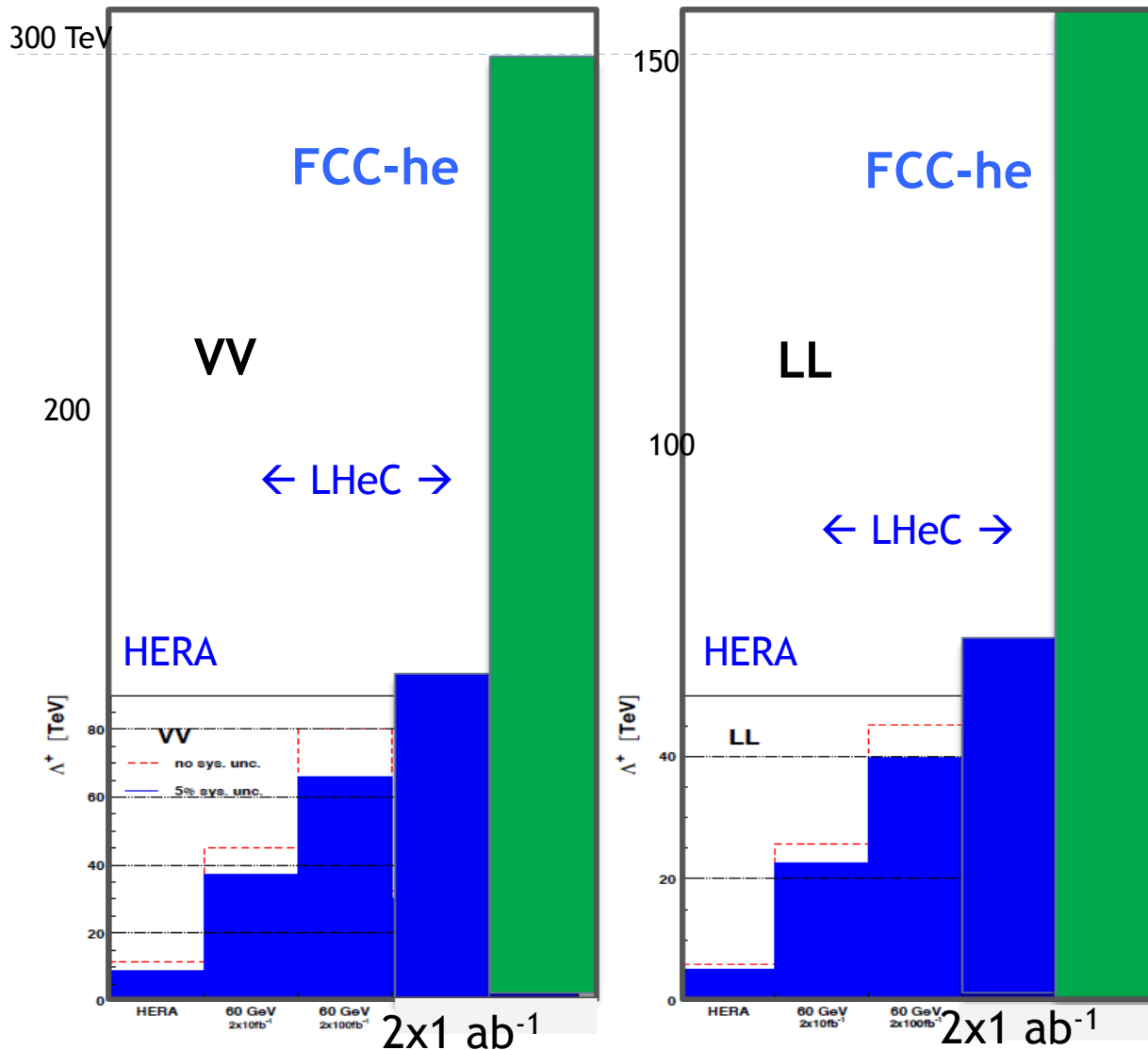
uutt CI: SS dilepton, jets +  $E_{T, \text{miss}}$   $L=1.0 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ , 7 TeV [1202.5520] 1.7 TeV  $\Delta$

ATLAS and CMS constraints on eeqq CI (expected up to 30-40 TeV at c.o.m. 14 TeV LHC)

C.I.  $\Lambda$ , X analysis,  $\Lambda^+$  LL/RR  
C.I.  $\Lambda$ , X analysis,  $\Lambda^-$  LL/RR  
C.I.,  $\mu\mu$ , destructive LLIM  
C.I.,  $\mu\mu$ , constructive LLIM  
C.I., single e (HnCM)  
C.I., single  $\mu$  (HnCM)  
C.I., incl. jet, destructive  
C.I., incl. jet, constructive



# Reach for CI (eeqq) at FCC-he

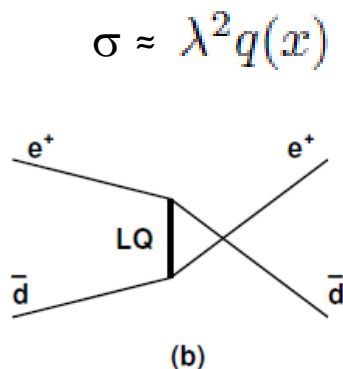
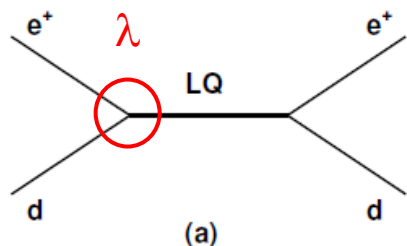


- ▶ Very preliminary scaling
- ▶ Reach about O(100) TeV, expected to be competitive with FHC

# Lepto-Quark

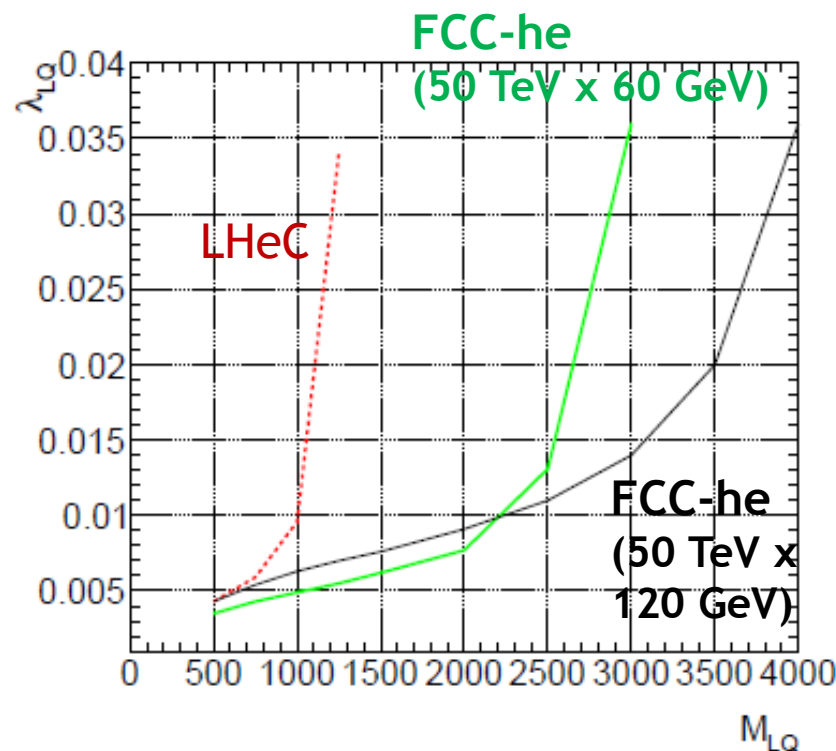
- ▶ High  $Q^2$  e-p collider competitive with p-p collider for NP models where initial state lepton is an advantage
  - ▶ By providing both B and L in the initial state, ideal to study the properties of new particles with couplings to an e-q pair
  - ▶ Probe single particle prod.

## First gen. LQ



$$\sigma \approx \lambda^2 q(x)$$

- ▶ **Can probe up to 4 TeV LQ at FCC-he**
- ▶ If LQ are observed in p-p → in e-p can measure fermion number (red) and flavor structure (blue)



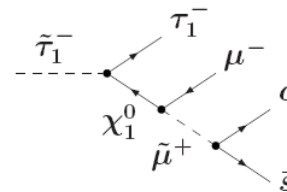
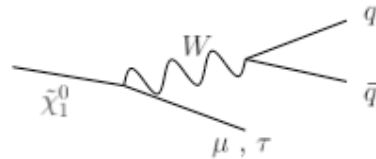
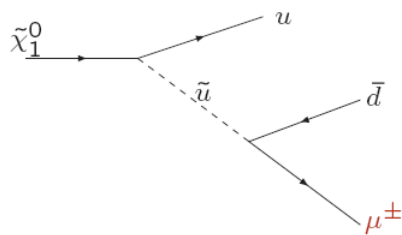
Preliminary studies in progress (G.Azuelos)  
Assume 20 fb<sup>-1</sup> for FCC)

# R-parity violating SUSY

## ► Several final states to explore:

- LSP no longer stable
- > 700 possibilities + bilinear couplings! Examples:

$$\left( \begin{array}{c} \text{pair production: } \tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g}\tilde{g} \\ \text{resonant } \tilde{\ell} \text{ production} \end{array} \right) \otimes \left( \begin{array}{c} \text{LSP} \\ \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \\ \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \\ \tilde{\nu}_L \\ \tilde{\ell}_{L,R}^\pm \\ \tilde{\tau}_1^\pm \\ \tilde{q}_{L,R} \\ \tilde{t}_1 \\ \tilde{g} \end{array} \right) \otimes \left( \begin{array}{c} \text{Operator} \\ L_1 L_2 \bar{E}_1 \\ \vdots \\ L_2 L_3 \bar{E}_3 \\ L_e Q_1 \bar{D}_1 \\ \vdots \\ L_\mu Q_1 \bar{D}_1 \\ \vdots \\ L_\tau Q_3 \bar{D}_3 \\ \bar{U}_i \bar{D}_j \bar{D}_k \end{array} \right)$$



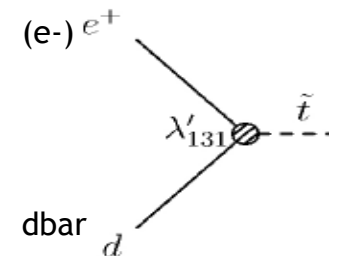
**Relevant for e-p:** squark production (e.g. stop):  $\rightarrow \lambda'_{131}$  couplings relevant in e-p production, several can be explored for decays

Example for LHeC: [1107.4461.pdf](https://arxiv.org/abs/1107.4461)

Assume decay via  $\mu+b$   $\lambda'_{131} \leq 0.03, \quad \lambda'_{233} \leq 0.45$

Sensitivity for high stop mass with  $50\text{-}100 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

$M$ (GeV)	$\sigma(e^+p)$ (pb)	exclusion $\mathcal{L}(e^+p)$ ( $\text{pb}^{-1}$ )	$\sigma(e^-p)$ (pb)	exclusion $\mathcal{L}(e^-p)$ ( $\text{pb}^{-1}$ )
600	0.14	50.03	$2.73 \times 10^{-2}$	330.43
700	$6.94 \times 10^{-2}$	109.36	$8.52 \times 10^{-3}$	$1.69 \times 10^3$
800	$3.10 \times 10^{-2}$	282.27	$2.22 \times 10^{-3}$	$1.61 \times 10^4$



Many more decay modes (RPV or RPC) hard at LHC/FCChh can be explored (sbottom investigated as well)

# Electroweak Physics in ep [ $\sin^2\theta_w$ ]

## ► EWK precision measurements relevant for NP

### Present situation

*See also C. Schwanenberger's talk*

- $\sin^2 \hat{\theta}_w(m_Z) = 0.23070 \pm 0.00026$  from  $A_{LR}$ , SLD
- $\sin^2 \hat{\theta}_w(m_Z) = 0.23193 \pm 0.00029$  from  $A_{FB}^{b\bar{b}}$ , LEP1  
→  $3\sigma$  difference !
- $\sin^2 \hat{\theta}_w(m_Z) = 0.23125 \pm 0.00016$  world average
- $\sin^2 \hat{\theta}_w(m_Z) = 0.23104 \pm 0.00015$  from  $\alpha$ ,  $G_\mu$ ,  $m_Z$  and  $m_W$

Very different implications for new physics:

look at  $S$ ,  $T$ ,  $U$  parameters, e.g.,

- from  $A_{LR}$  →  $S = -0.18 \pm 0.15$  → Susy?
- from  $A_{FB}^{b\bar{b}}$  →  $S = +0.46 \pm 0.17$  → heavy Higgs? KK at 1 - 2 TeV?
- from average →  $S = +0.11 \pm 0.11$  → new heavy doublets? KK above 3 TeV?



# Electroweak Physics in ep (II)

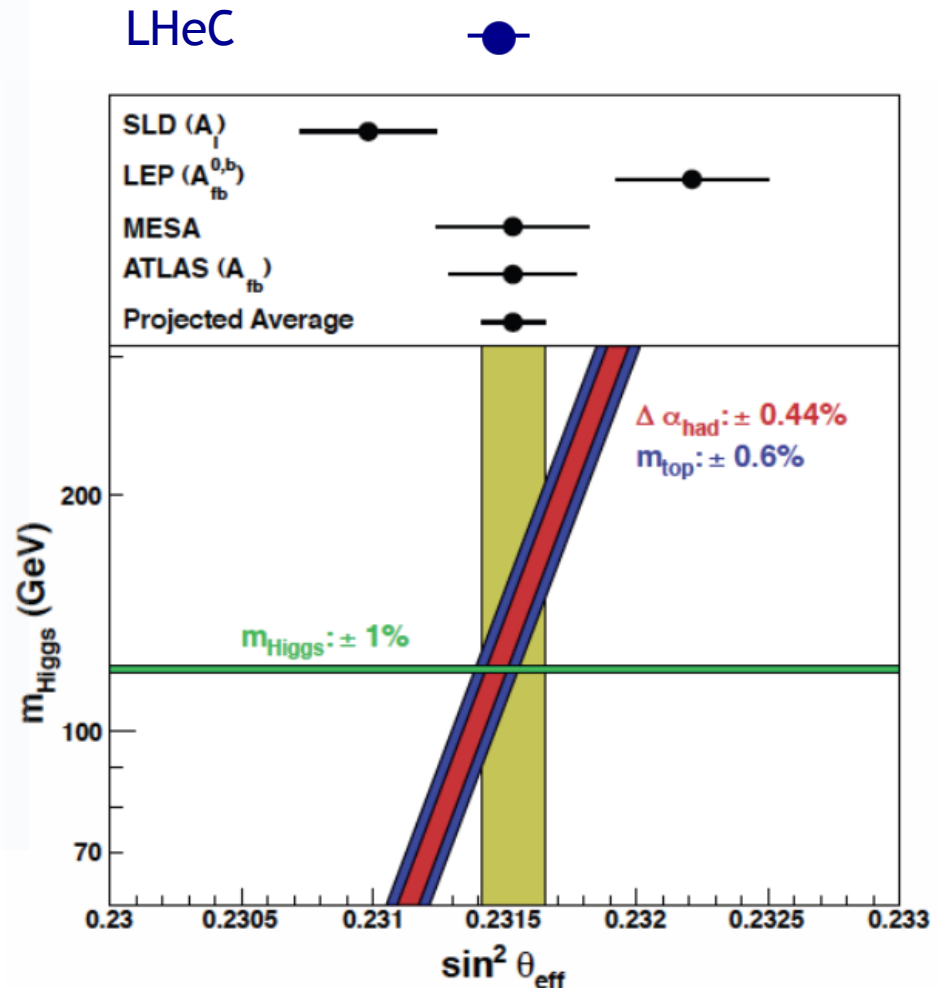
Polarisation Asymmetry  $A^-(Q)$

NC-to-CC Ratio  $R^-$  for  $P=\pm 0.8$

Measure weak mixing angle  
redundantly with very  
high precision of about 0.0001  
as a function of the scale.

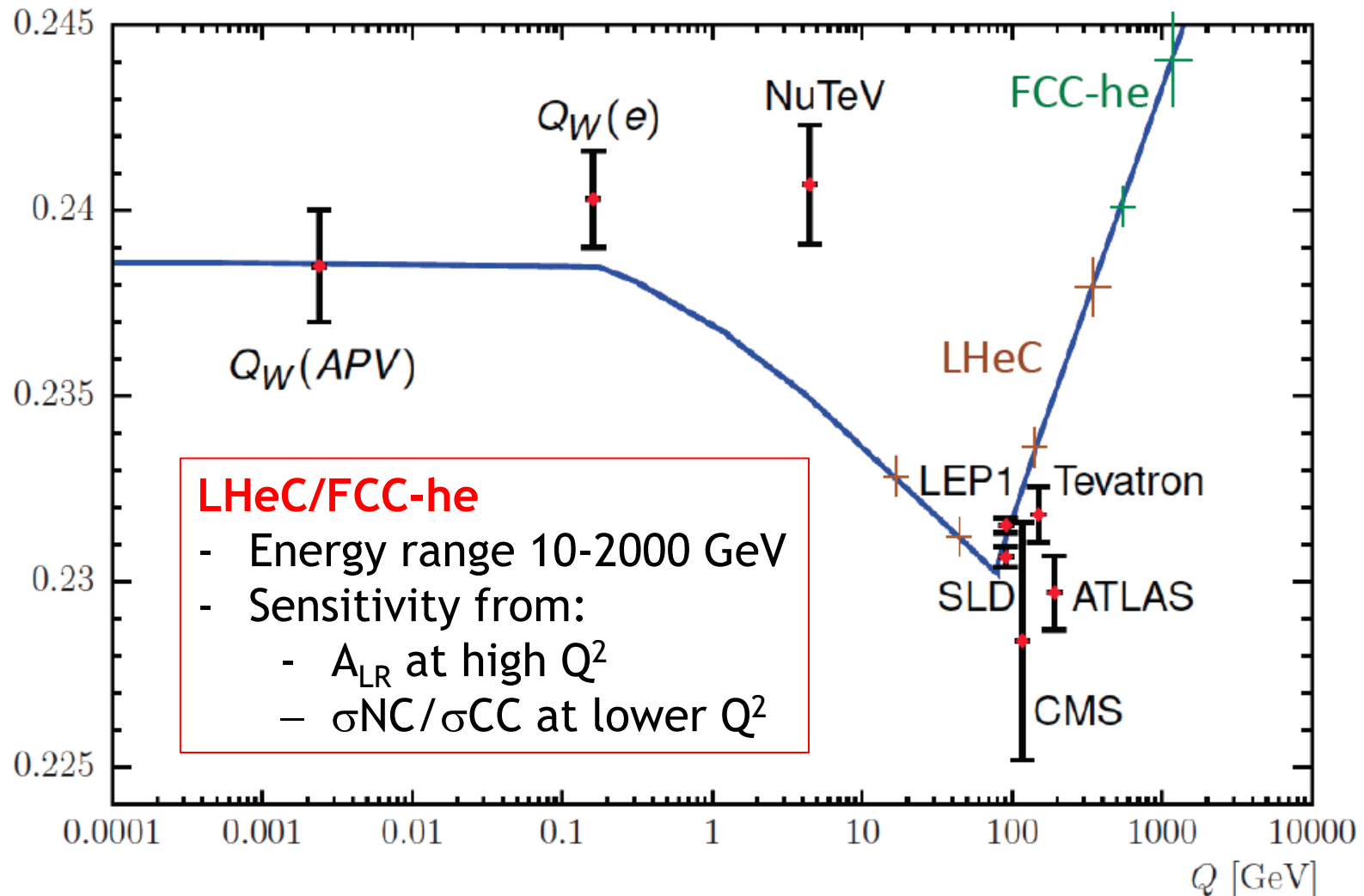
1%  $\delta M_{\text{top}}$  is about  $\delta = 0.0001$

PDF uncertainty comes in at  
second order and ep provides  
very precise PDFs



# Scale dependence of $\sin^2\theta_W$

## ► Preliminary sketch



# Summary

- LHeC design matured over past 6 years; CDR published in 2012 and more publications followed up
- Great physics potential, complementary to HL-LHC
  - Very exciting possibilities for Higgs measurements, competitive with pp !
- LHeC compatible with long-term strategy (FCC)
  - FCC-he : 60...175 GeV  $E_e$  x 50 TeV
  - Rich physics program under development (in parallel with consolidation studies for LHeC)
    - E.g. double higgs production

**→ The FCC-he is a great opportunity for precision DIS, BMS and Higgs genuinely complementary also to FCC-hh and FCC-ee**

# Back-up

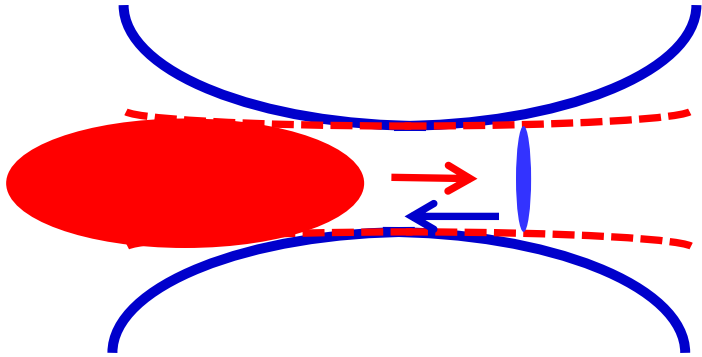
# LHeC Higgs factory (LHeC-HF) parameters

parameter [unit]		
species	$e^-$	$p$
beam energy (/nucleon) [GeV]	60	7000
bunch spacing [ns]	25	25
bunch intensity (nucleon) [ $10^{10}$ ]	0.1 $\rightarrow$ 0.4	17 $\rightarrow$ 22
beam current [mA]	6.4 $\rightarrow$ 25.6	860 $\rightarrow$ 1110
normalized rms emittance [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]	50 $\rightarrow$ 20	3.75 $\rightarrow$ 2.5
geometric rms emittance [nm]	0.43 $\rightarrow$ 0.17	0.50 $\rightarrow$ 0.34
IP beta function $\beta_{x,y}^*$ [m]	0.12 $\rightarrow$ 0.10	0.10 $\rightarrow$ 0.05
IP rms spot size [ $\mu\text{m}$ ]	7.2 $\rightarrow$ 4.1	7.2 $\rightarrow$ 4.1
lepton $D$ & hadron $\xi$	6 $\rightarrow$ 23	0.0001 $\rightarrow$ 0.0004
hourglass reduction factor $H_{hg}$	0.91 $\rightarrow$ 0.70	
pinch enhancement factor $H_D$	1.35	
luminosity / nucleon [ $10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$ ]	1.3 $\rightarrow$ 16	

# Electron possibilities

## ring-ring

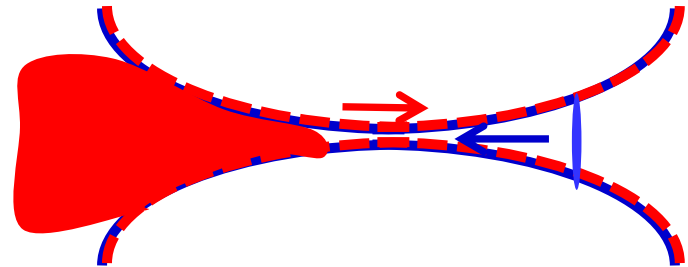
$$\varepsilon_e \gg \varepsilon_p, \beta_e^* \ll \beta_p^*$$



**minimum**  $e^-$  beta function  
and **beam sizes**  
**limited by hourglass effect**;  
**small crossing angle acceptable**;  
**little disruption**

## ring-linac

$$\varepsilon_e \approx \varepsilon_p, \beta_e^* \approx \beta_p^*$$



**much smaller**  $e^-$  emittance  
**smaller** beta function  
and **beam sizes** possible;  
**head-on collision required**;  
**significant disruption**

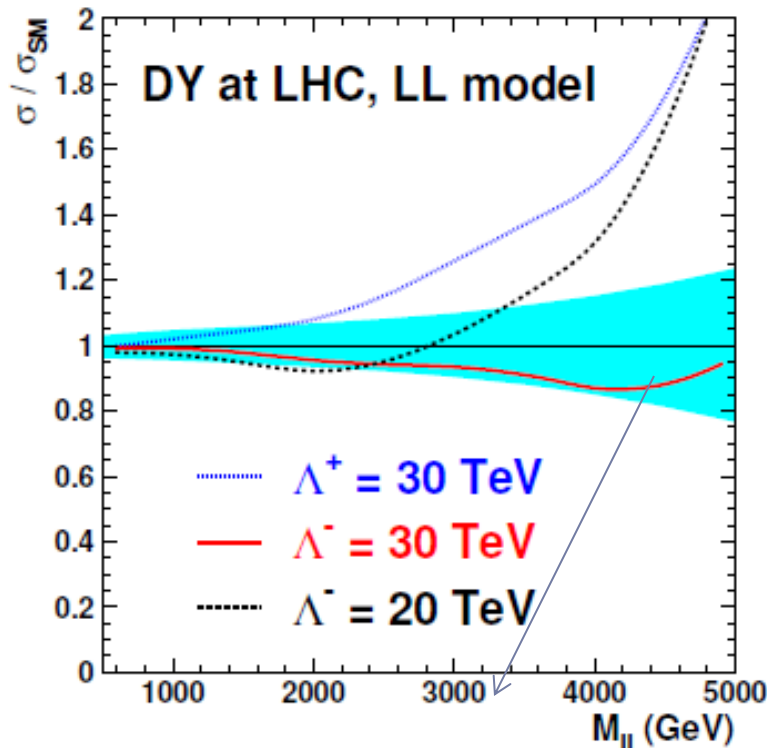
hourglass reduction factor

$$H_{hg} = \frac{\sqrt{\pi} z e^{z^2} \text{erfc}(z)}{S} ; z \equiv 2 \frac{(\beta_e^*/\sigma_{z;p})(\varepsilon_e/\varepsilon_p)}{\sqrt{1 + (\varepsilon_e/\varepsilon_p)^2}} S ; S \equiv \sqrt{1 + \frac{\sigma_{z,p}^2 \theta_c^2}{8\sigma^{*2}}}$$

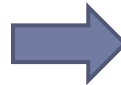
# CI at LHC and LHeC

## ► LHC: Variation of DY cross section for CI model

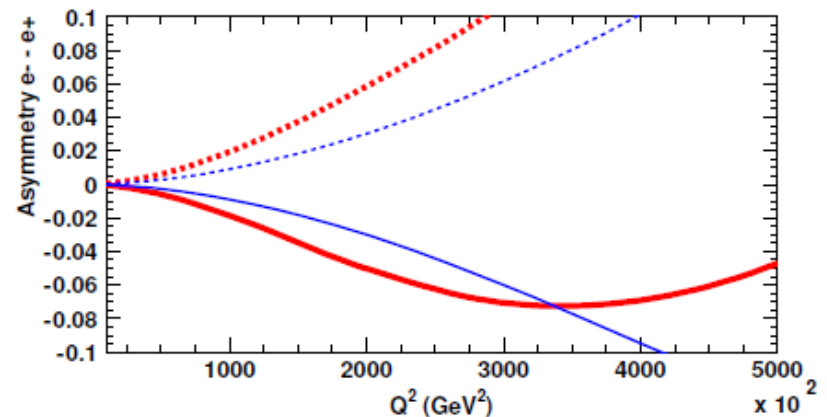
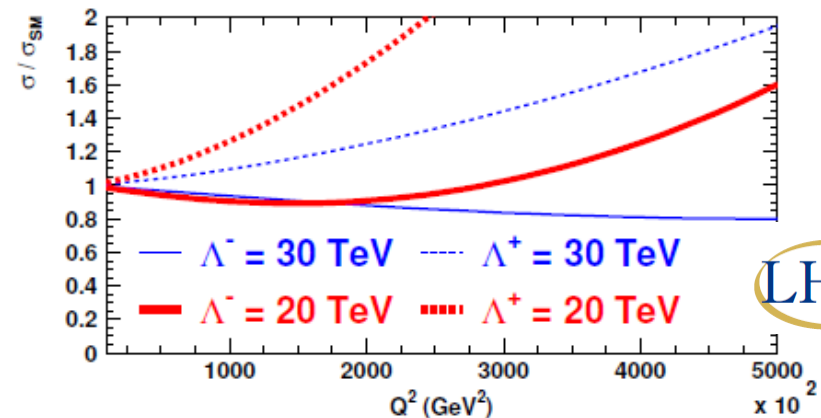
- Cannot determine simultaneously  $\Lambda$  and sign of interference of the new amplitudes wrt SM ( $\varepsilon$ )



*Ex: negative interference too small to be disentagled*



**LHeC: sign  $\varepsilon$  from asymmetry of  $\sigma / \sigma_{sm}$  in e+p and e-p data**

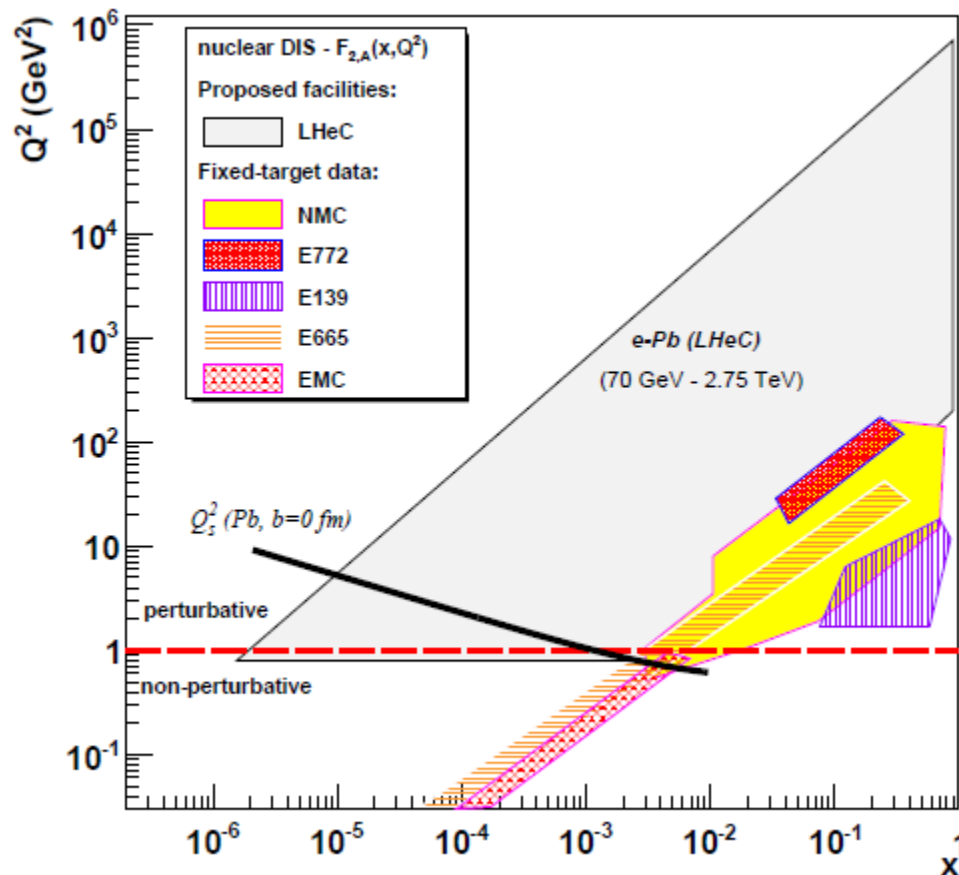




# LHeC as electron-Ion Collider

- ▶ **Four orders of magnitude increase** in kinematic range over previous DIS experiments

→ will change QCD view of the structure of nuclear matter



Study interactions of densely packed but weakly decoupled partons

Precision QCD study of parton dynamics in nuclei

May lead to genuine surprises:

- no saturation of  $xg(x, Q^2)$ ,
- broken isospin invariance
- ...

- ▶ Power consumption < 100 MW,  $E(\text{ele})=60 \text{ GeV}$  (design constraints)
- ▶ Two 10 GeV Linacs; 3 returns, 20 MV/m
- ▶ Energy recovery in same structures
- ▶ 60 GeV e-'s collide w. LHC protons/ions

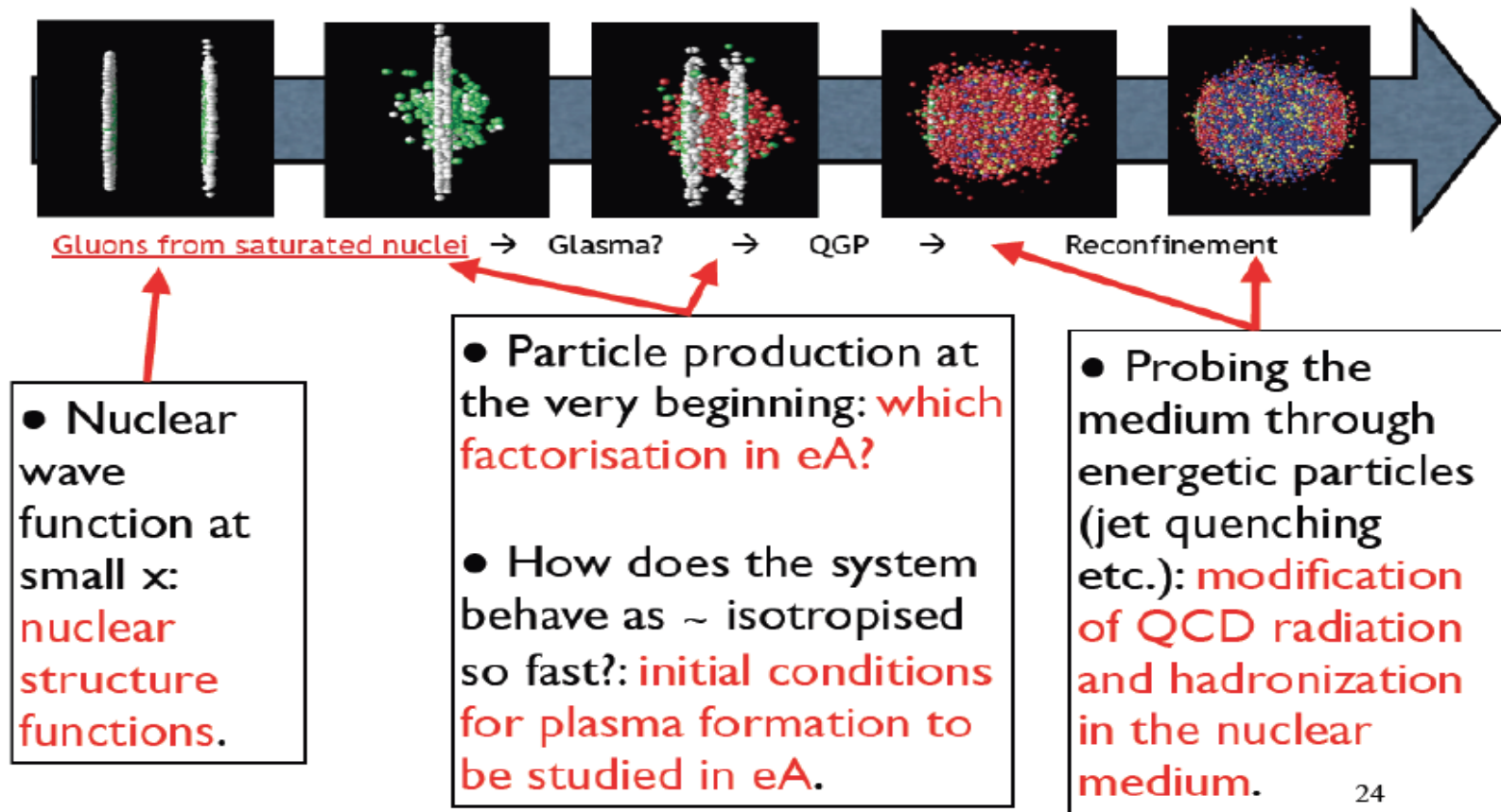
Test Facility

- Development of Superconducting RF technology at CERN (Approved November 2013)
- Operation and experience with S.C. energy recovery linac
- Quench tests of magnets
- Possible  $e/\gamma$  experiments



# e-Ion physics

- ▶ Rich program, e.g. for Nuclear Parton density determination
  - ▶ More in B.Cole talk on tomorrow



# Key parameters of the FCC-he

collider parameters	$e^\pm$ scenarios			protons
species	$e^\pm$	$e^\pm$	$e^\pm$	$p$
beam energy [GeV]	60	120	250	50000
bunch spacing [ $\mu$ s]	0.125	2	33	0.125 to 33
bunch intensity [ $10^{11}$ ]	3.8	3.7	3.3	3.0
beam current [mA]	477	29.8	1.6	384 (max)
rms bunch length [cm]	0.25	0.21	0.18	2
rms emittance [nm]	6.0, 3.0	7.5, 3.75	4, 2	0.06, 0.03
$\beta_{x,y}^*$ [mm]	5.0, 2.5	4.0, 2.0	9.3, 4.5	500, 250
$\sigma_{x,y}^*$ [ $\mu$ m]	5.5, 2.7			
beam-b. parameter $\xi$	0.13	0.050	0.056	0.017
hourglass reduction	0.42	0.36	0.68	
CM energy [TeV]	3.5	4.9	7.1	
luminosity [ $10^{34}\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ ]	21	1.2	0.07	

# R-parity violating SUSY

Squarks in RPV models could be an example of ‘Leptoquarks’

- R-parity =  $(-1)^{3(B-L)+2s}$  (R = 1 for SM particles, -1 for MSSM partners)

*If not conserved (RPV) → different terms, couplings constraint by proton decay*

L-number violating terms

$$W_{Rp} = \lambda_{ijk} \hat{L}_i \hat{L}_j \hat{E}_k^C + \lambda'_{ijk} \hat{L}_i \hat{Q}_j \hat{D}_k^C + \underbrace{\epsilon_i \hat{L}_i \hat{H}_u}_{\text{bilinear terms}} + \underbrace{\lambda''_{ijk} \hat{U}_i^C \hat{D}_j^C \hat{D}_k^C}_{\text{B-number violating terms}}$$

bilinear terms

B-number violating terms

$\Delta L = 1$ , 9  $\lambda$  couplings, 27  $\lambda'$  couplings

Plethora of new couplings, only partial constraints (m/100 GeV)

	$\lambda_{ijk} L_i L_j \bar{E}_k$	$\lambda'_{1jk} L_1 Q_j \bar{D}_k$	$\lambda'_{2jk} L_2 Q_j \bar{D}_k$	$\lambda'_{3jk} L_3 Q_j \bar{D}_k$
weakest	0.07	0.28	0.56	0.52
strongest	0.05	$5 \cdot 10^{-4}$	0.06	0.11

Various strong constraints from LHC on Lambda and Lambda'' (from multilepton and multijet searches)